

Data Reports on Elite Studies of the Chair of Public Management at the University of Kassel

Volume 25

## The Political-Administrative Elite of the FRG from 1949 to 2017

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The data collection was carried out within the framework of the research project “New Elites – Established Personnel? (Dis-)Continuities of German Ministries in System Transformations”. The research project was funded by the Federal Commissioner for Culture and the Media.

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# List of Abbreviations/Translations

CDU.....	Christian Democratic Union
CIA .....	Central Intelligence Agency
CSU .....	Christian Social Union
CV.....	Curriculum Vitae
FDP.....	Free Democratic Party
FRG .....	Federal Republic of Germany
GDR.....	German Democratic Republic
LP .....	Legislative Period
MA .....	Main Area
MC .....	Mixed Career
NS .....	National Socialism
NSDAP.....	National Socialist German Workers' Party
OSC .....	One-Sector Career
SED.....	Socialist Union Party of Germany
SPD.....	Social Democratic Party of Germany

# 1 Introduction

This data report is part of the research project "New Elites – Established Personnel? (Dis-)Continuities of German Ministries in System Transformations" at the Chair of Public Management at the University of Kassel. An introduction provides background information on the research project, the data set and the survey period of this data report.

## 1.1 Information on the Research Project

The research project "New Elites - Established Personnel? (Dis-)Continuities of German Ministries in System Transformations" was funded by the Federal Commissioner for Culture and the Media from 2017 to 2021 as part of the "Research Program for Investigating the National Socialist Past of Central German Authorities" and was carried out at the Chair of Public Management at the University of Kassel under the direction of Sylvia Veit.

The project uses the prosopographical approach to analyzing specified groups of individuals. With this method, a specific group of people – here the leading politicians and civil servants in ministries at the central government level in Germany in the 20<sup>th</sup> century – is systematically recorded on the basis of various sources.<sup>1</sup> The project focuses on questions of representativeness, on the educational and career paths of the elite members, on their political activity and on their relation to the respective political system.

The data presented here was collected in archives and on the basis of other publicly available sources. The project contributes to research on the role of public administration in system transformations by analyzing developments in the characteristics of key individuals in ministries over time and in cross-section. Furthermore, the project sees itself as a contribution to historical science scholarship on investigating the National Socialist past of German federal ministries and the federal chancellery.

## 1.2 Data and Methodology

The project is based on the positional approach to define the study population. According to this approach, members of the political-administrative elite are defined as those persons who held a formal leadership position within the hierarchical structure of the ministries at certain points in time.

In order to provide as accurate a picture as possible of the characteristics of the political-administrative elite prior to the founding of the two German states in 1949, six survey dates were defined for the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, marking different phases in the development of the political systems

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<sup>1</sup> We thank Anika Manschwetus and Nora Schierenbeck for their support in the archival work, research and coding. We thank Rima Schmauch for her support in the final editing.

in question: Accordingly, the survey population includes all persons who occupied a ministerial leadership position on September 1, 1913 (German Empire), 1920 or 1927 (Weimar Republic), 1934, 1939 or 1944 (National Socialist Regime).

For the time period from 1949 to 2017, a full survey was conducted for the FRG. This means that all holders of political and administrative leadership positions at the top three hierarchical levels in federal ministries in the FRG were included in the data set. For the GDR, it was not possible to collect data on the heads of department (level 3 civil servants) as part of the research project, due to significantly more difficult access to the data. The composition of the study population can be seen in the following table.

		German Empire	Weimar Republic	Nazi Germany	FRG	GDR
<b>Politicians</b>	Level 1	Emperor	President of the Reich	“Führer”	Federal President	President of the GDR or State Council Chairman
	Level 2	Chancellor of the Reich	Chancellor of the Reich, Minister	Chancellor of the Reich, Minister	Federal Chancellor, Minister	Deputy State Council Chairman, Prime Minister or Chairman of the Ministerial Council, Minister, Independent State Secretary
	Level 3			Head of Special Authorities	State Secretary, Parliamentary State Secretary	State Secretary, Deputy Minister, Deputy of the Independent State Secretary
<b>Civil Servants</b>	Level 1	State Secretary	State Secretary	State Secretary	State Secretary	State Secretary
	Level 2	Under State Secretary	Under State Secretary	Under State Secretary	Deputy State Secretary, Inspector General of the German Armed Forces, Deputy Government Spokesperson	Deputy State Secretary
	Level 3	Head of Department	Head of Department	Head of Department	Head of Department	

Note: In the GDR, different types of state secretary positions existed: Independent state secretaries who headed an independent state secretariat were a functional equivalent to ministers. Accordingly, their deputies were equivalent to the deputy ministers and state secretaries of the ministries. As of November 1989, the positions of state secretaries in ministries were included in the administrative area. Deputy state secretaries in ministries have consistently held an administrative position.

For each individual belonging to the study population, the complete curriculum vitae (CV), consisting of sociodemographic characteristics, education-related variables, career steps, system-related references and political activities, was analyzed. The career steps were subdivided into pre-positions, elite positions and post-positions. Pre-positions are all professional positions held by an individual before the first elite entry (i.e. the first entry into a Level 1-

3 position as civil servant or politician, see table above). Elite positions are defined as all professional positions held by a person between elite entry and elite exit (i.e. the last Level 1-3 position as a civil servant or politician in the career path). Post-elite positions are all professional positions held by an individual after elite exit.

The information from the individuals' CVs was numerically translated into the data set. In the case of differences due to time and political system, for example, in the designation of a position or an educational qualification, functional equivalents were identified. This allowed for uniform coding and comparability of the CVs.

Sources included personnel and cadre files in the Federal Archives, as well as files of the National Socialist German Workers' Party (*NSDAP*), the Socialist Union Party of Germany (*SED*) and their respective affiliated associations, publicly available CVs (for example *Lebendiges Museum* online, *Munzinger* online, private websites, „Wer war wer in der DDR?“ (“Who was who in the GDR?”, etc.), newspaper archives (for example *Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung*, *Neues Deutschland*, *Spiegel*, *Süddeutsche Zeitung* etc.), and the handbooks of the German government, the handbooks for the German Reich and the Directories of East German Officials published by the CIA. The information on a person was validated by comparing the different sources. In cases where the information from the various sources did not coincide, a hierarchy of sources was established. In cases of doubt, priority was given to the information from the files of the Federal Archives. Nevertheless, it cannot be entirely ruled out that some sources contained incomplete or incorrect information on individual cases.

The tables and figures presented in the different data reports summarize the results of the descriptive analyses of the collected data and illustrate the frequency distributions of selected variables. In all data reports (for an overview, see paragraph 12), the presentation of the results is divided into the sections social structure, education, career, political activity and, if applicable, references to political systems.

### 1.3 Information on this Data Report

The present time series contains frequency analyses of selected variables described for the survey period from August 14, 1949, to September 24, 2017. To illustrate the development over time, the time series is divided into eighteen sections based on the legislative periods (*LP*) of the German Parliament (*Bundestag*). The following table illustrates how many individuals belonged to the FRG's political-administrative elite within a given LP.<sup>2</sup> Politicians are the federal chancellor as well as all federal ministers and parliamentary state secretaries, civil servants are all state secretaries and heads of department in federal ministries and in the federal chancellery as well as the Inspector General of the German Armed Forces.

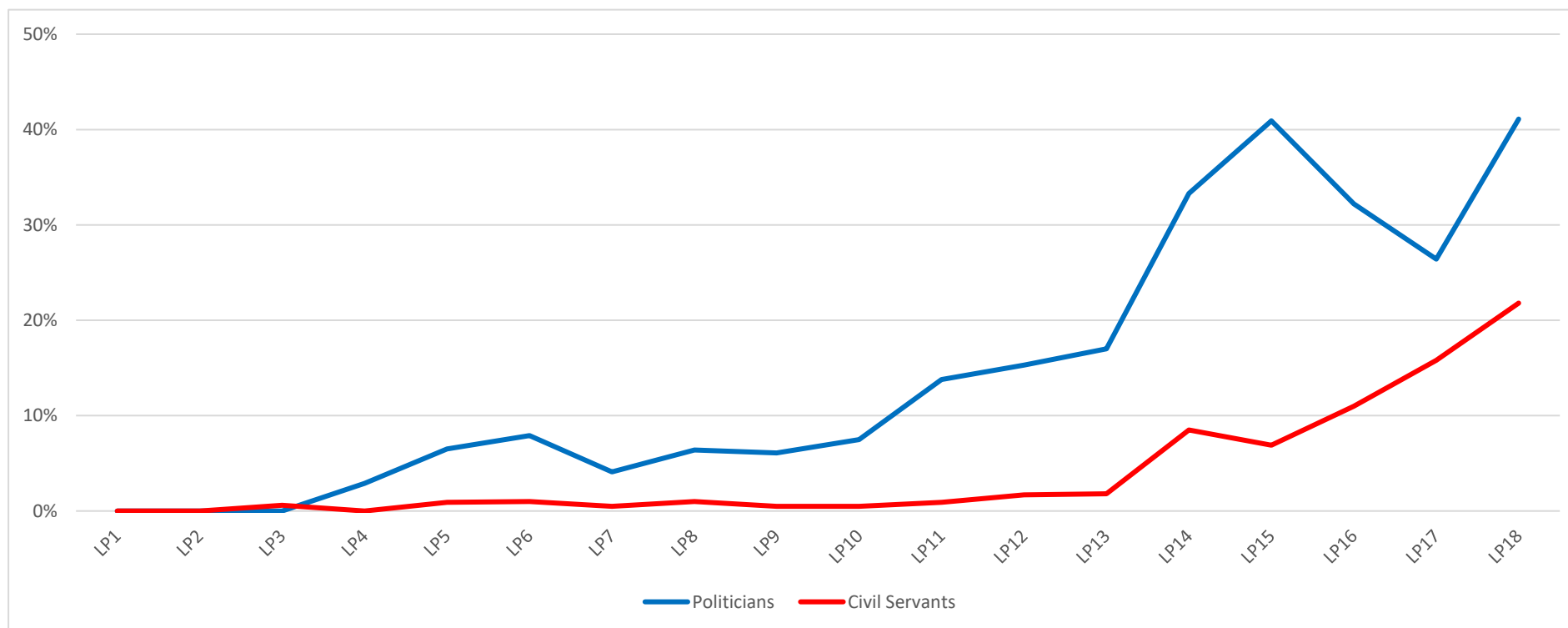
	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total</b>	148	180	194	218	271	236	264	253	299	263	289	314	272	270	233	278	274	272

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<sup>2</sup> Membership in the elite of a legislative period (LP) begins in the month of the constituent session of the Bundestag and ends one month after the constituent session of the next Bundestag. Elite members who had to vacate their position one month after the constituent session of the Bundestag do not belong to the elite of the new LP. Example: The elite of LP2 were all persons who held an office between October 1953 and November 1957. Those who left in October or November 1957 did not belong to the elite of LP3.

## 2 Social Structure

### 2.1 Percentage of Women



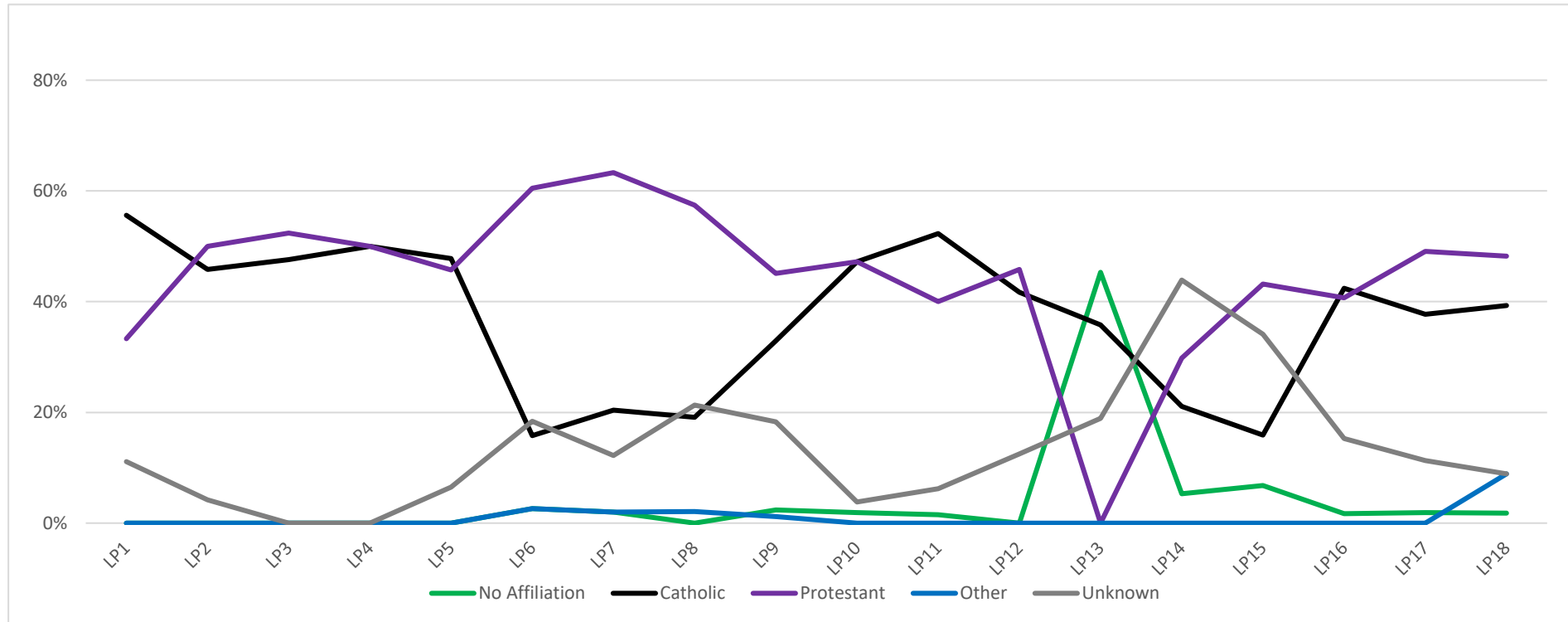
	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,9	6,5	7,9	4,1	6,4	6,1	7,5	13,8	15,3	17,0	33,3	40,9	32,2	26,4	41,1
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	0,0	0,0	0,6	0,0	0,9	1,0	0,5	1,0	0,5	0,5	0,9	1,7	1,8	8,5	6,9	11,0	15,8	21,8
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (%)</b>	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,5	1,9	2,1	1,2	2,0	2,0	1,9	3,8	4,8	4,8	13,7	13,3	15,5	17,9	25,8



## 2.2 Religion

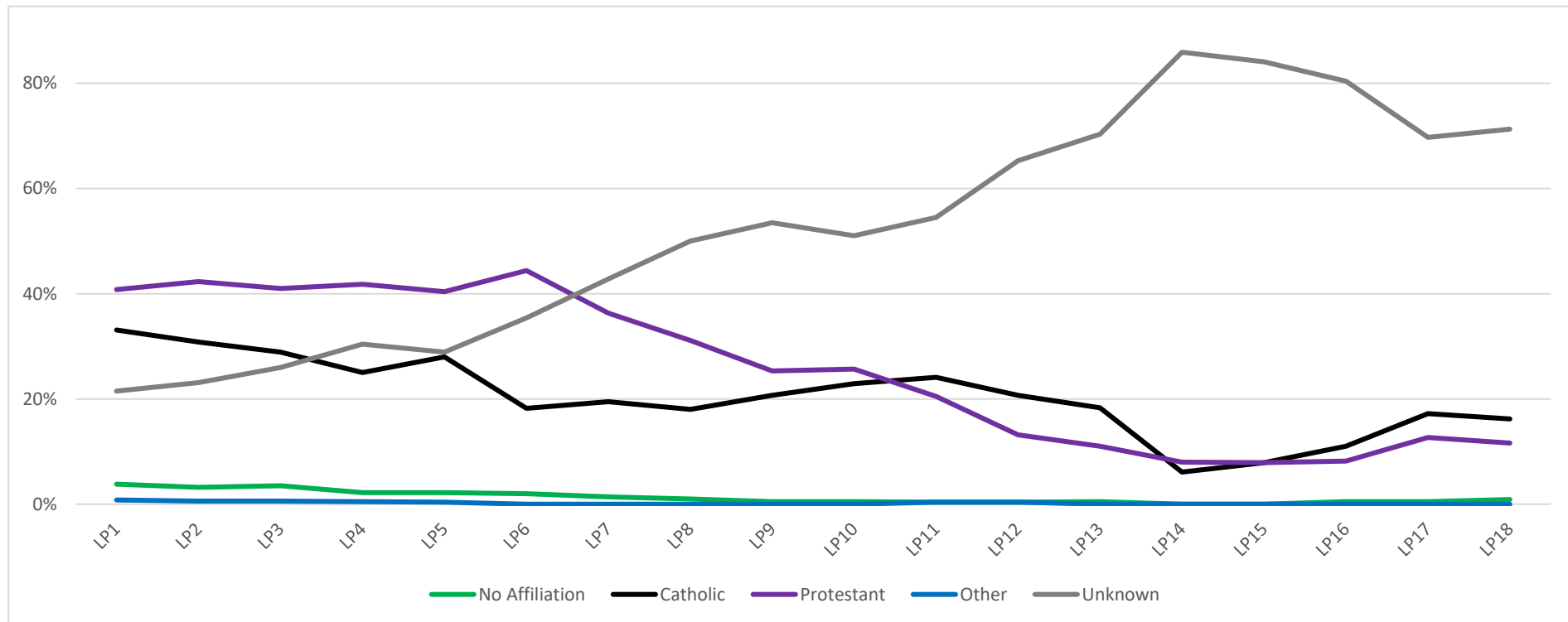
The data set records the last known religious affiliation. In the event of a change of religious affiliation, the second affiliation was recorded.

### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Affiliation</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,6	2,0	0,0	2,4	1,9	1,5	0,0	45,3	5,3	6,8	1,7	1,9	1,8
<b>Catholic</b>	55,6	45,8	47,6	50,0	47,8	15,8	20,4	19,1	32,9	47,2	52,3	41,7	35,8	21,1	15,9	42,4	37,7	39,3
<b>Protestant</b>	33,3	50,0	52,4	50,0	45,7	60,5	63,3	57,4	45,1	47,2	40,0	45,8	0,0	29,8	43,2	40,7	49,1	48,2
<b>Other</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,6	2,0	2,1	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	8,9
<b>Unknown</b>	11,1	4,2	0,0	0,0	6,5	18,4	12,2	21,3	18,3	3,8	6,2	12,5	18,9	43,9	34,1	15,3	11,3	8,9
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56

## Civil Servants

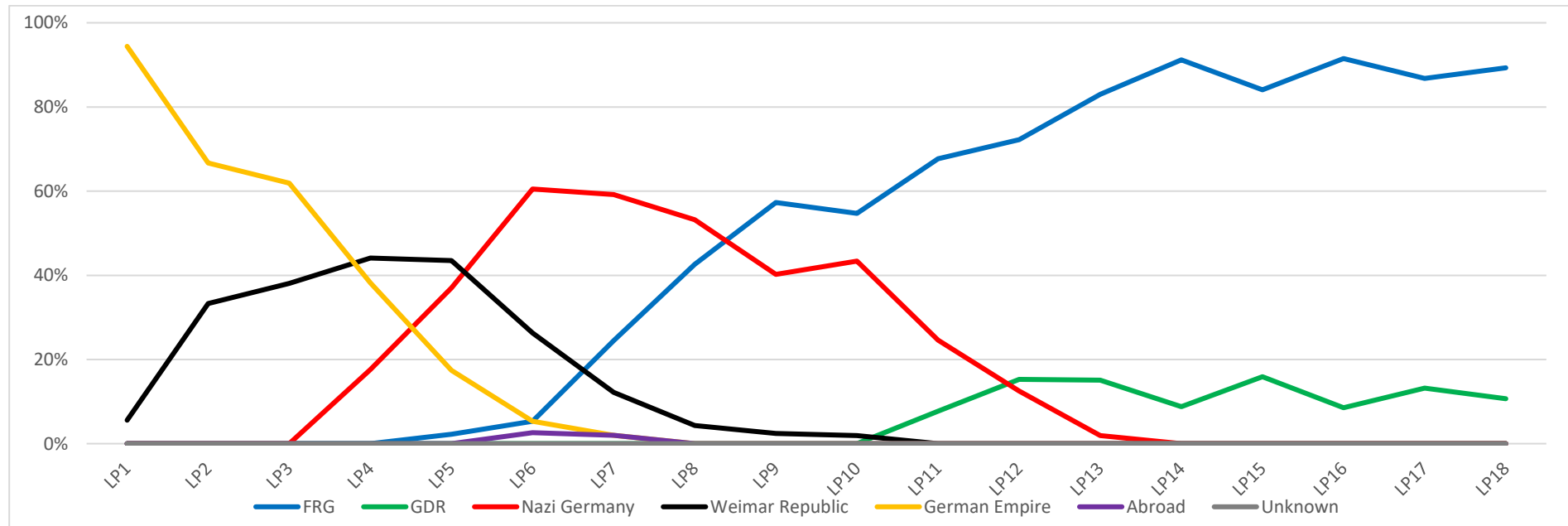


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Affiliation</b>	3,8	3,2	3,5	2,2	2,2	2,0	1,4	1,0	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,9
<b>Catholic</b>	33,1	30,8	28,9	25,0	28,0	18,2	19,5	18,0	20,7	22,9	24,1	20,7	18,3	6,1	7,9	11,0	17,2	16,2
<b>Protestant</b>	40,8	42,3	41,0	41,8	40,4	44,4	36,3	31,1	25,3	25,7	20,5	13,2	11,0	8,0	7,9	8,2	12,7	11,6
<b>Other</b>	0,8	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,4	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Unknown</b>	21,5	23,1	26,0	30,4	28,9	35,4	42,8	50,0	53,5	51,0	54,5	65,3	70,3	85,9	84,1	80,4	69,7	71,3
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

## 2.3 Socialization

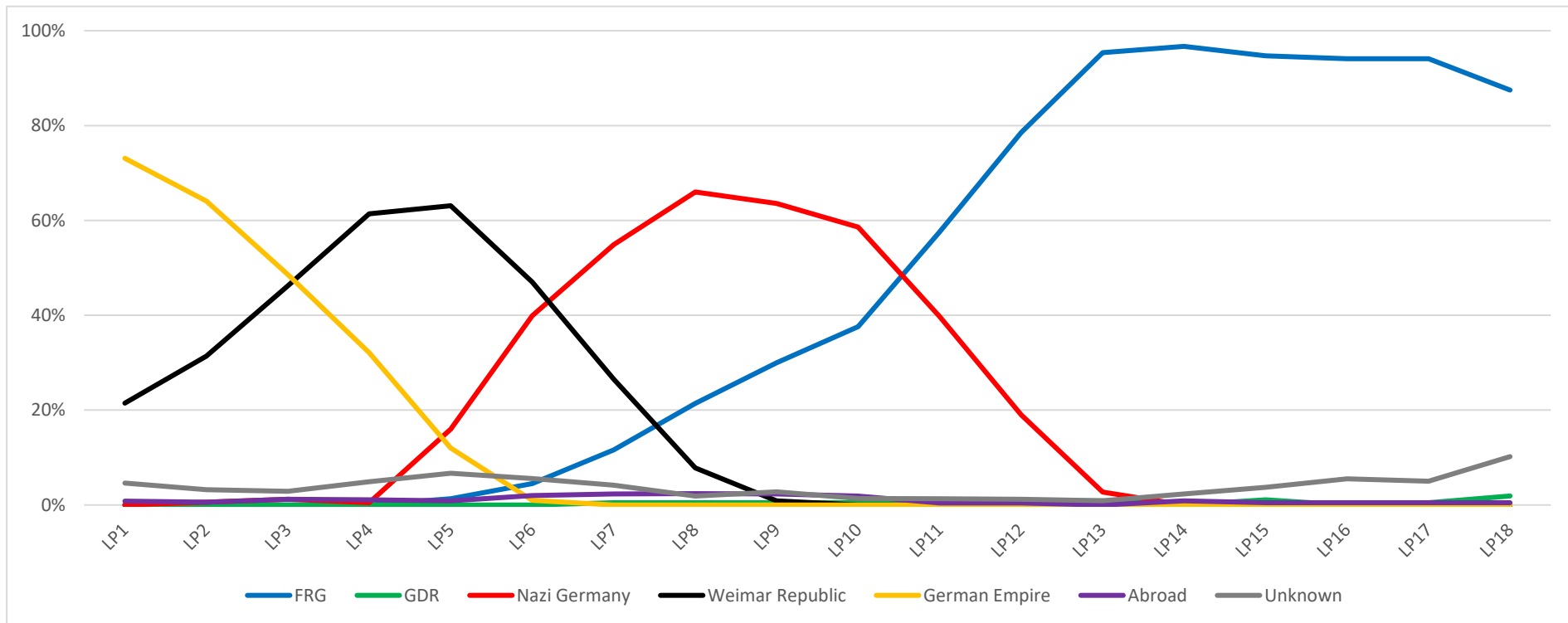
A person's socialization was tied to the political system in which the person lived for the majority of the time between the ages of 10 and 20. The data thus refers to the so-called primary socialization, which takes place in childhood and adolescence. The primary socialization has a determining influence on the formation of self-perception and the internalization of values.

### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>FRG</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,2	5,3	24,5	42,6	57,3	54,7	67,7	72,2	83,0	91,2	84,1	91,5	86,8	89,3
<b>GDR</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	7,7	15,3	15,1	8,8	15,9	8,5	13,2	10,7
<b>Nazi Germany</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	17,6	37,0	60,5	59,2	53,2	40,2	43,4	24,6	12,5	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Weimar Republic</b>	5,6	33,3	38,1	44,1	43,5	26,3	12,2	4,3	2,4	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>German Empire</b>	94,4	66,7	61,9	38,2	17,4	5,3	2,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Abroad</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,6	2,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Unknown</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56

## Civil Servants

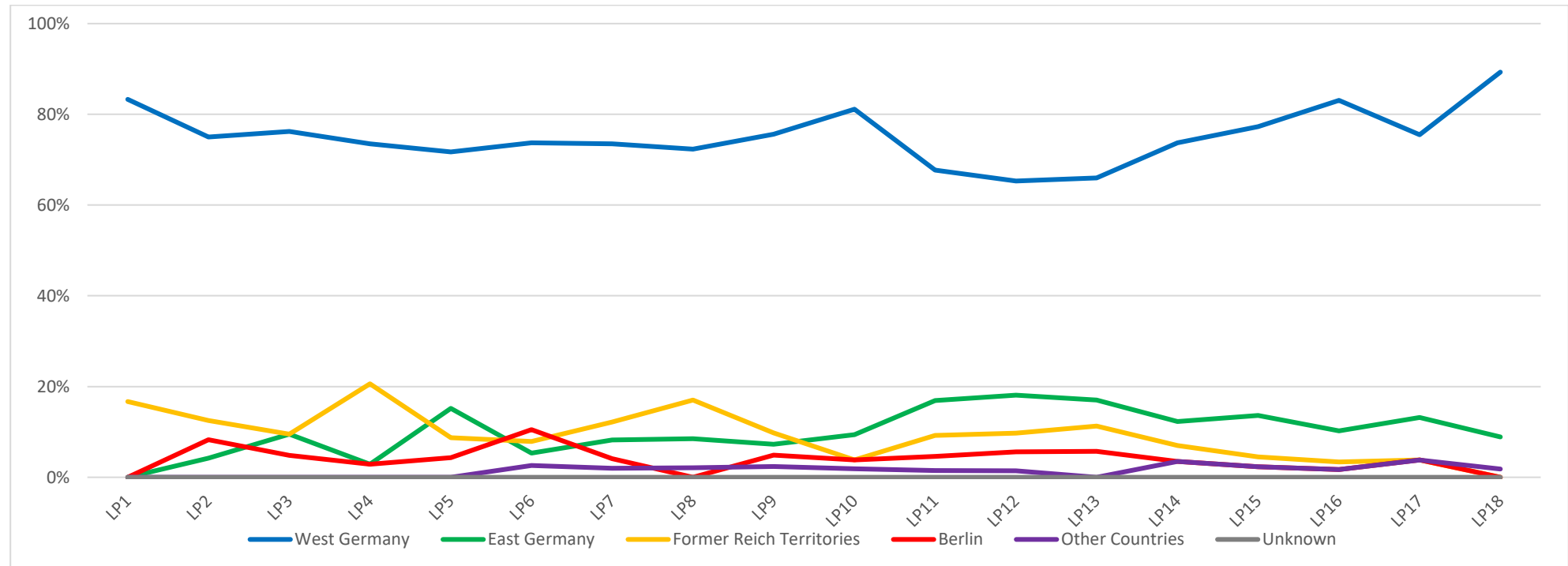


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>FRG</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,3	4,5	11,6	21,4	30,0	37,6	57,6	78,5	95,4	96,7	94,7	94,1	94,1	87,5
<b>GDR</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,9	0,8	0,9	0,0	1,1	0,0	0,5	1,9
<b>Nazi Germany</b>	0,0	0,6	1,2	0,5	16,0	39,9	54,9	66,0	63,6	58,6	39,7	19,0	2,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Weimar Republic</b>	21,5	31,4	46,2	61,4	63,1	47,0	26,5	7,8	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>German Empire</b>	73,1	64,1	48,6	32,1	12,0	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Abroad</b>	0,8	0,6	1,2	1,1	0,9	2,0	2,3	2,4	2,3	1,9	0,4	0,4	0,0	0,9	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
<b>Unknown</b>	4,6	3,2	2,9	4,9	6,7	5,6	4,2	1,9	2,8	1,4	1,3	1,2	0,9	2,3	3,7	5,5	5,0	10,2
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

## 2.4 Region of Birth

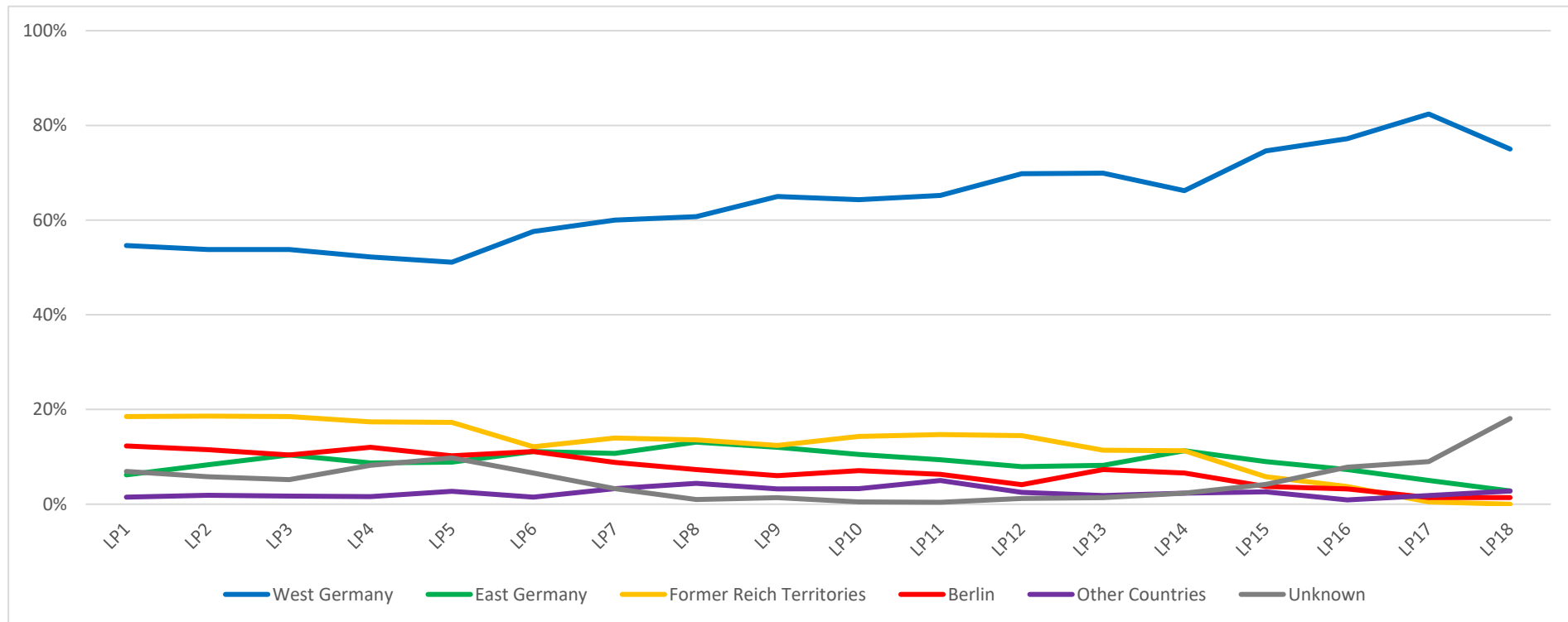
The region of birth is defined through the current federal states (as of 2021). In addition, former Reich territories were included.

### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>West Germany</b>	83,3	75,0	76,2	73,5	71,7	73,7	73,5	72,3	75,6	81,1	67,7	65,3	66,0	73,7	77,3	83,1	75,5	89,3
<b>East Germany</b>	0,0	4,2	9,5	2,9	15,2	5,3	8,2	8,5	7,3	9,4	16,9	18,1	17,0	12,3	13,6	10,2	13,2	8,9
<b>Former Reich Territories</b>	16,7	12,5	9,5	20,6	8,7	7,9	12,2	17,0	9,8	3,8	9,2	9,7	11,3	7,0	4,5	3,4	3,8	0,0
<b>Berlin</b>	0,0	8,3	4,8	2,9	4,3	10,5	4,1	0,0	4,9	3,8	4,6	5,6	5,7	3,5	2,3	1,7	3,8	0,0
<b>Other Countries</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,6	2,0	2,1	2,4	1,9	1,5	1,4	0,0	3,5	2,3	1,7	3,8	1,8
<b>Unknown</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56

## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>West Germany</b>	54,6	53,8	53,8	52,2	51,1	57,6	60,0	60,7	65,0	64,3	65,2	69,8	69,9	66,2	74,6	77,2	82,4	75,0
<b>East Germany</b>	6,2	8,3	10,4	8,7	8,9	11,1	10,7	13,1	12,0	10,5	9,4	7,9	8,2	11,3	9,0	7,3	5,0	2,8
<b>Former Reich Territories</b>	18,5	18,6	18,5	17,4	17,3	12,1	14,0	13,6	12,4	14,3	14,7	14,5	11,4	11,3	5,8	3,7	0,5	0,0
<b>Berlin</b>	12,3	11,5	10,4	12,0	10,2	11,1	8,8	7,3	6,0	7,1	6,3	4,1	7,3	6,6	3,7	3,2	1,4	1,4
<b>Other Countries</b>	1,5	1,9	1,7	1,6	2,7	1,5	3,3	4,4	3,2	3,3	5,0	2,5	1,8	2,3	2,6	0,9	1,8	2,8
<b>Unknown</b>	6,9	5,8	5,2	8,2	9,8	6,6	3,3	1,0	1,4	0,5	0,4	1,2	1,4	2,3	4,2	7,8	9,0	18,1
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

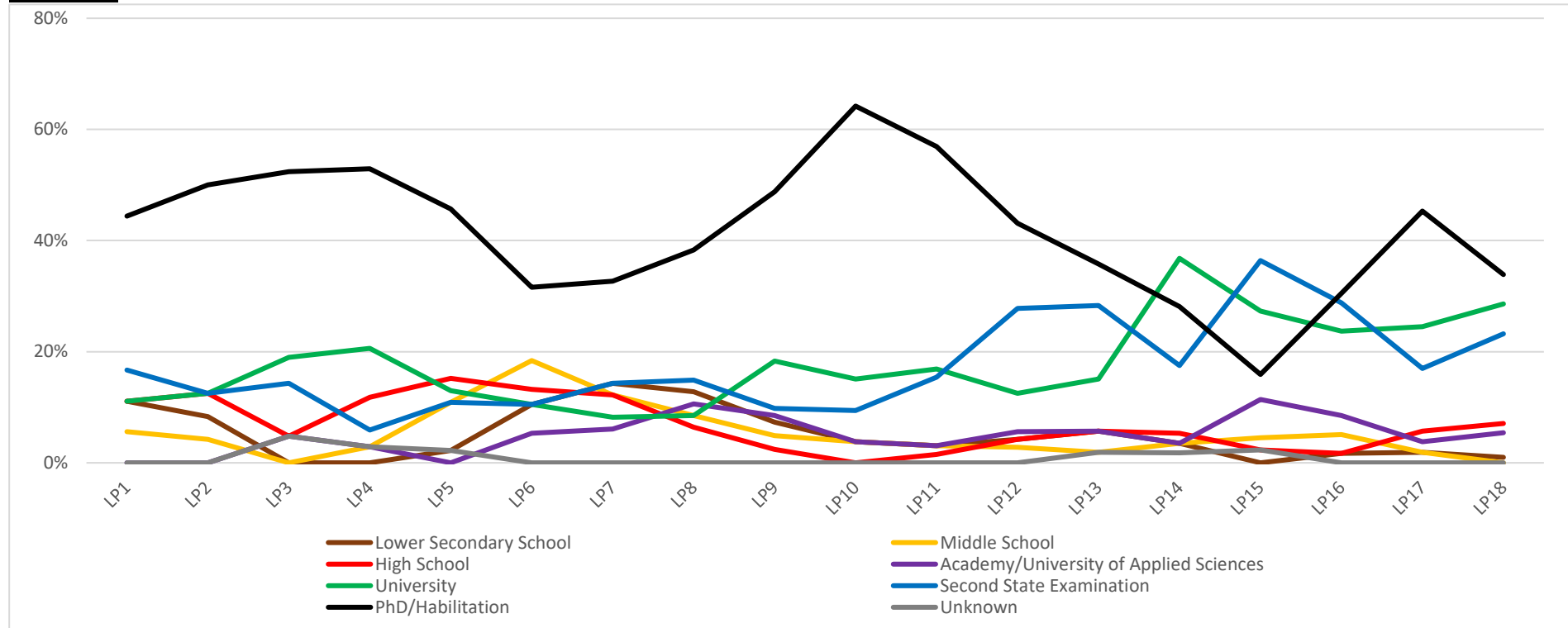
## 3 Education

### 3.1 Highest Level of Education

The data set records the highest level of education for each person. In the German education system, the secondary education is divided into three different types of degrees: A degree at a lower secondary school is obtained after grade 8 or 9 and qualifies the students for an apprenticeship. A degree at a middle school is obtained after grade 10 and is comparable to the British GCSEs. A degree at a high school is obtained after 12 to 13 years of education. A high school diploma is equivalent to the British A-Levels and is required for being admitted into University.

The stage of tertiary education is divided into four different types of degrees: The first encompasses degrees obtained at a University of Applied Sciences or a (Party) Academy. The second category encompasses all degrees equivalent to a master`s degree at university. The second state examination is the final examination for jurists and teachers obtained after at least five years of university training and a one-year preparatory service. The fourth type of degree is a completed PhD. All educational qualifications include system-typical functional equivalents.

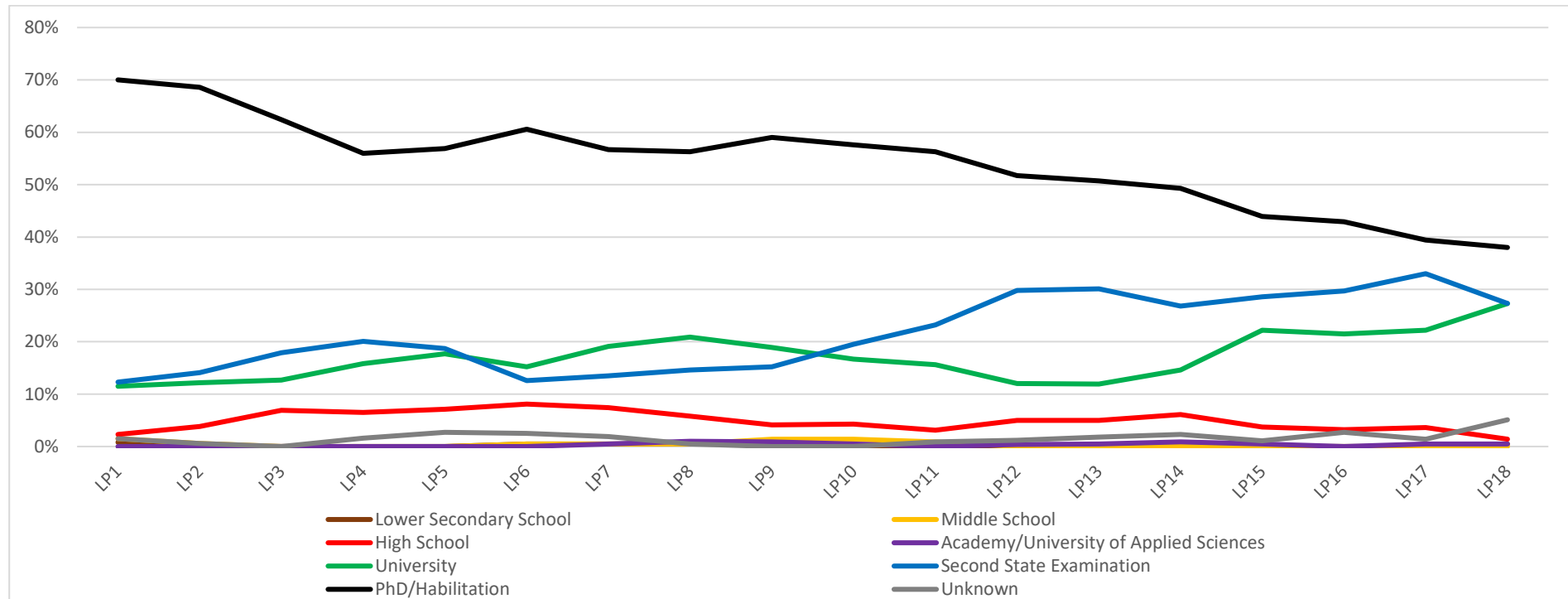
## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Lower Secondary School	11,1	8,3	0,0	0,0	2,2	10,5	14,3	12,8	7,3	3,8	3,1	4,2	5,7	3,5	0,0	1,7	1,9	1,0
Middle School	5,6	4,2	0,0	2,9	10,9	18,4	12,2	8,5	4,9	3,8	3,1	2,8	1,9	3,5	4,5	5,1	1,9	0,0
High School	11,1	12,5	4,8	11,8	15,2	13,2	12,2	6,4	2,4	0,0	1,5	4,2	5,7	5,3	2,3	1,7	5,7	7,1
Academy/ University of Applied Sciences	0,0	0,0	4,8	2,9	0,0	5,3	6,1	10,6	8,5	3,8	3,1	5,6	5,7	3,5	11,4	8,5	3,8	5,4
University	11,1	12,5	19,0	20,6	13,0	10,5	8,2	8,5	18,3	15,1	16,9	12,5	15,1	36,8	27,3	23,7	24,5	28,6
Second State Examination	16,7	12,5	14,3	5,9	10,9	10,5	14,3	14,9	9,8	9,4	15,4	27,8	28,3	17,5	36,4	28,8	17,0	23,2
PhD/Habilitation	44,4	50,0	52,4	52,9	45,7	31,6	32,7	38,3	48,8	64,2	56,9	43,1	35,8	28,1	15,9	30,5	45,3	33,9
Unknown	0,0	0,0	4,8	2,9	2,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,9	1,8	2,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
N	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56



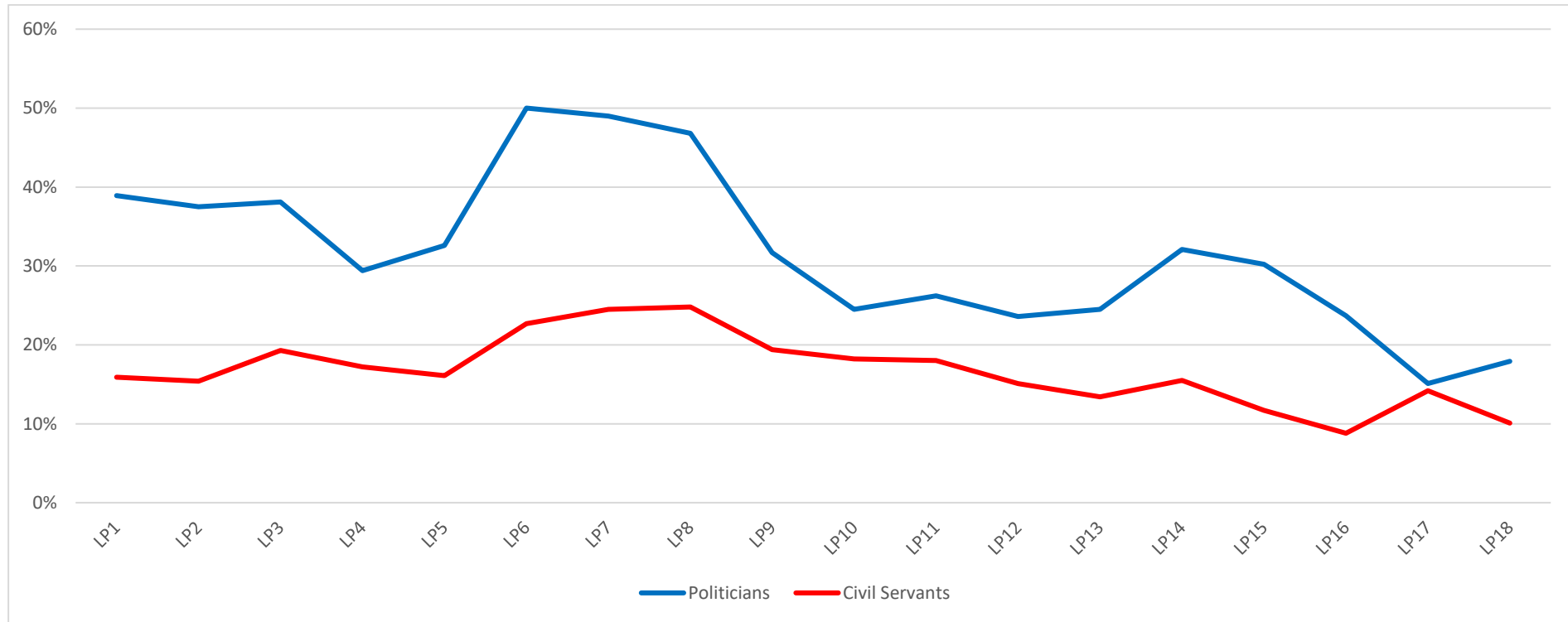
## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Lower Secondary School	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5
Middle School	1,5	0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,5	1,4	1,4	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
High School	2,3	3,8	6,9	6,5	7,1	8,1	7,4	5,8	4,1	4,3	3,1	5,0	5,0	6,1	3,7	3,2	3,6	1,4
Academy/ University of Applied Sciences	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5	1,0	0,9	0,5	0,0	0,4	0,5	0,9	0,5	0,0	0,5	0,5
University	11,5	12,2	12,7	15,8	17,7	15,2	19,1	20,9	18,9	16,7	15,6	12,0	11,9	14,6	22,2	21,5	22,2	27,3
Second State Examination	12,3	14,1	17,9	20,1	18,7	12,6	13,5	14,6	15,2	19,5	23,2	29,8	30,1	26,8	28,6	29,7	33,0	27,3
PhD/Habilitation	70,0	68,6	62,4	56,0	56,9	60,6	56,7	56,3	59,0	57,6	56,3	51,7	50,7	49,3	43,9	42,9	39,4	38,0
Unknown	1,5	0,6	0,0	1,6	2,7	2,5	1,9	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,9	1,2	1,8	2,3	1,1	2,7	1,4	5,1
N	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

### 3.2 Vocational Training

The graph illustrates the proportion of elite members who completed vocational training.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	38,9	37,5	38,1	29,4	32,6	50,0	49,0	46,8	31,7	24,5	26,2	23,6	24,5	32,1	30,2	23,7	15,1	17,9
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	15,9	15,4	19,3	17,2	16,1	22,7	24,5	24,8	19,4	18,2	18,0	15,1	13,4	15,5	11,7	8,8	14,2	10,1
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (%)</b>	18,7	18,3	21,3	19,1	18,9	27,1	29,0	28,9	22,8	19,5	19,8	17,0	15,6	19,0	15,2	12,0	14,4	11,7

### 3.3 University Major

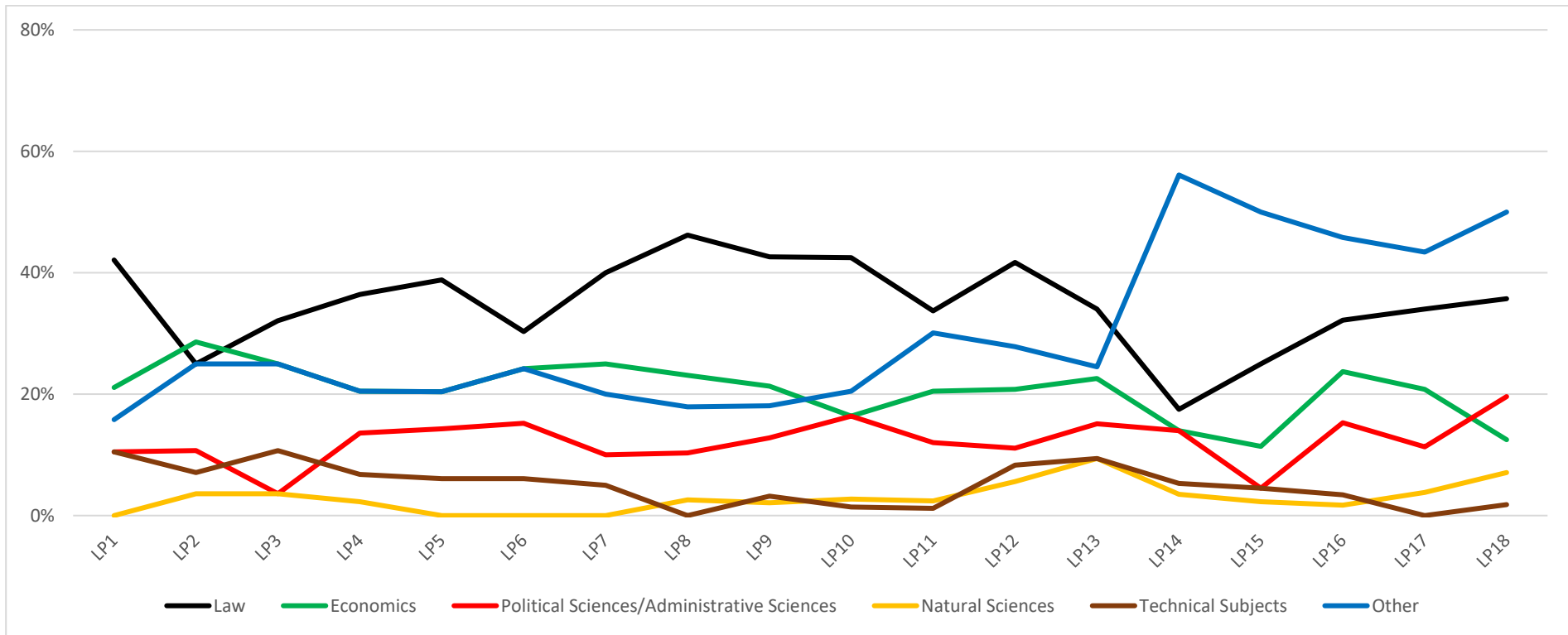
If more than one major was named, up to three majors were included in the data set. If a person studied more than three subjects, the first three subjects named were recorded. The recording of the majors refers to the degrees attained prior to the start of a professional career and not to any additional study programs. The population for the calculations are those individuals who have obtained a university degree or a degree at a University of Applied Sciences. Therefore, the total number of individuals in the two tables differs from the reported number of individuals in the previous tables. Since several people have studied more than one subject, the columns add up to more than 100%.

In systematizing the majors, the following summaries were made:

- The category "Economics" includes economics, business administration and business informatics.
- The category "Natural Sciences" includes physics, chemistry and biology.
- The category "Technical Subjects" contains, for example, mechanical engineering, engineering, architecture and spatial planning.

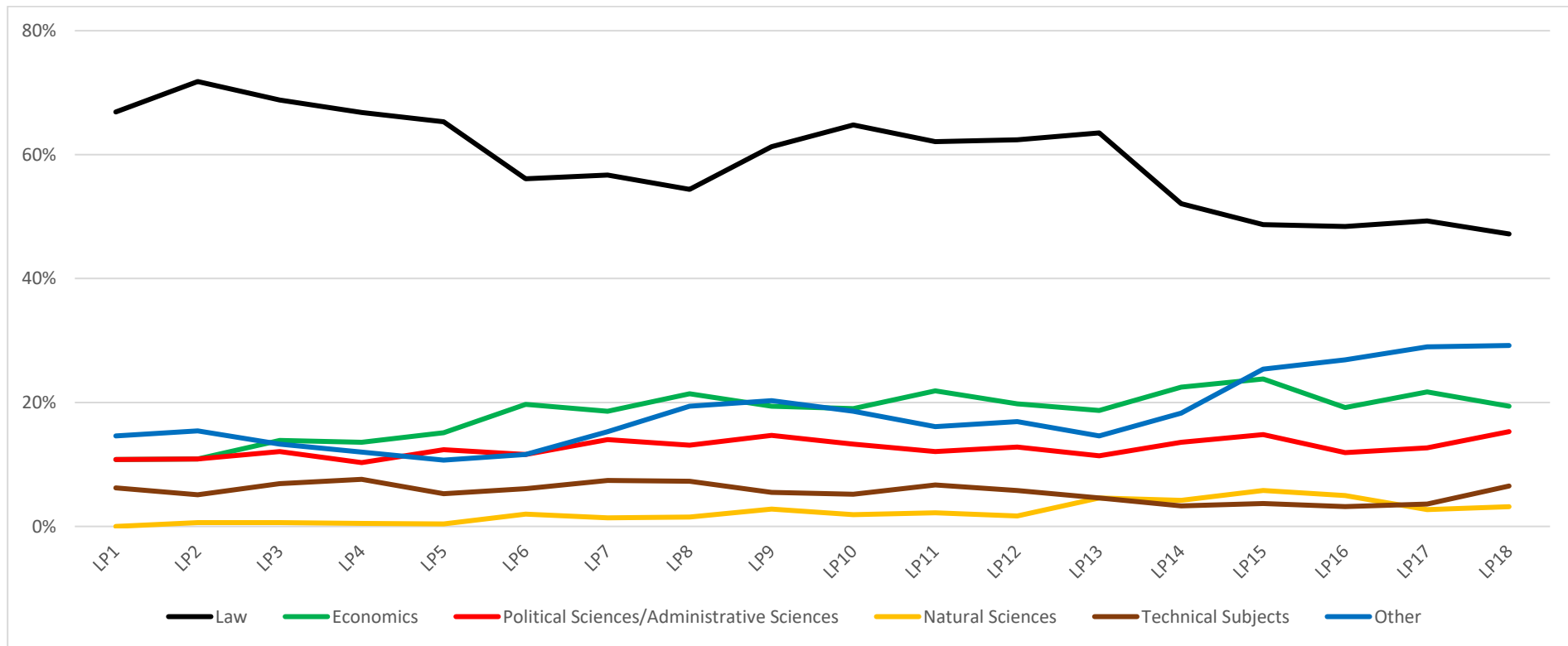
Shown are the five most common fields of study.

## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Law</b>	42,1	25,0	32,1	36,4	38,8	30,3	40,0	46,2	42,6	42,5	33,7	41,7	34,0	17,5	25,0	32,2	34,0	35,7
<b>Economics</b>	21,1	28,6	25,0	20,5	20,4	24,2	25,0	23,1	21,3	16,4	20,5	20,8	22,6	14,0	11,4	23,7	20,8	12,5
<b>Political Sciences/ Admin. Sciences</b>	10,5	10,7	3,6	13,6	14,3	15,2	10,0	10,3	12,8	16,4	12,0	11,1	15,1	14,0	4,5	15,3	11,3	19,6
<b>Natural Sciences</b>	0,0	3,6	3,6	2,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,6	2,1	2,7	2,4	5,6	9,4	3,5	2,3	1,7	3,8	7,1
<b>Technical Subjects</b>	10,5	7,1	10,7	6,8	6,1	6,1	5,0	0,0	3,2	1,4	1,2	8,3	9,4	5,3	4,5	3,4	0,0	1,8
<b>Other</b>	15,8	25,0	25,0	20,5	20,4	24,2	20,0	17,9	18,1	20,5	30,1	27,8	24,5	56,1	50,0	45,8	43,4	50,0
<b>N</b>	13	18	19	28	32	21	28	30	65	48	59	64	45	49	40	54	48	51

## Civil Servants

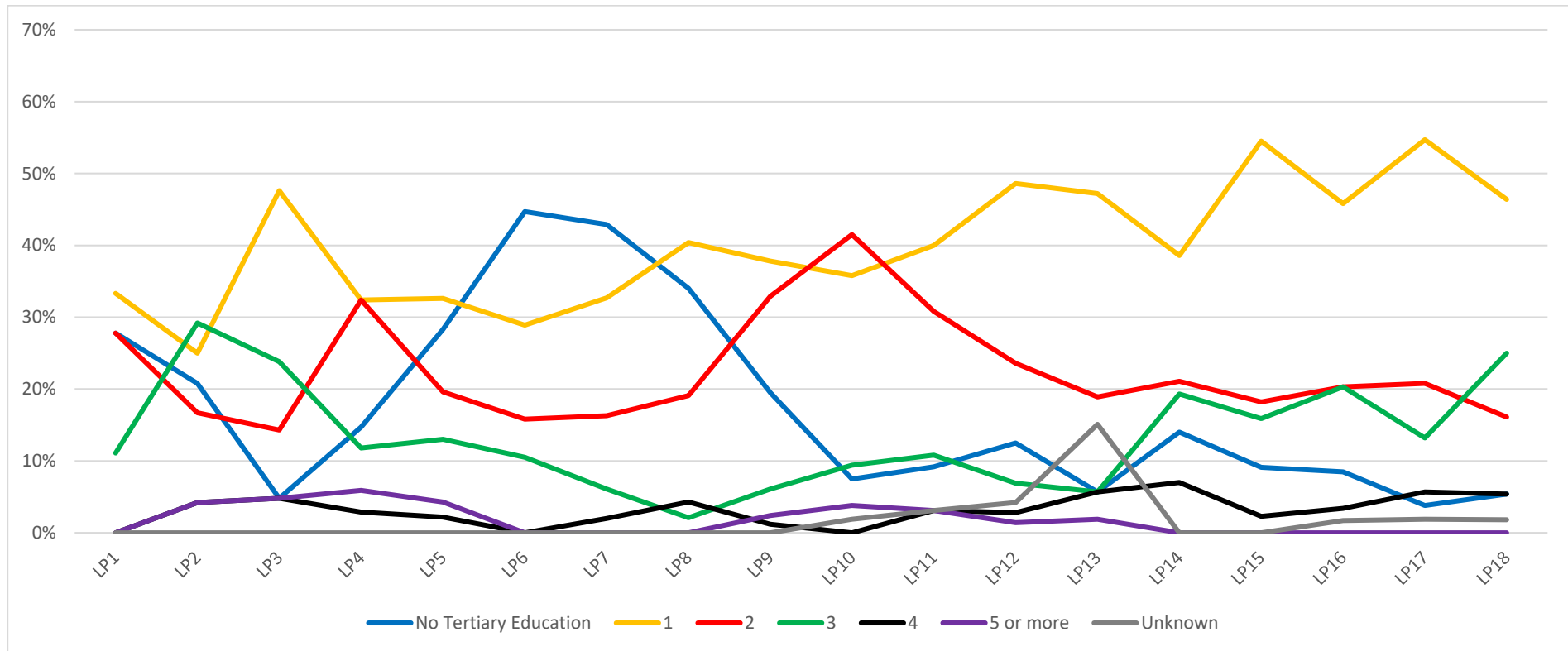


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Law</b>	66,9	71,8	68,8	66,8	65,3	56,1	56,7	54,4	61,3	64,8	62,1	62,4	63,5	52,1	48,7	48,4	49,3	47,2
<b>Economics</b>	10,8	10,9	13,9	13,6	15,1	19,7	18,6	21,4	19,4	19,0	21,9	19,8	18,7	22,5	23,8	19,2	21,7	19,4
<b>Political Sciences/ Admin. Sciences</b>	10,8	10,9	12,1	10,3	12,4	11,6	14,0	13,1	14,7	13,3	12,1	12,8	11,4	13,6	14,8	11,9	12,7	15,3
<b>Natural Sciences</b>	0,0	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,4	2,0	1,4	1,5	2,8	1,9	2,2	1,7	4,6	4,2	5,8	5,0	2,7	3,2
<b>Technical Subjects</b>	6,2	5,1	6,9	7,6	5,3	6,1	7,4	7,3	5,5	5,2	6,7	5,8	4,6	3,3	3,7	3,2	3,6	6,5
<b>Other</b>	14,6	15,4	13,3	12,0	10,7	11,6	15,3	19,4	20,3	18,6	16,1	16,9	14,6	18,3	25,4	26,9	29,0	29,2
<b>N</b>	122	148	161	169	203	175	193	191	203	198	213	227	204	195	182	206	210	201

### 3.4 Number of University Majors

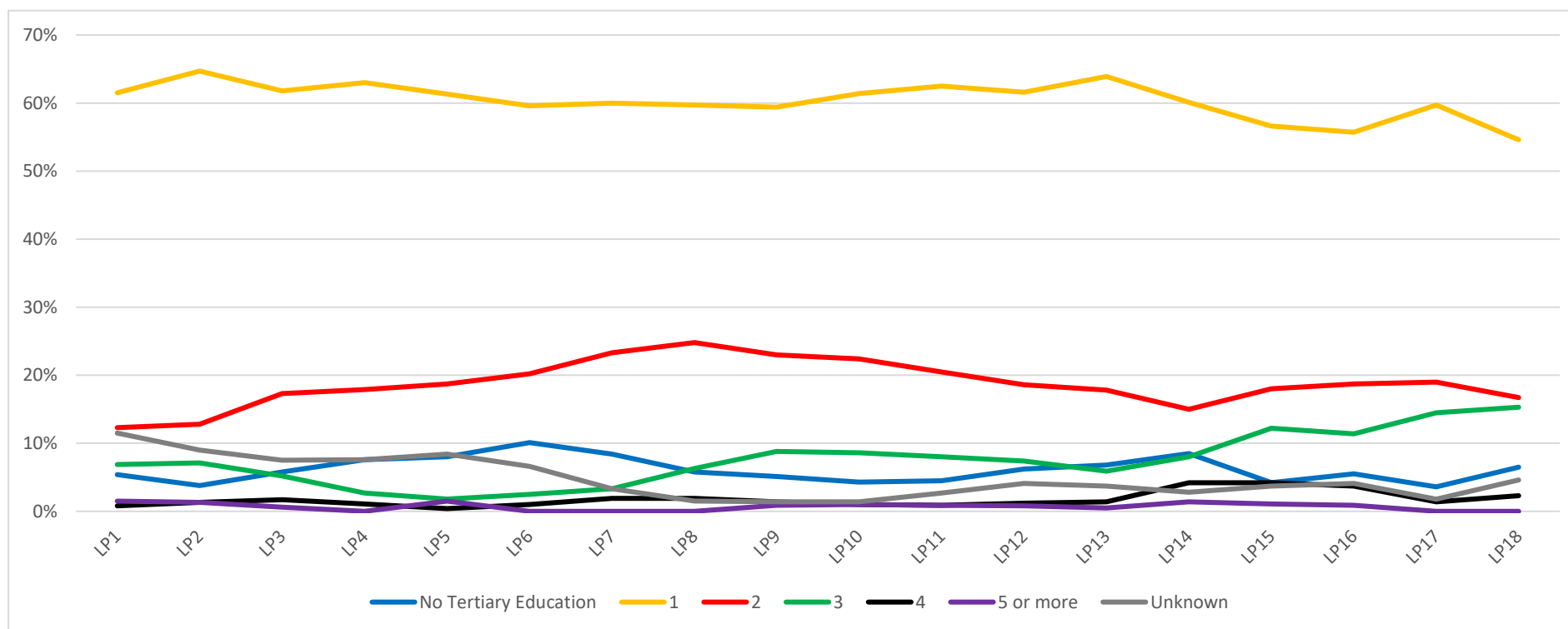
The total number of majors studied includes all subjects mentioned in a person's educational biography, even if the corresponding courses were not completed.

#### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Tertiary Education</b>	27,8	20,8	4,8	14,7	28,3	44,7	42,9	34,0	19,5	7,5	9,2	12,5	5,7	14,0	9,1	8,5	3,8	5,4
<b>1</b>	33,3	25,0	47,6	32,4	32,6	28,9	32,7	40,4	37,8	35,8	40,0	48,6	47,2	38,6	54,5	45,8	54,7	46,4
<b>2</b>	27,8	16,7	14,3	32,4	19,6	15,8	16,3	19,1	32,9	41,5	30,8	23,6	18,9	21,1	18,2	20,3	20,8	16,1
<b>3</b>	11,1	29,2	23,8	11,8	13,0	10,5	6,1	2,1	6,1	9,4	10,8	6,9	5,7	19,3	15,9	20,3	13,2	25,0
<b>4</b>	0,0	4,2	4,8	2,9	2,2	0,0	2,0	4,3	1,2	0,0	3,1	2,8	5,7	7,0	2,3	3,4	5,7	5,4
<b>5 or more</b>	0,0	4,2	4,8	5,9	4,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,4	3,8	3,1	1,4	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Unknown</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,9	3,1	4,2	15,1	0,0	0,0	1,7	1,9	1,8
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Mean</b>	1,7	2,3	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,7	1,6	1,6	1,7	1,8	1,8	1,6	1,7	1,9	1,6	1,8	1,7	1,9
<b>Median</b>	2,0	2,0	1,5	2,0	2,0	1,0	1,0	1,5	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,0	1,0	2,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,5

## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Tertiary Education</b>	5,4	3,8	5,8	7,6	8,0	10,1	8,4	5,8	5,1	4,3	4,5	6,2	6,8	8,5	4,2	5,5	3,6	6,5
<b>1</b>	61,5	64,7	61,8	63,0	61,3	59,6	60,0	59,7	59,4	61,4	62,5	61,6	63,9	60,1	56,6	55,7	59,7	54,6
<b>2</b>	12,3	12,8	17,3	17,9	18,7	20,2	23,3	24,8	23,0	22,4	20,5	18,6	17,8	15,0	18,0	18,7	19,0	16,7
<b>3</b>	6,9	7,1	5,2	2,7	1,8	2,5	3,3	6,3	8,8	8,6	8,0	7,4	5,9	8,0	12,2	11,4	14,5	15,3
<b>4</b>	0,8	1,3	1,7	1,1	0,4	1,0	1,9	1,9	1,4	1,0	0,9	1,2	1,4	4,2	4,2	3,7	1,4	2,3
<b>5 or more</b>	1,5	1,3	0,6	0,0	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,9	1,0	0,9	0,8	0,5	1,4	1,1	0,9	0,0	0,0
<b>Unknown</b>	11,5	9,0	7,5	7,6	8,4	6,6	3,3	1,5	1,4	1,4	2,7	4,1	3,7	2,8	3,7	4,1	1,8	4,6
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Mean</b>	1,4	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,4	1,3	1,4	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,4	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6
<b>Median</b>	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0

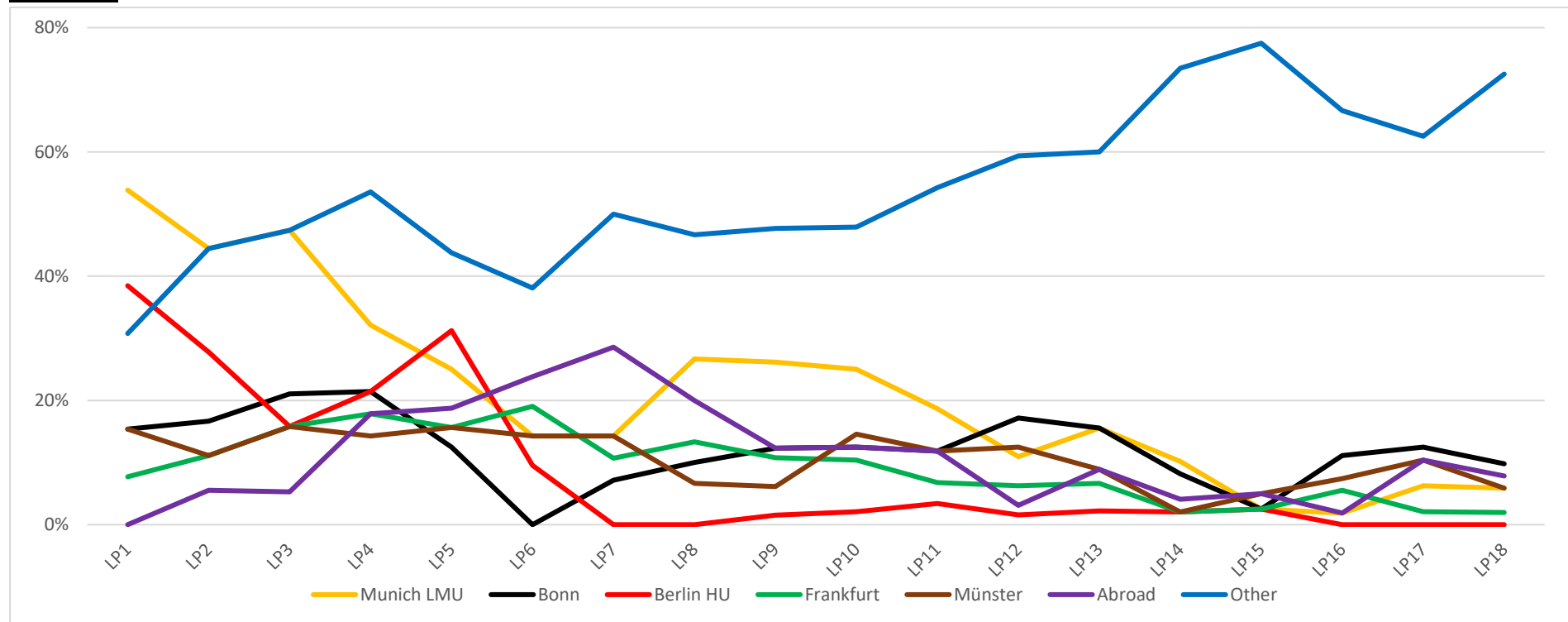


### 3.5 Place of Study

If more than one place of study was named, up to three places were included in the data set. If a person studied at more than three places, the first three named places of study were noted, with prioritization on national places of study. Study locations outside of Germany were summarized into the category "Abroad". The figure shows the five most common study locations overall and the combined total of other places of study.

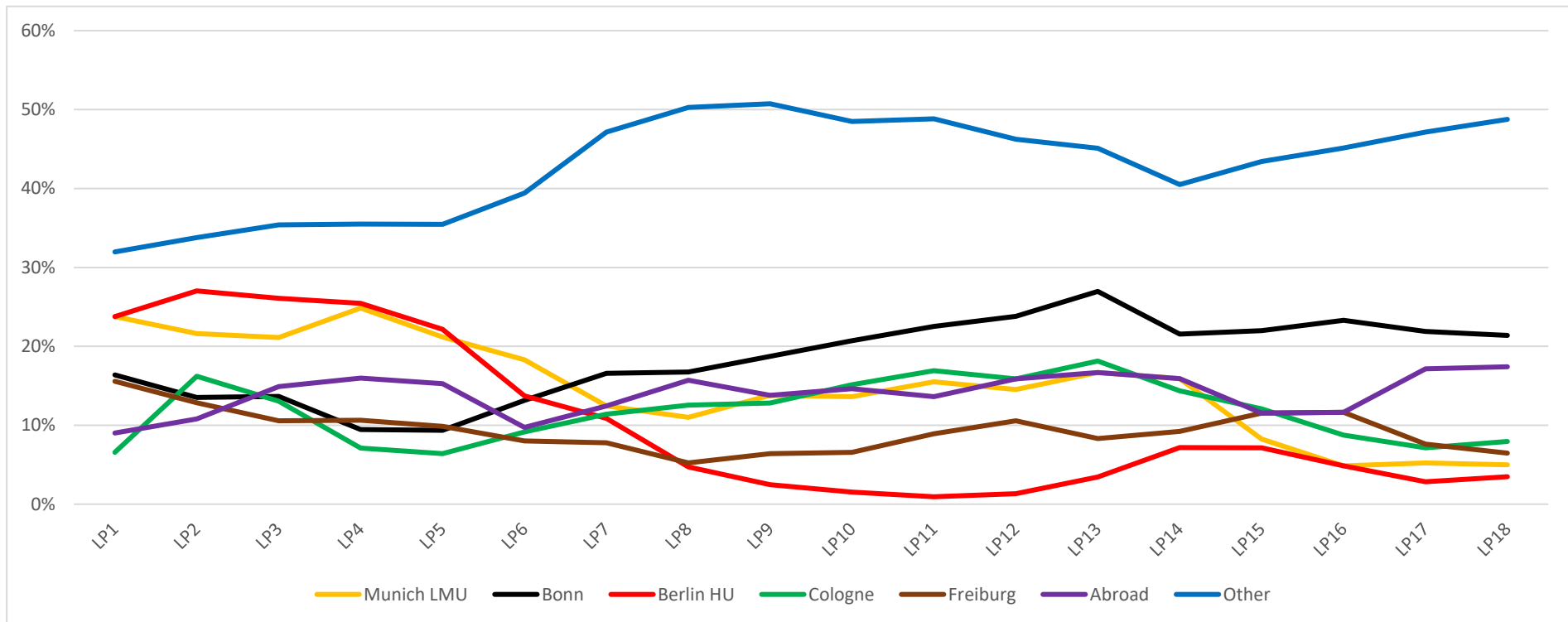
The percentages in each case refer to all elite members who completed their degree. The total values per LP therefore differ from the total values in other tables.

#### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Munich LMU</b>	53,8	44,4	47,4	32,1	25,0	14,3	14,3	26,7	26,2	25,0	18,6	10,9	15,6	10,2	2,5	1,9	6,3	5,9
<b>Bonn</b>	15,4	16,7	21,1	21,4	12,5	0,0	7,1	10,0	12,3	12,5	11,9	17,2	15,6	8,2	2,5	11,1	12,5	9,8
<b>Berlin HU</b>	38,5	27,8	15,8	21,4	31,3	9,5	0,0	0,0	1,5	2,1	3,4	1,6	2,2	2,0	2,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Frankfurt</b>	7,7	11,1	15,8	17,9	15,6	19,0	10,7	13,3	10,8	10,4	6,8	6,3	6,7	2,0	2,5	5,6	2,1	2,0
<b>Münster</b>	15,4	11,1	15,8	14,3	15,6	14,3	14,3	6,7	6,2	14,6	11,9	12,5	8,9	2,0	5,0	7,4	10,4	5,9
<b>Abroad</b>	0,0	5,6	5,3	17,9	18,8	23,8	28,6	20,0	12,3	12,5	11,9	3,1	8,9	4,1	5,0	1,9	10,4	7,8
<b>Other</b>	30,8	44,4	47,4	53,6	43,8	38,1	50,0	46,7	47,7	47,9	54,2	59,4	60,0	73,5	77,5	66,7	62,5	72,5
<b>N</b>	13	18	19	28	32	21	28	30	65	48	59	64	45	49	40	54	48	51

## Civil Servants

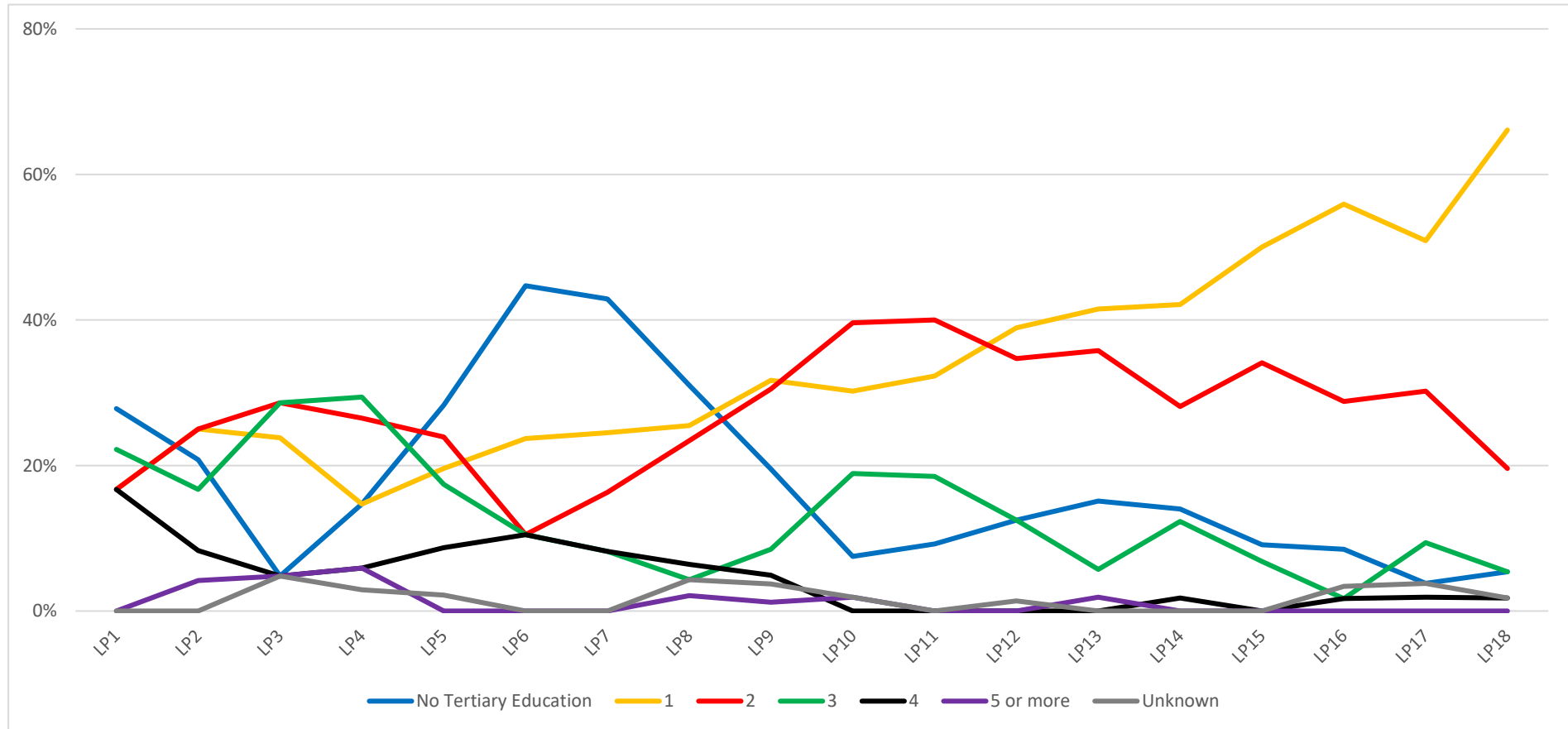


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Munich LMU</b>	23,8	21,6	21,1	24,9	21,2	18,3	12,4	11,0	13,8	13,6	15,5	14,5	16,7	15,9	8,2	4,9	5,2	5,0
<b>Bonn</b>	16,4	13,5	13,7	9,5	9,4	13,1	16,6	16,8	18,7	20,7	22,5	23,8	27,0	21,5	22,0	23,3	21,9	21,4
<b>Berlin HU</b>	23,8	27,0	26,1	25,4	22,2	13,7	10,9	4,7	2,5	1,5	0,9	1,3	3,4	7,2	7,1	4,9	2,9	3,5
<b>Cologne</b>	6,6	16,2	13,0	7,1	6,4	9,1	11,4	12,6	12,8	15,2	16,9	15,9	18,1	14,4	12,1	8,7	7,1	8,0
<b>Freiburg</b>	15,6	12,8	10,6	10,7	9,9	8,0	7,8	5,2	6,4	6,6	8,9	10,6	8,3	9,2	11,5	11,7	7,6	6,5
<b>Abroad</b>	9,0	10,8	14,9	16,0	15,3	9,7	12,4	15,7	13,8	14,6	13,6	15,9	16,7	15,9	11,5	11,7	17,1	17,4
<b>Other</b>	32,0	33,8	35,4	35,5	35,5	39,4	47,2	50,3	50,7	48,5	48,8	46,3	45,1	40,5	43,4	45,1	47,1	48,8
<b>N</b>	122	148	161	169	203	175	193	191	203	198	213	227	204	195	182	206	210	201

### 3.6 Number of Places of Study

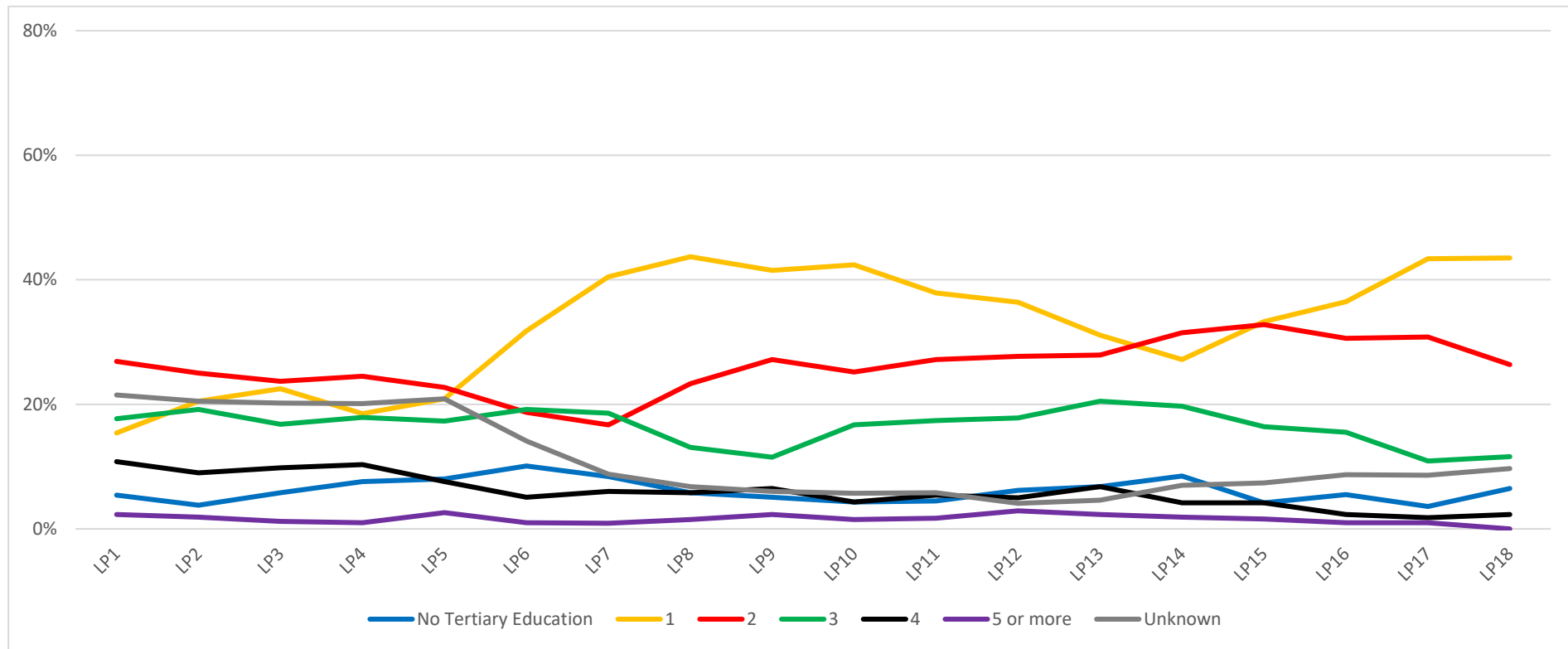
The total number of places of study includes all places of study mentioned in an individual's educational biography, even if the corresponding courses were not completed.

#### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Tertiary Education</b>	27,8	20,8	4,8	14,7	28,3	44,7	42,9	31,0	19,5	7,5	9,2	12,5	15,1	14,0	9,1	8,5	3,8	5,4
<b>1</b>	16,7	25,0	23,8	14,7	19,6	23,7	24,5	25,5	31,7	30,2	32,3	38,9	41,5	42,1	50,0	55,9	50,9	66,1
<b>2</b>	16,7	25,0	28,6	26,5	23,9	10,5	16,3	23,4	30,5	39,6	40,0	34,7	35,8	28,1	34,1	28,8	30,2	19,6
<b>3</b>	22,2	16,7	28,6	29,4	17,4	10,5	8,2	4,3	8,5	18,9	18,5	12,5	5,7	12,3	6,8	1,7	9,4	5,4
<b>4</b>	16,7	8,3	4,8	5,9	8,7	10,5	8,2	6,4	4,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,8	0,0	1,7	1,9	1,8
<b>5 or more</b>	0,0	4,2	4,8	5,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,1	1,2	1,9	0,0	0,0	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Unknown</b>	0,0	0,0	4,8	2,9	2,2	0,0	0,0	4,3	3,7	1,9	0,0	1,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	3,4	3,8	1,8
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Mean</b>	2,5	2,3	2,3	2,5	2,2	2,1	2,0	2,0	1,9	2,0	1,9	1,7	1,6	1,7	1,5	1,4	1,6	1,4
<b>Median</b>	3,0	2,0	2,0	2,5	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,5	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0

## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Tertiary Education</b>	5,4	3,8	5,8	7,6	8,0	10,1	8,4	5,8	5,1	4,3	4,5	6,2	6,8	8,5	4,2	5,5	3,6	6,5
<b>1</b>	15,4	20,5	22,5	18,5	20,9	31,8	40,5	43,7	41,5	42,4	37,9	36,4	31,1	27,2	33,3	36,5	43,4	43,5
<b>2</b>	26,9	25,0	23,7	24,5	22,7	18,7	16,7	23,3	27,2	25,2	27,2	27,7	27,9	31,5	32,8	30,6	30,8	26,4
<b>3</b>	17,7	19,2	16,8	17,9	17,3	19,2	18,6	13,1	11,5	16,7	17,4	17,8	20,5	19,7	16,4	15,5	10,9	11,6
<b>4</b>	10,8	9,0	9,8	10,3	7,6	5,1	6,0	5,8	6,5	4,3	5,4	5,0	6,8	4,2	4,2	2,3	1,8	2,3
<b>5 or more</b>	2,3	1,9	1,2	1,0	2,6	1,0	0,9	1,5	2,3	1,5	1,7	2,9	2,3	1,9	1,6	1,0	1,0	0,0
<b>Unknown</b>	21,5	20,5	20,2	20,1	20,9	14,1	8,8	6,8	6,0	5,7	5,8	4,1	4,6	7,0	7,4	8,7	8,6	9,7
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Mean</b>	2,4	2,3	2,2	2,3	2,3	2,0	1,9	1,8	1,9	1,9	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,0	1,9	1,7	1,7
<b>Median</b>	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,5	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	1,0

### 3.7 Doctorate Subjects

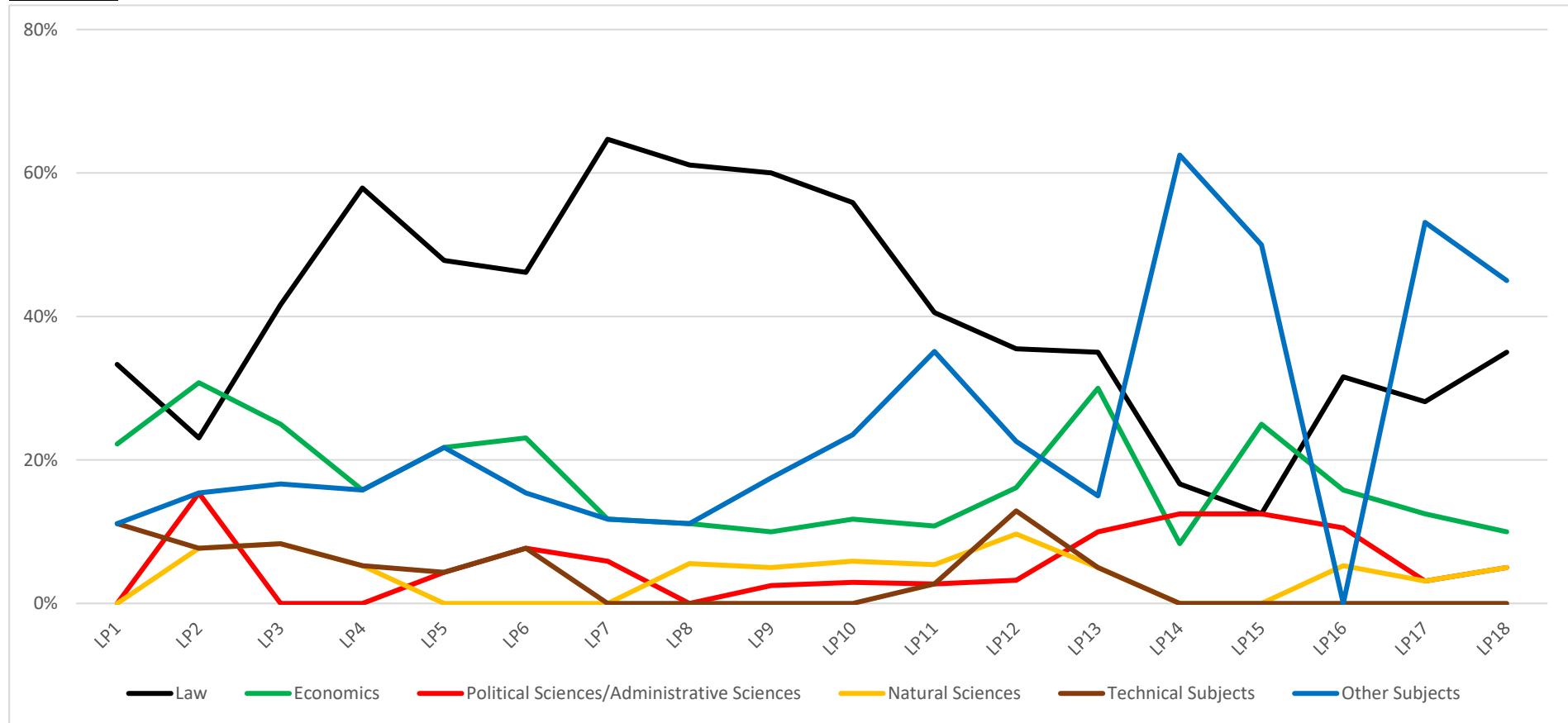
If several doctorate subjects were named, up to two subjects were included in the data set. The population for the calculations are those individuals who have completed a doctorate. Since several individuals have completed a doctorate in more than one subject, the columns add up to more than 100%.

In systematizing the doctorate subjects, the following summaries were made:

- The category "Economics" includes economics, business administration and business informatics.
- The category "Natural Sciences" includes physics, chemistry and biology.
- The category "Technical Subjects" contains, for example, mechanical engineering, engineering, architecture and spatial planning.

Shown are the five most common doctorate subjects.

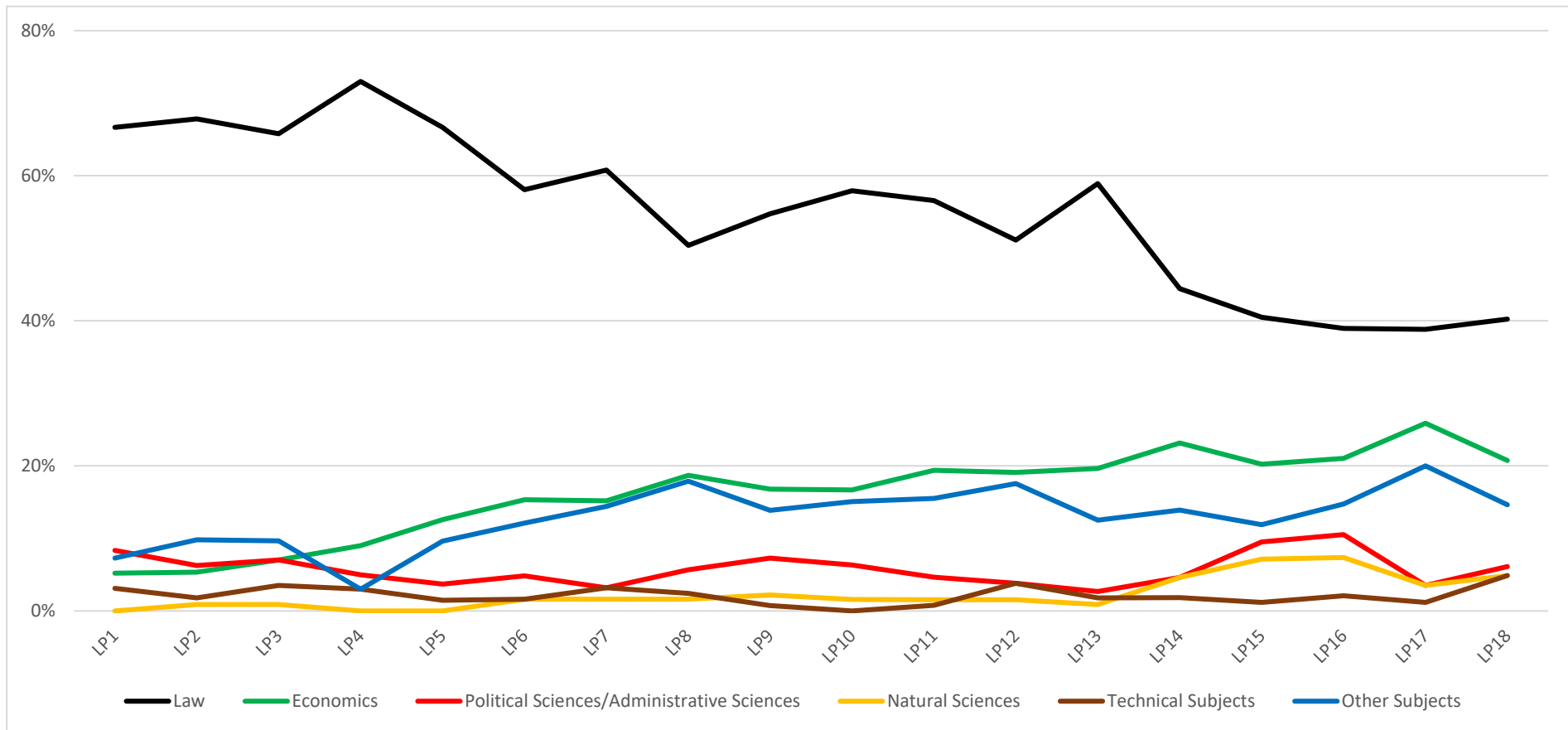
## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Law</b>	33,3	23,1	41,7	57,9	47,8	46,2	64,7	61,1	60,0	55,9	40,5	35,5	35,0	16,7	12,5	31,6	28,1	35,0
<b>Economics</b>	22,2	30,8	25,0	15,8	21,7	23,1	11,8	11,1	10,0	11,8	10,8	16,1	30,0	8,3	25,0	15,8	12,5	10,0
<b>Political Sciences/ Admin. Sciences</b>	0,0	15,4	0,0	0,0	4,3	7,7	5,9	0,0	2,5	2,9	2,7	3,2	10,0	12,5	12,5	10,5	3,1	5,0
<b>Natural Sciences</b>	0,0	7,7	8,3	5,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	5,6	5,0	5,9	5,4	9,7	5,0	0,0	0,0	5,3	3,1	5,0
<b>Technical Subjects</b>	11,1	7,7	8,3	5,3	4,3	7,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,7	12,9	5,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Other Subjects</b>	11,1	15,4	16,7	15,8	21,7	15,4	11,8	11,1	17,5	23,5	35,1	22,6	15,0	62,5	50,0	0,0	53,1	45,0
<b>N</b>	9	13	12	19	23	13	17	18	40	34	37	31	20	24	8	19	32	20



## Civil Servants

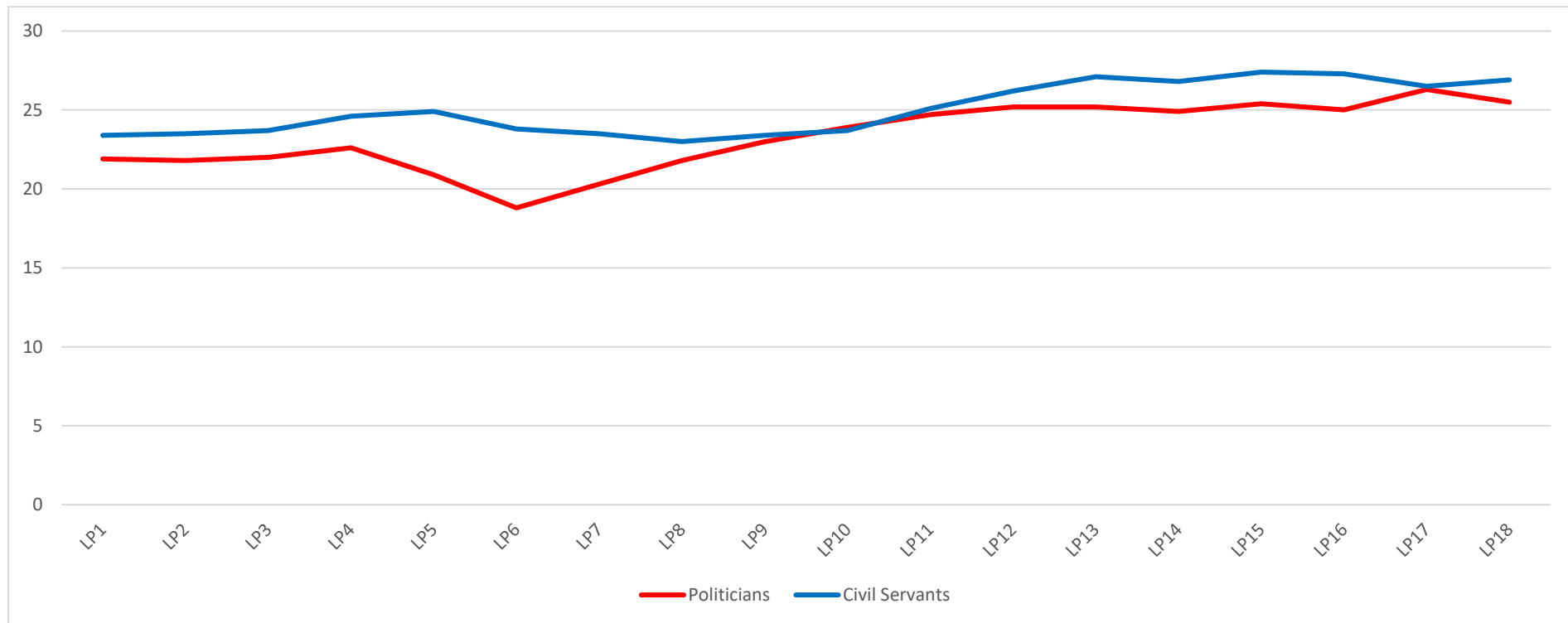


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Law</b>	66,7	67,9	65,8	73,0	66,7	58,1	60,8	50,4	54,7	57,9	56,6	51,1	58,9	44,4	40,5	38,9	38,8	40,2
<b>Economics</b>	5,2	5,4	7,0	9,0	12,6	15,3	15,2	18,7	16,8	16,7	19,4	19,1	19,6	23,1	20,2	21,1	25,9	20,7
<b>Political Sciences</b>	8,3	6,3	7,0	5,0	3,7	4,8	3,2	5,7	7,3	6,3	4,7	3,8	2,7	4,6	9,5	10,5	3,5	6,1
<b>Natural Sciences</b>	0,0	0,9	0,9	0,0	0,0	1,6	1,6	1,6	2,2	1,6	1,6	1,5	0,9	4,6	7,1	7,4	3,5	4,9
<b>Technical Subjects</b>	3,1	1,8	3,5	3,0	1,5	1,6	3,2	2,4	0,7	0,0	0,8	3,8	1,8	1,9	1,2	2,1	1,2	4,9
<b>Other Subjects</b>	7,3	9,8	9,6	3,0	9,6	12,1	14,4	17,9	13,9	15,1	15,5	17,6	12,5	13,9	11,9	14,7	20,0	14,6
<b>N</b>	96	112	114	100	135	124	125	123	137	126	129	131	112	108	84	95	85	82

## 4 Career

### 4.1 Age at Beginning of Career

The graph shows the average age at the start of a person's first job after their education or training.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	21,9	21,8	22,0	22,6	20,9	18,8	20,3	21,8	23,0	23,9	24,7	25,2	25,2	24,9	25,4	25,0	26,3	25,5
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	23,4	23,5	23,7	24,6	24,9	23,8	23,5	23,0	23,4	23,7	25,1	26,2	27,1	26,8	27,4	27,3	26,5	26,9
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	23,2	23,3	23,5	24,3	24,2	23,0	22,9	22,8	23,3	23,7	25,0	26,0	26,7	26,4	27,0	26,8	26,5	26,6

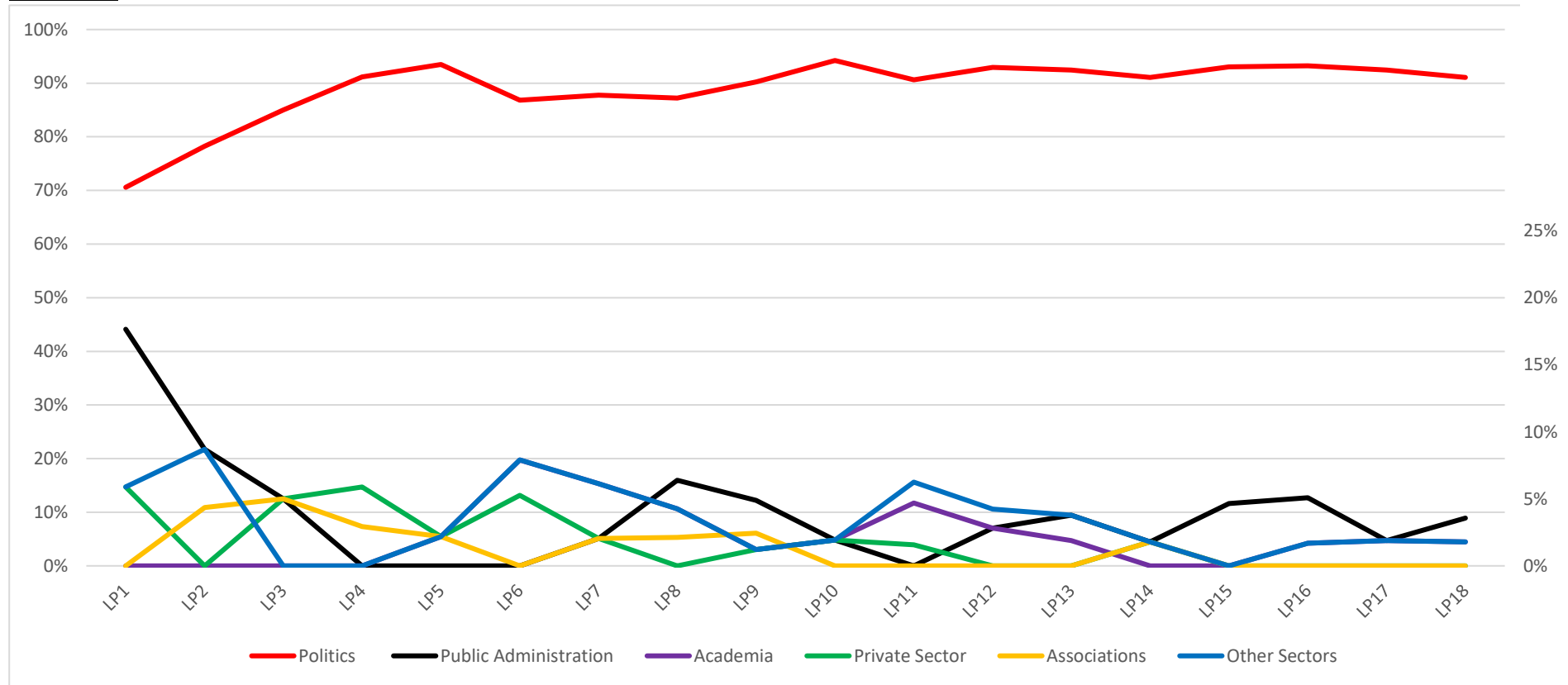
## 4.2 Last Pre-Position

The last pre-position is the professional position held by the respective person immediately before entering their first elite position. The last pre-position is shown here only according to the associated sectors. The figure shows the five most common sectors.

- The sector “politics” includes members of parliament and government politicians.
- The sector “public administration” includes all administrative positions in state or federal ministries and agencies as well as all administrative positions at a municipal and district level and their functional equivalents in the respective political systems. It does not include positions in other civil service branches such as teachers or positions in judicial administration.
- The private sector includes all positions in private companies and enterprises as well as self-employed persons in private enterprises. Exceptions are self-employed lawyers (sector “judiciary”), self-employed physicians (sector “health”) and self-employed artists (sector “culture”).
- The sector “academia” includes all scientific staff at universities and research institutes or equivalent organizations.
- The sector “public security” includes all positions in the police or military.
- The sector “associations” includes all positions in unions, non-governmental organizations and other interest groups.
- The sector “media” includes journalists and all other positions at newspapers or TV stations.

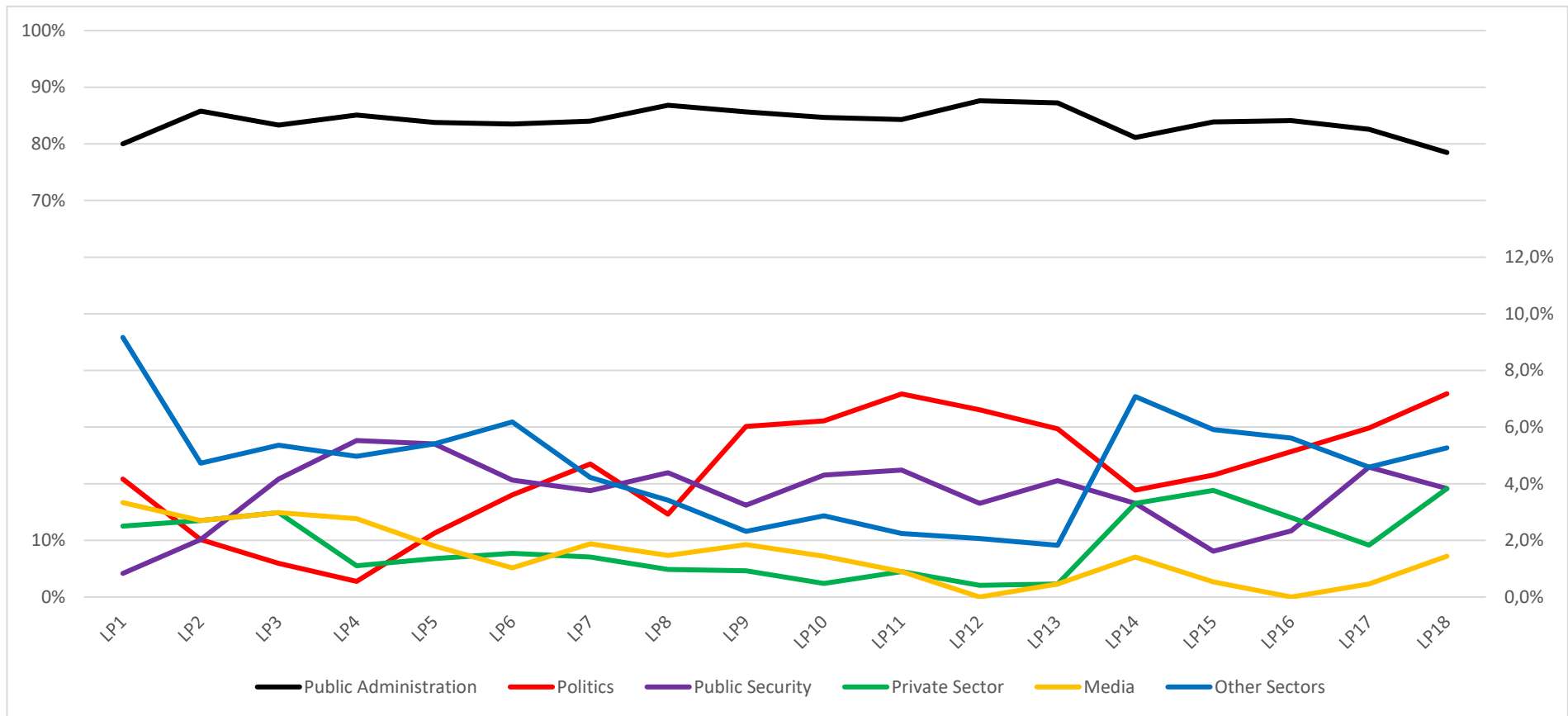
The population consists of all known last pre-positions. If the last pre-position is not known or if, for example, a person was in temporary retirement before taking up an elite position at federal level, this person was not included in the population. As a result, the total number of individuals in the two tables differs in part from the reported number of individuals in other tables.

## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	70,6	78,3	85,0	91,2	93,5	86,8	87,8	87,2	90,2	94,2	90,6	2,8	3,8	1,8	4,7	5,1	1,9	3,6
<b>Public Admin.</b>	17,6	8,7	5,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,0	6,4	4,9	1,9	0,0	2,8	1,9	0,0	0,0	1,7	1,9	1,8
<b>Academia</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,2	7,9	6,1	4,3	1,2	1,9	4,7	0,0	0,0	1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Private Sector</b>	5,9	0,0	5,0	5,9	2,2	5,3	2,0	0,0	1,2	1,9	1,6	0,0	0,0	1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Associations</b>	0,0	4,3	5,0	2,9	2,2	0,0	2,0	2,1	2,4	0,0	0,0	4,2	3,8	1,8	0,0	1,7	1,9	1,8
<b>Other Sectors</b>	5,9	8,7	0,0	0,0	2,2	7,9	6,1	4,3	1,2	1,9	6,3	2,8	3,8	1,8	4,7	5,1	1,9	3,6
<b>N</b>	17	23	20	34	46	38	49	47	82	52	64	71	53	56	43	59	53	56

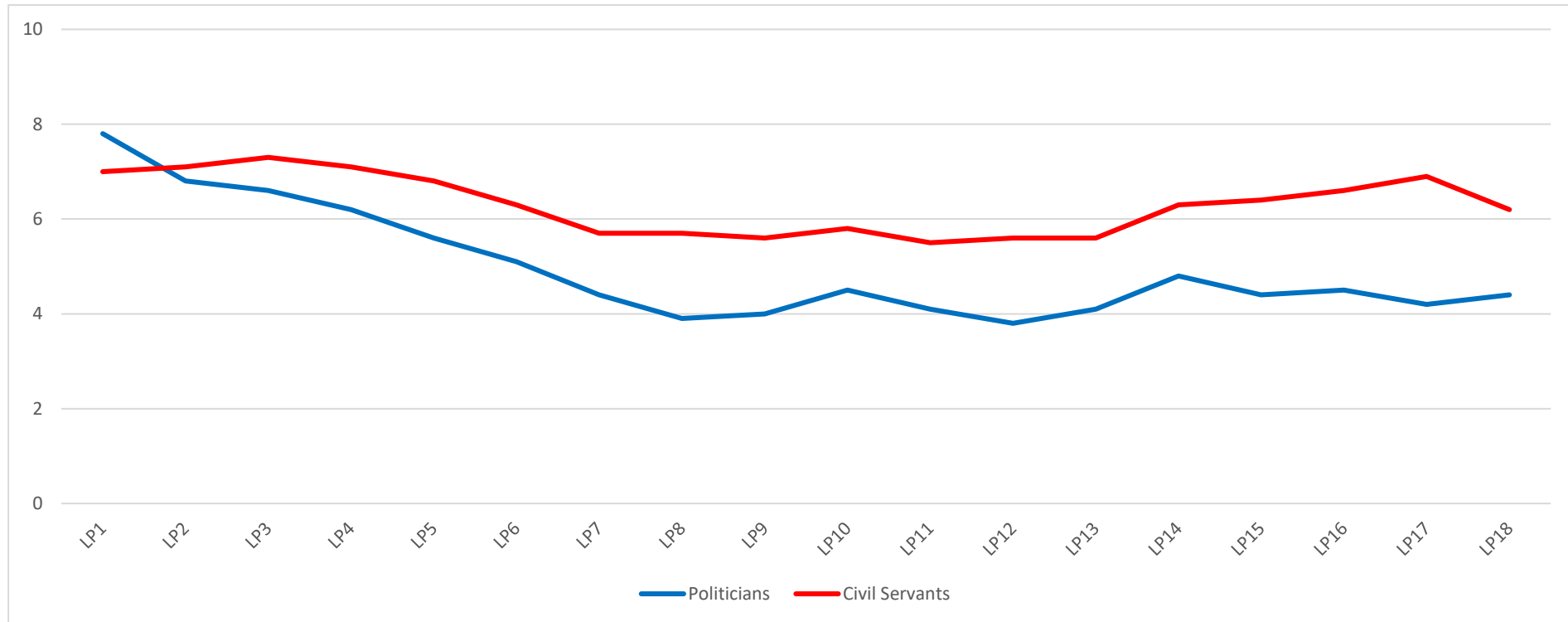
## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	4,2	2,0	1,2	0,6	2,3	3,6	4,7	2,9	6,0	6,2	7,2	6,6	5,9	3,8	4,3	5,1	6,0	7,2
<b>Public Admin.</b>	80,0	85,8	83,3	85,1	83,8	83,5	84,0	86,8	85,6	84,7	84,3	87,6	87,2	81,1	83,9	84,1	82,6	78,5
<b>Public Security</b>	0,8	2,0	4,2	5,5	5,4	4,1	3,8	4,4	3,2	4,3	4,5	3,3	4,1	3,3	1,6	2,3	4,6	3,8
<b>Private Sector</b>	2,5	2,7	3,0	1,1	1,4	1,5	1,4	1,0	0,9	0,5	0,9	0,4	0,5	3,3	3,8	2,8	1,8	3,8
<b>Media</b>	3,3	2,7	3,0	2,8	1,8	1,0	1,9	1,5	1,9	1,4	0,9	0,0	0,5	1,4	0,5	0,0	0,5	1,4
<b>Other Sectors</b>	9,2	4,7	5,4	5,0	5,4	6,2	4,2	3,4	2,3	2,9	2,2	2,1	1,8	7,1	5,9	5,6	4,6	5,3
<b>N</b>	120	148	168	181	222	194	213	205	216	209	223	242	219	212	186	214	218	209

### 4.3 Number of Pre-Positions

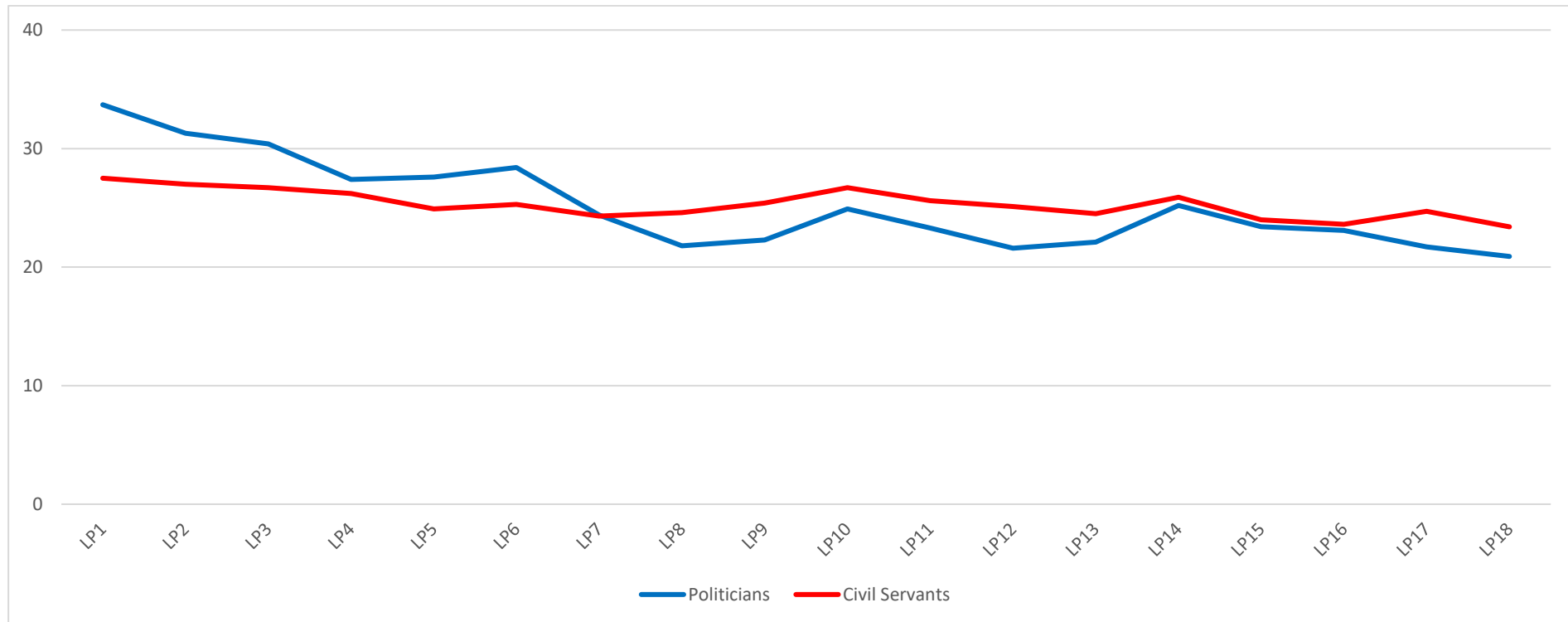
All professional positions held by an individual after education until the first entry into an elite position were counted. The graph shows the average number of pre-positions.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	7,8	6,8	6,6	6,2	5,6	5,1	4,4	3,9	4,0	4,5	4,1	3,8	4,1	4,8	4,4	4,5	4,2	4,4
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	7,0	7,1	7,3	7,1	6,8	6,3	5,7	5,7	5,6	5,8	5,5	5,6	5,6	6,3	6,4	6,6	6,9	6,2
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	7,1	7,1	7,2	7,0	6,6	6,1	5,5	5,4	5,2	5,5	5,2	5,2	5,3	6,0	6,0	6,2	6,4	5,8

#### 4.4 Total Duration of Pre-Positions

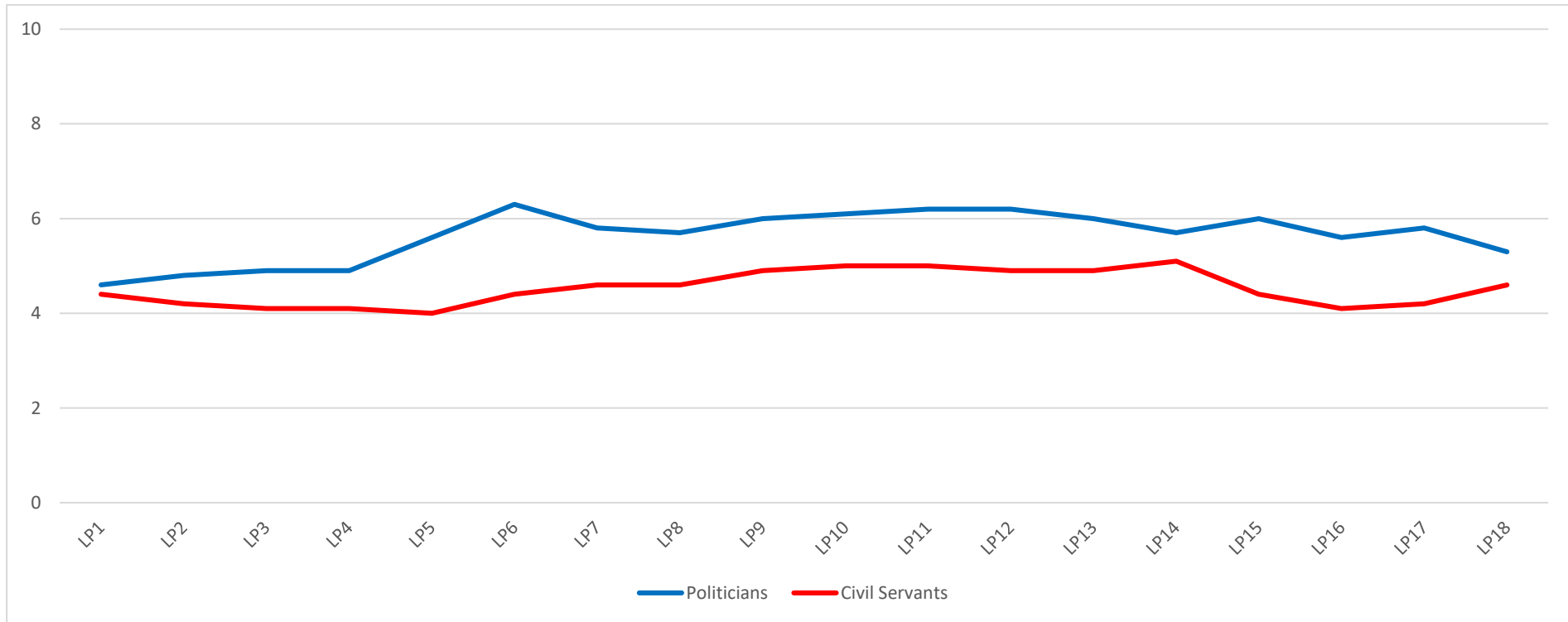
The following figure shows the average total duration of all pre-positions in years.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	33,7	31,3	30,4	27,4	27,6	28,4	24,4	21,8	22,3	24,9	23,3	21,6	22,1	25,2	23,4	23,1	21,7	20,9
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	27,5	27	26,7	26,2	24,9	25,3	24,3	24,6	25,4	26,7	25,6	25,1	24,5	25,9	24,0	23,6	24,7	23,4
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	28,3	27,6	27,1	26,4	25,4	25,8	24,3	24,1	24,5	26,3	25,1	24,3	24,0	25,8	23,9	23,5	24,1	22,9

#### 4.5 Average Duration of Stay in a Pre-Position

The following figure shows the average length of stay in a single pre-position in years.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	4,6	4,8	4,9	4,9	5,6	6,3	5,8	5,7	6,0	6,1	6,2	6,2	6,0	5,7	6,0	5,6	5,8	5,3
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	4,4	4,2	4,1	4,1	4,0	4,4	4,6	4,6	4,9	5,0	5,0	4,9	4,9	5,1	4,4	4,1	4,2	4,6
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	4,4	4,3	4,2	4,2	4,3	4,7	4,8	4,8	5,2	5,2	5,3	5,2	5,1	5,2	4,7	4,4	4,5	4,7



## 4.6 Career Patterns

Generalized career patterns can be derived from an overall examination of a person's professional biography prior to their entry into an elite position. The patterns are created by the assignment of professional positions into sectors (politics, public administration, private sector, academia, church, associations, public security, judiciary, culture, education, health, media) as well as from the recorded duration for which a person worked in the various sectors. The sectors include the following positions:

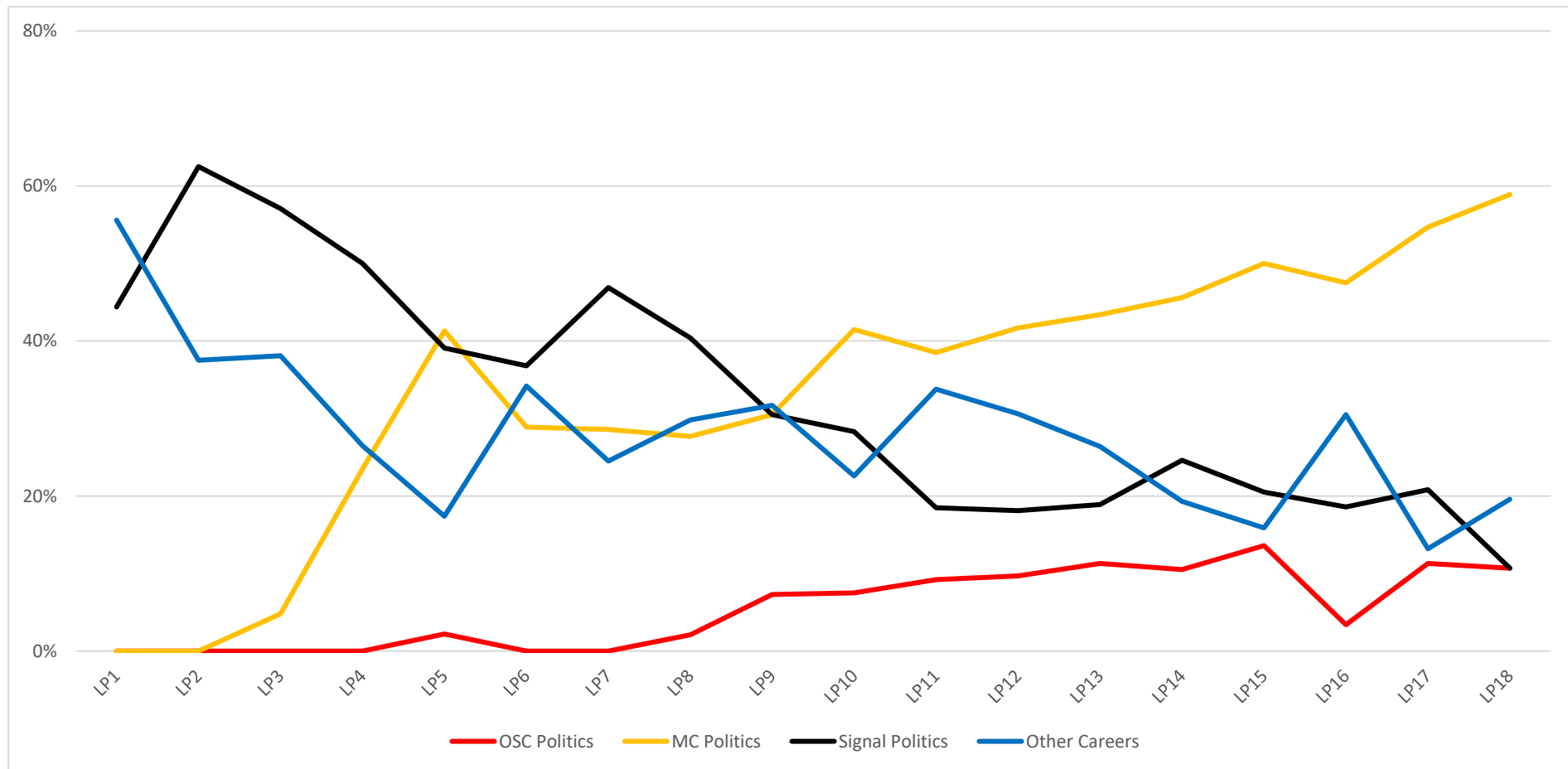
- The sector "politics" was subdivided into "politics with mandate" (this includes members of parliament and government politicians) and "politics without mandate" (professional party employees, parliamentary employees, personal employees of members of parliament).
- The sector "public administration" includes all administrative positions in state or federal ministries and agencies as well as all administrative positions at a municipal and district level and their functional equivalents in the respective political systems. It does not include positions in other civil service branches such as teachers or positions in judicial administration.
- The private sector includes all positions in private companies and enterprises as well as self-employed persons in private enterprises. Exceptions are self-employed lawyers (sector "judiciary"), self-employed physicians (sector "health") and self-employed artists (sector "culture").
- The sector "academia" includes all scientific staff at universities and research institutes or equivalent organizations.
- The sector "church" includes all positions affiliated to religious organizations such as parsons or chaplains.
- The sector "associations" includes all positions in unions, non-governmental organizations and other interest groups.
- The sector "public security" includes all positions in the police or military.
- The sector "judiciary" includes positions as judges, attorneys, lawyers and law clerks.
- The sector "culture" includes artists, actors and staff at museums and theaters.
- The sector "education" includes teachers and other staff in schools and adult education institutions.
- The sector "health" includes the medical profession as well as other staff in hospitals or medical insurance institutions.
- The sector "media" includes journalists and all other positions at newspapers or TV stations.

To calculate the duration of a sector affiliation, the duration of all positions attributed to that sector was added up. The number and sequence of position changes within and between sectors are not relevant here. Instead, the focus is on socialization within a sector and the acquisition of sector-specific knowledge and skills.

Career patterns can be defined along the number of sectors occurring within an individual's career and along the shares of sectors in the total duration of the career. A career is considered to be a "one-sector career" (OSC) if an individual has spent at least 95.0 percent of their career, up until the time of elite entry, in one sector. Consequently, time in another sector (or sectors) may not exceed 4.9 percent of the total duration and may also not have been held for more than two years. Through this definition, a phase of professional orientation is taken into account.

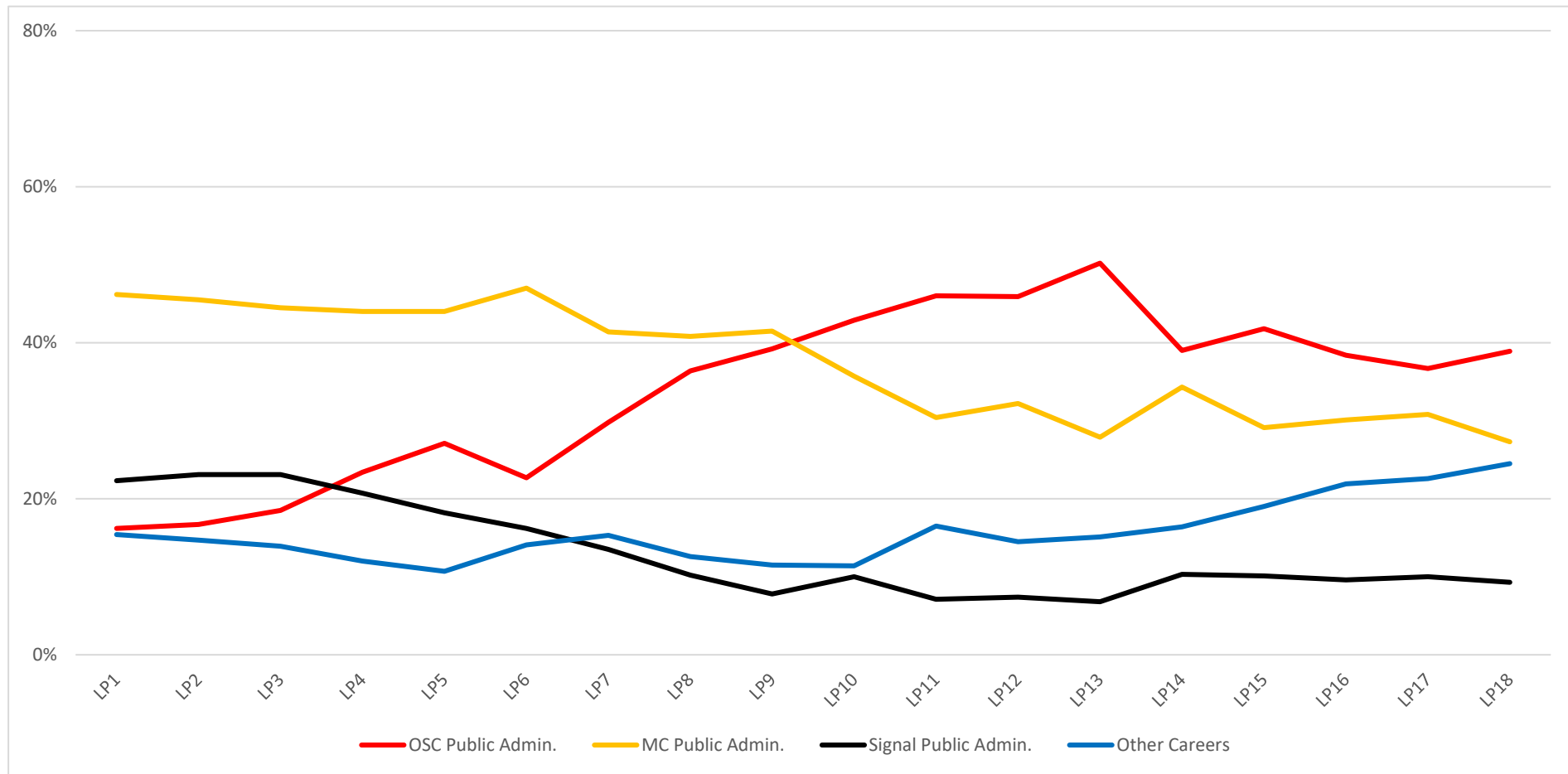
Careers in which at least two sectors each account for a share of at least 5.0 percent are referred to as "mixed careers" (MC). The orientation of mixed careers can be differentiated on the basis of the weight that individual sectors account for within the overall career. A main area (MA) within a mixed career is assumed whenever positions in that specific sector account for at least 50.0 percent and no more than 94.9 percent of the total career before elite entry. A signal within a career is assumed whenever positions in the relevant sector account for at least 5.0 percent and more than two years but not more than 49.9 percent of the total career before elite entry. When categorized as a "mixed career with main area" in a sector or as a "mixed career with signal" in a sector, the composition of the other sectors within the career is not relevant.

### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>OSC Politics</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,2	0,0	0,0	2,1	7,3	7,5	9,2	9,7	11,3	10,5	13,6	3,4	11,3	10,7
<b>MC Politics</b>	0,0	0,0	4,8	23,5	41,3	28,9	28,6	27,7	30,5	41,5	38,5	41,7	43,4	45,6	50,0	47,5	54,7	58,9
<b>Signal Politics</b>	44,4	62,5	57,1	50,0	39,1	36,8	46,9	40,4	30,5	28,3	18,5	18,1	18,9	24,6	20,5	18,6	20,8	10,7
<b>Other Careers</b>	55,6	37,5	38,1	26,5	17,4	34,2	24,5	29,8	31,7	22,6	33,8	30,6	26,4	19,3	15,9	30,5	13,2	19,6
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56

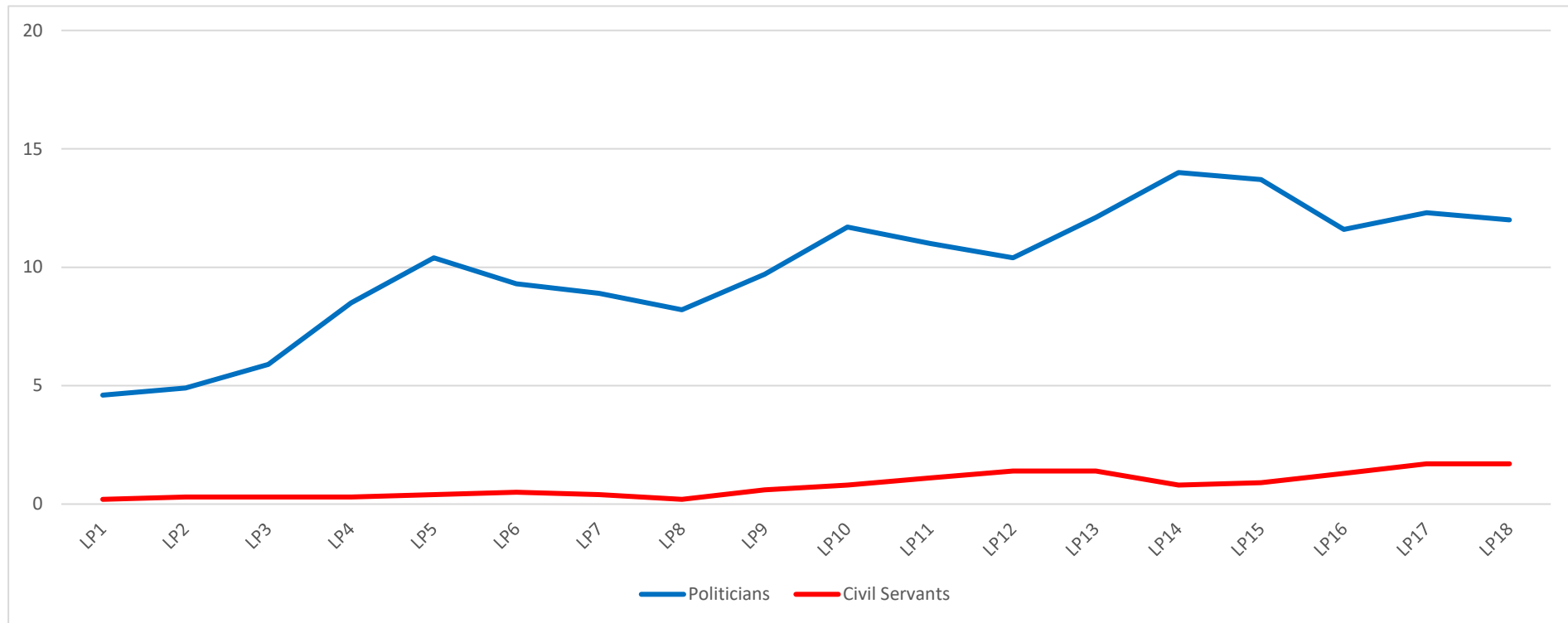
## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>OSC Public Admin.</b>	16,2	16,7	18,5	23,4	27,1	22,7	29,8	36,4	39,2	42,9	46,0	45,9	50,2	39,0	41,8	38,4	36,7	38,9
<b>MC Public Admin.</b>	46,2	45,5	44,5	44,0	44,0	47,0	41,4	40,8	41,5	35,7	30,4	32,2	27,9	34,3	29,1	30,1	30,8	27,3
<b>Signal Public Admin.</b>	22,3	23,1	23,1	20,7	18,2	16,2	13,5	10,2	7,8	10,0	7,1	7,4	6,8	10,3	10,1	9,6	10,0	9,3
<b>Other Careers</b>	15,4	14,7	13,9	12,0	10,7	14,1	15,3	12,6	11,5	11,4	16,5	14,5	15,1	16,4	19,0	21,9	22,6	24,5
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

#### 4.7 Duration of Professional Political Experience in Pre-Positions in Years

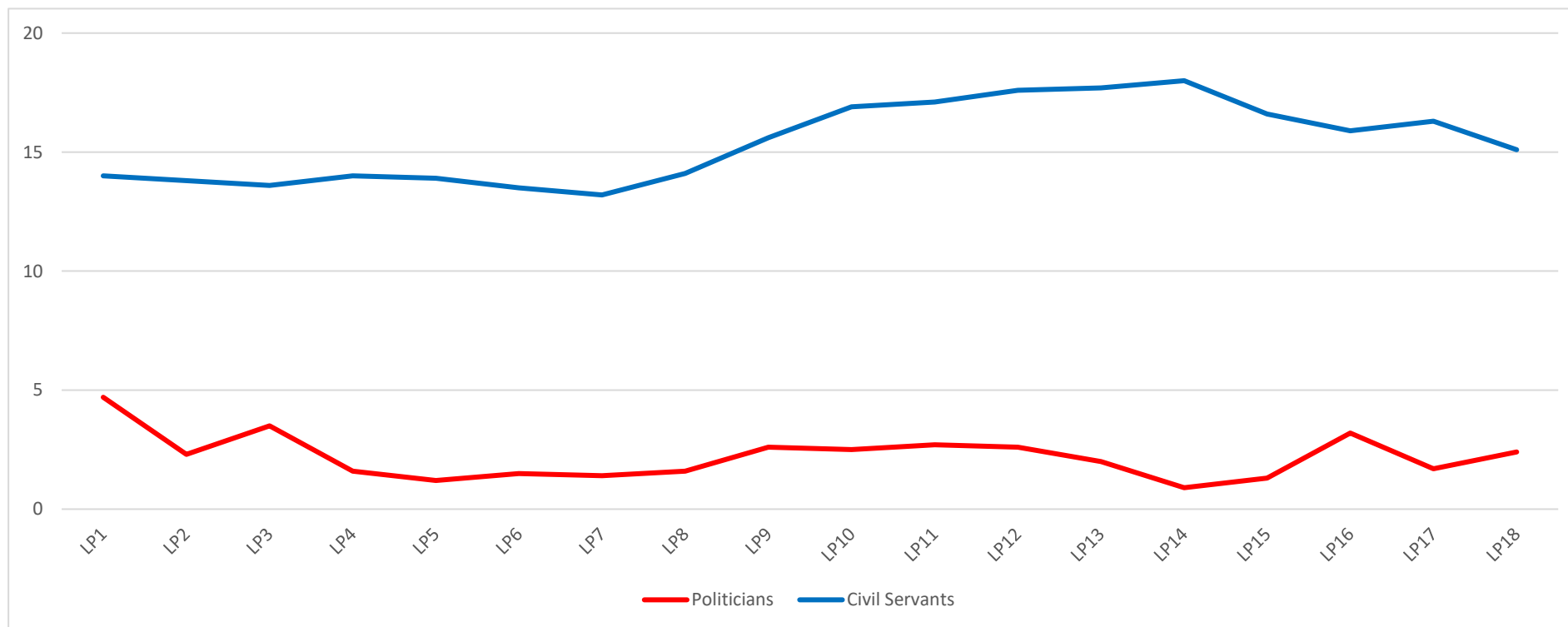
Professional political experience is measured by the total duration of full-time political mandates or full-time activities within a parliamentary group or party. Unsalaries part-time political experience, for example in local government, is not included.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	4,6	4,9	5,9	8,5	10,4	9,3	8,9	8,2	9,7	11,7	11,0	10,4	12,1	14,0	13,7	11,6	12,3	12,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,4	0,2	0,6	0,8	1,1	1,4	1,4	0,8	0,9	1,3	1,7	1,7
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	0,7	0,9	0,9	1,6	2,1	1,9	2,0	1,7	3,1	3,0	3,3	3,5	3,5	3,6	3,3	3,5	3,8	3,8

#### 4.8 Duration of Professional Administrative Experience in Pre-Positions in Years

Professional administrative experience is acquired through positions in public administration. The sector “public administration” includes all administrative positions in state or federal ministries and agencies as well as all administrative positions at a municipal and district level and their functional equivalents in the respective political systems. It does not include positions in other civil service branches such as teachers or positions in judicial administration.



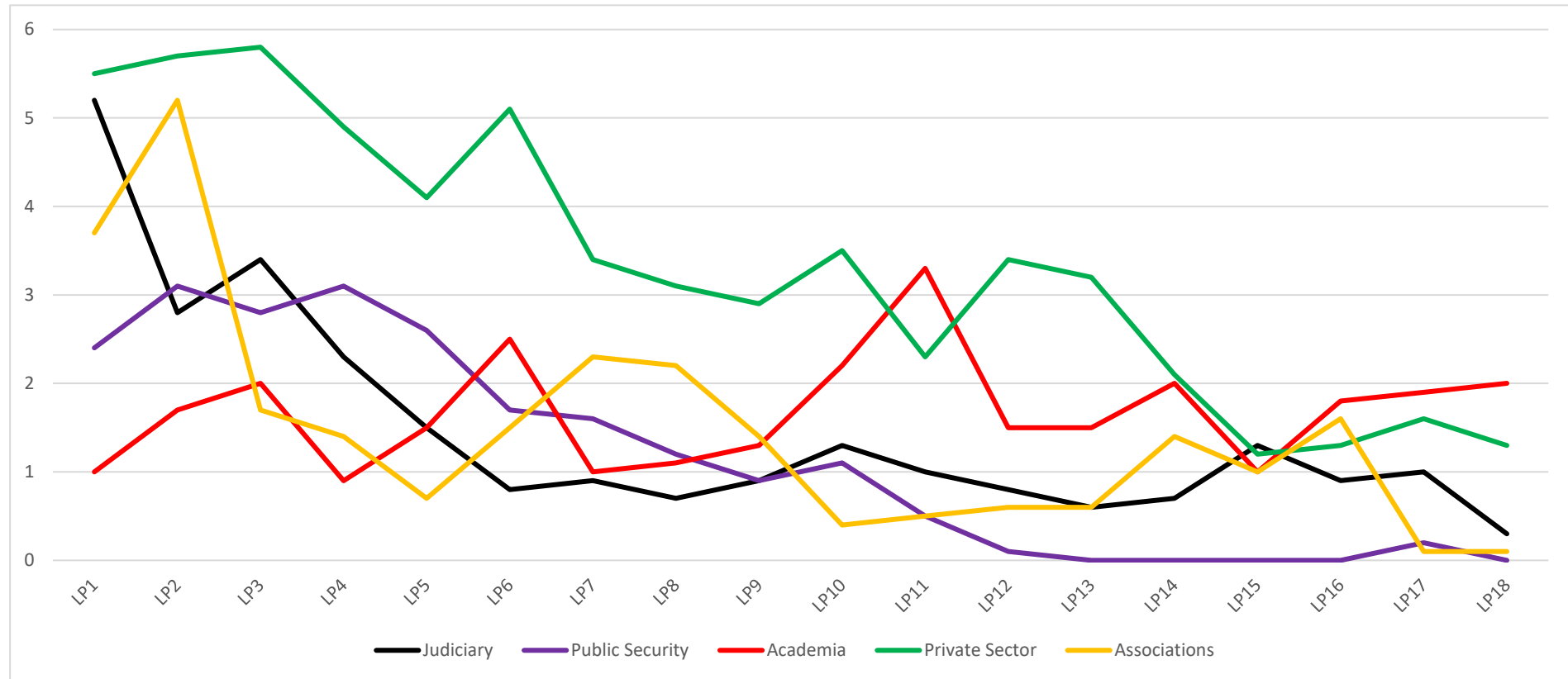
	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	4,7	2,3	3,5	1,6	1,2	1,5	1,4	1,6	2,6	2,5	2,7	2,6	2,0	0,9	1,3	3,2	1,7	2,4
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	14,0	13,8	13,6	14	13,9	13,5	13,2	14,1	15,6	16,9	17,1	17,6	17,7	18,0	16,6	15,9	16,3	15,1
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	12,9	12,3	12,5	12,1	11,7	11,6	11,0	11,8	12,0	14,0	13,9	14,2	14,6	14,4	13,7	13,2	13,5	12,5

#### 4.9 Duration of Professional Experience in Other Sectors in Pre-Positions in Years

Professional experience outside of politics and public administration is acquired in all professional positions that cannot be assigned to politics (see 4.7) or public administration (see 4.8). The figure shows the five most frequently occurring sectors.

- The private sector includes all positions in private companies and enterprises as well as self-employed persons in private enterprises. Exceptions are self-employed lawyers (sector “judiciary”), self-employed physicians (sector “health”) and self-employed artists (sector “culture”).
- The sector “associations” includes all positions in unions, non-governmental organizations and other interest groups.
- The sector “academia” includes all scientific staff at universities and research institutes or equivalent organizations.
- The sector “public security” includes all positions in the police or military.
- The sector “media” includes journalists and all other positions at newspapers or TV stations.

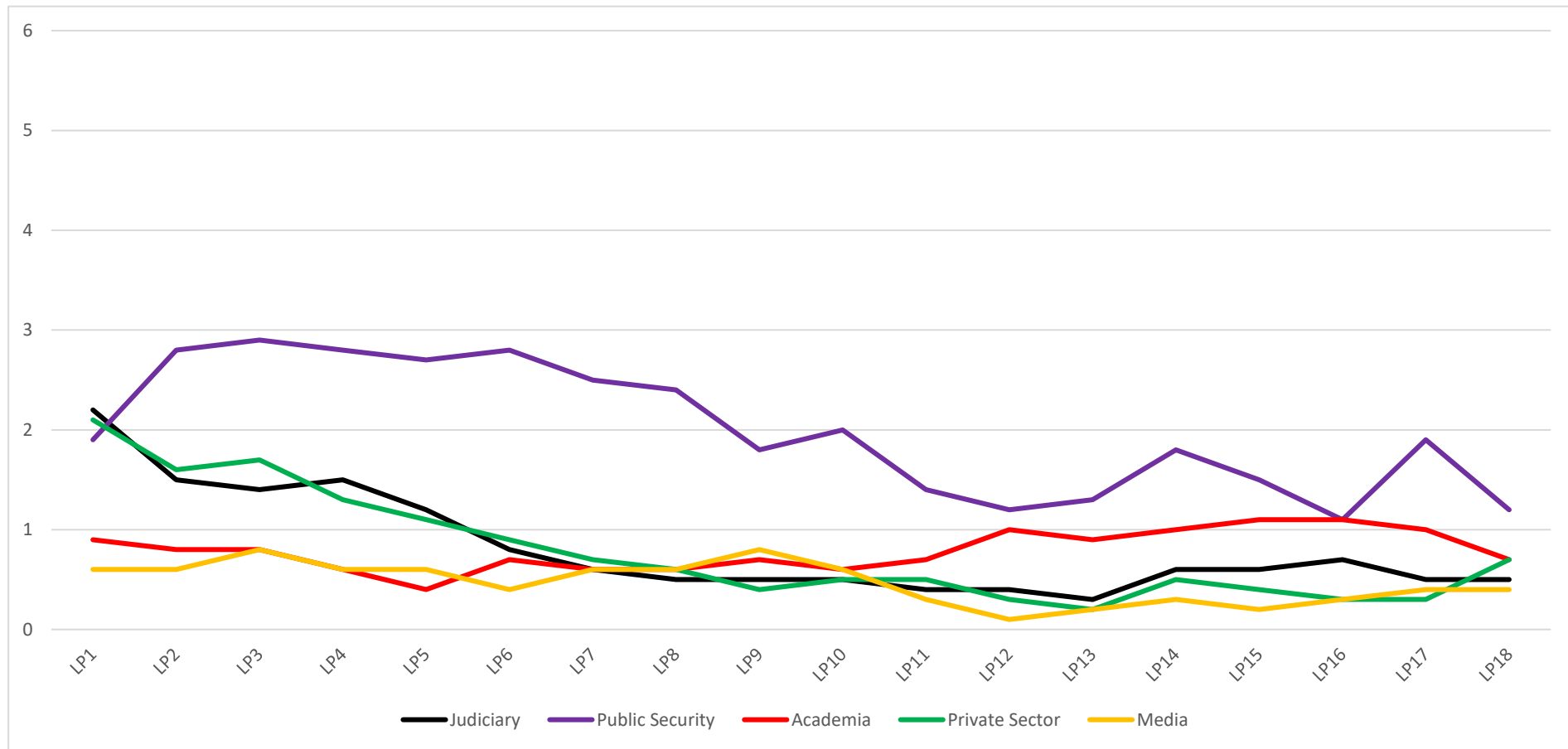
## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$
Judiciary	5,2	2,8	3,4	2,3	1,5	0,8	0,9	0,7	0,9	1,3	1,0	0,8	0,6	0,7	1,3	0,9	1,0	0,3
Public Security	2,4	3,1	2,8	3,1	2,6	1,7	1,6	1,2	0,9	1,1	0,5	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,0
Academia	1,0	1,7	2,0	0,9	1,5	2,5	1,0	1,1	1,3	2,2	3,3	1,5	1,5	2,0	1,0	1,8	1,9	2,0
Private Sector	5,5	5,7	5,8	4,9	4,1	5,1	3,4	3,1	2,9	3,5	2,3	3,4	3,2	2,1	1,2	1,3	1,6	1,3
Associations	3,7	5,2	1,7	1,4	0,7	1,5	2,3	2,2	1,4	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,6	1,4	1,0	1,6	0,1	0,1
N	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56



## Civil Servants

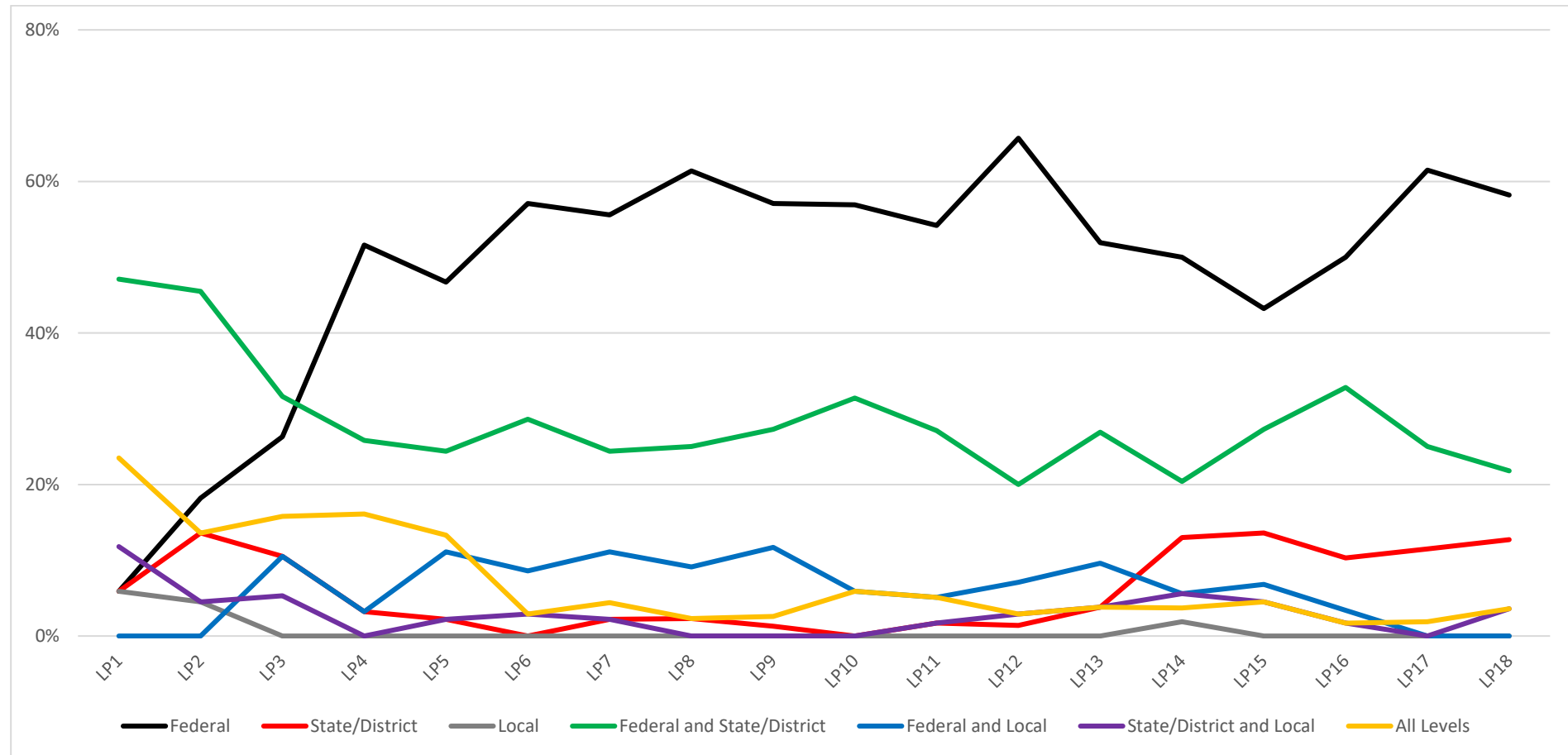


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$
Judiciary	2,2	1,5	1,4	1,5	1,2	0,8	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,5	0,5
Public Security	1,9	2,8	2,9	2,8	2,7	2,8	2,5	2,4	1,8	2,0	1,4	1,2	1,3	1,8	1,5	1,1	1,9	1,2
Academia	0,9	0,8	0,8	0,6	0,4	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,6	0,7	1,0	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,1	1,0	0,7
Private Sector	2,1	1,6	1,7	1,3	1,1	0,9	0,7	0,6	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,3	0,2	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,3	0,7
Media	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,6	0,6	0,4	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,6	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,4
N	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

#### 4.10 Level Experience in Pre-Positions

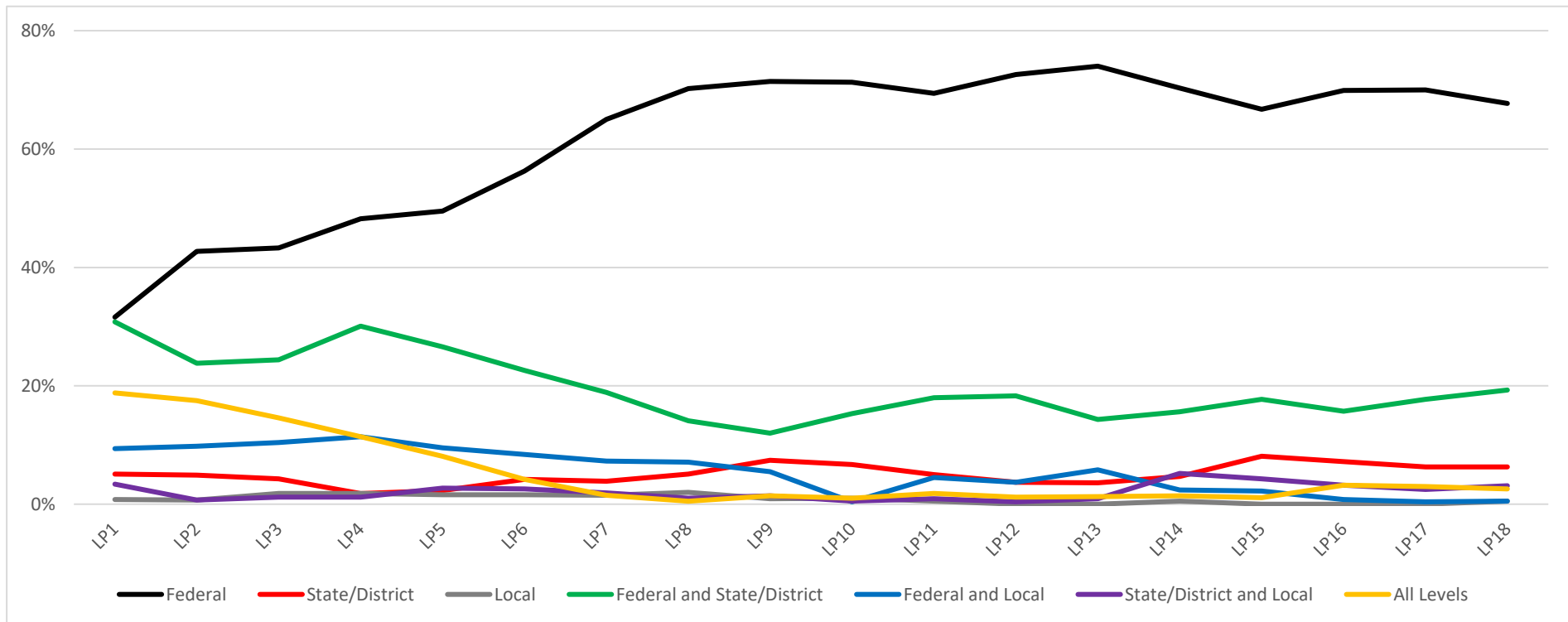
The data set covers professional experience at local, state, district and federal level. Only positions in the political and administrative sectors can be assigned to one level; the population for the following data therefore consists of those individuals for whom it is known that they held at least one position in politics and/or administration before joining the elite.

##### Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Federal</b>	5,9	18,2	26,3	51,6	46,7	57,1	55,6	61,4	57,1	56,9	54,2	65,7	51,9	50,0	43,2	50,0	61,5	58,2
<b>State/District</b>	5,9	13,6	10,5	3,2	2,2	0,0	2,2	2,3	1,3	0,0	1,7	1,4	3,8	13,0	13,6	10,3	11,5	12,7
<b>Local</b>	5,9	4,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Federal and State/District</b>	47,1	45,5	31,6	25,8	24,4	28,6	24,4	25,0	27,3	31,4	27,1	20,0	26,9	20,4	27,3	32,8	25,0	21,8
<b>Federal and Local</b>	0,0	0,0	10,5	3,2	11,1	8,6	11,1	9,1	11,7	5,9	5,1	7,1	9,6	5,6	6,8	3,4	0,0	0,0
<b>State/District and Local</b>	11,8	4,5	5,3	0,0	2,2	2,9	2,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,7	2,9	3,8	5,6	4,5	1,7	0,0	3,6
<b>All Levels</b>	23,5	13,6	15,8	16,1	13,3	2,9	4,4	2,3	2,6	5,9	5,1	2,9	3,8	3,7	4,5	1,7	1,9	3,6
<b>N</b>	17	22	19	31	45	35	45	44	77	51	59	70	52	54	44	58	52	55

## Civil Servants

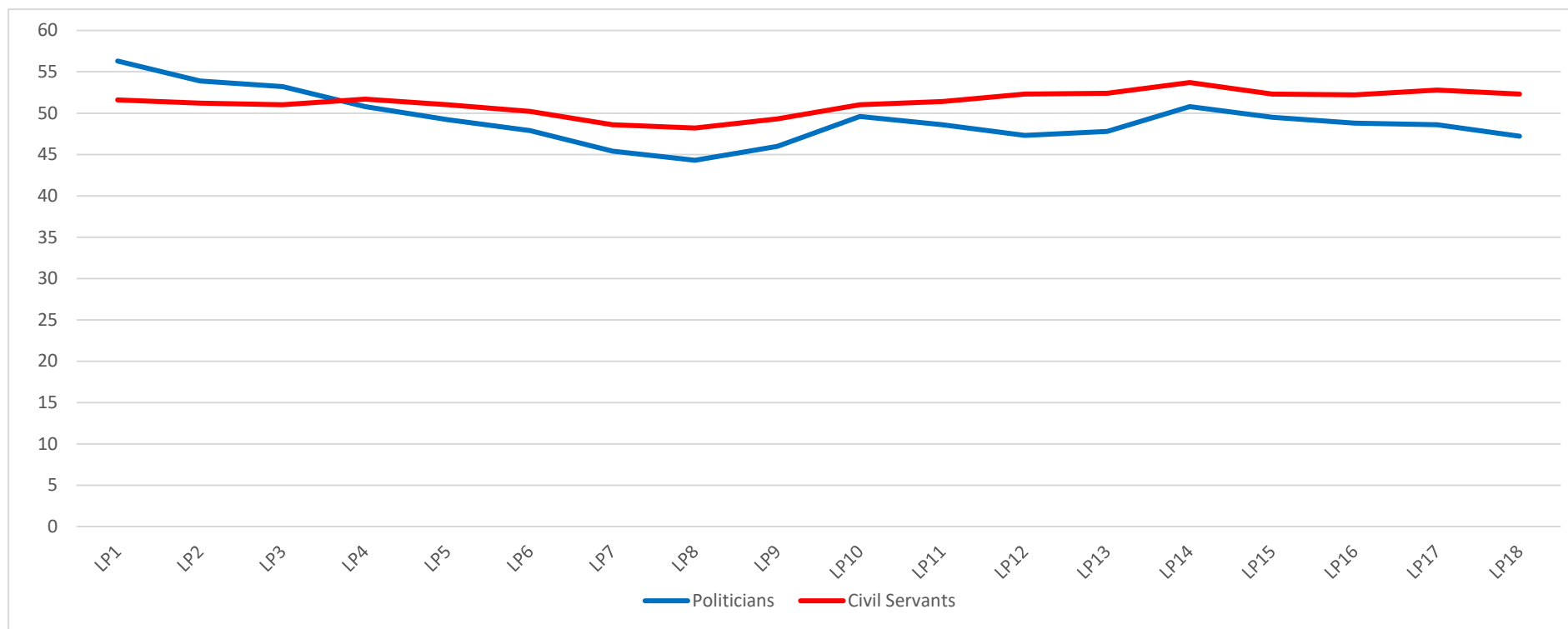


Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Federal</b>	31,6	43,3	44,0	45,3	49,3	55,7	65,5	70,5	71,4	71,8	69,4	72,8	74,9	70,6	65,3	69,3	73,2	67,7
<b>State/District</b>	5,1	4,3	3,8	1,7	2,3	4,4	4,0	5,2	7,1	6,3	4,6	3,8	3,8	5,0	8,5	7,3	6,3	6,3
<b>Local</b>	0,9	0,7	1,9	1,7	1,4	1,6	1,5	2,1	1,0	1,0	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5
<b>Federal and State/District</b>	30,8	23,4	24,5	28,5	26,0	22,4	18,0	13,5	11,9	15,0	18,1	18,3	13,7	14,9	18,2	15,6	14,6	19,0
<b>Federal and Local</b>	9,4	9,9	10,1	11,0	9,8	70,0	7,5	7,3	5,7	4,4	4,6	3,4	5,7	2,5	2,3	1,0	0,5	0,5
<b>State/District and Local</b>	3,4	0,7	1,3	1,2	2,8	2,7	2,0	1,0	1,4	0,5	0,9	0,4	0,9	5,5	4,5	3,9	2,4	3,2
<b>All Levels</b>	18,8	17,7	14,5	10,5	8,4	4,4	1,5	0,5	1,4	1,0	1,9	1,3	0,9	1,0	1,1	2,9	2,9	2,6
<b>N</b>	117	141	159	172	215	183	200	193	210	206	216	235	211	201	176	205	205	189

## 5 Elite Positions

### 5.1 Age at Elite Entry

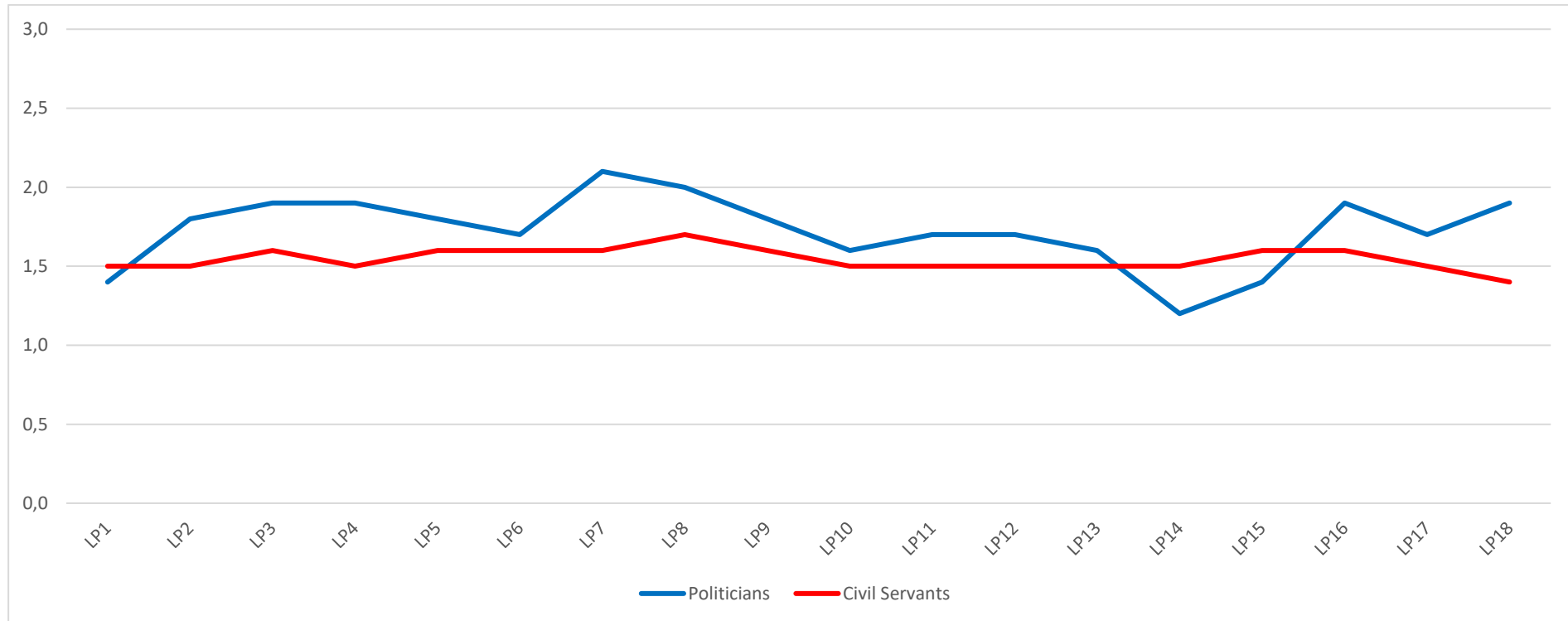
The age of the individual at the time of entry into a level 1-3 position as a civil servant or politician (see 1.2) was recorded.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	56,3	53,9	53,2	50,8	49,2	47,9	45,4	44,3	46,0	49,6	48,6	47,3	47,8	50,8	49,5	48,8	48,6	47,2
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	51,6	51,2	51,0	51,7	51,0	50,2	48,6	48,2	49,3	51,0	51,4	52,3	52,4	53,7	52,3	52,2	52,8	52,3
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	52,2	51,6	51,2	51,6	50,7	49,8	48,0	47,5	48,4	50,7	50,8	51,2	51,5	53,1	48,0	51,5	52,0	51,3

## 5.2 Number of Elite Positions

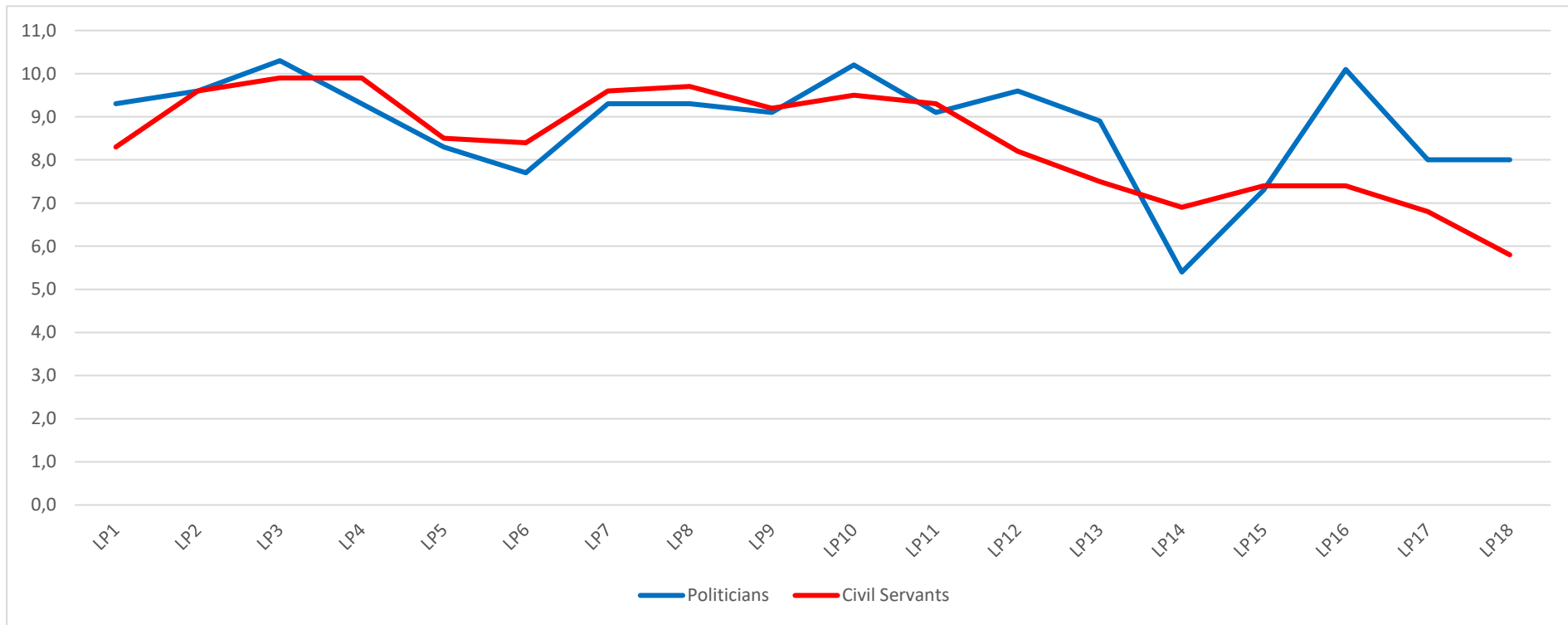
All full-time elite positions were counted. The graph shows the average number of elite positions.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	1,4	1,8	1,9	1,9	1,8	1,7	2,1	2,0	1,8	1,6	1,7	1,7	1,6	1,2	1,4	1,9	1,7	1,9
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	1,5	1,5	1,6	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,7	1,6	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,5	1,4
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	1,5	1,5	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,6	1,7	1,8	1,7	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,4	1,6	1,7	1,5	1,5

### 5.3 Duration of Total Elite Membership in Years

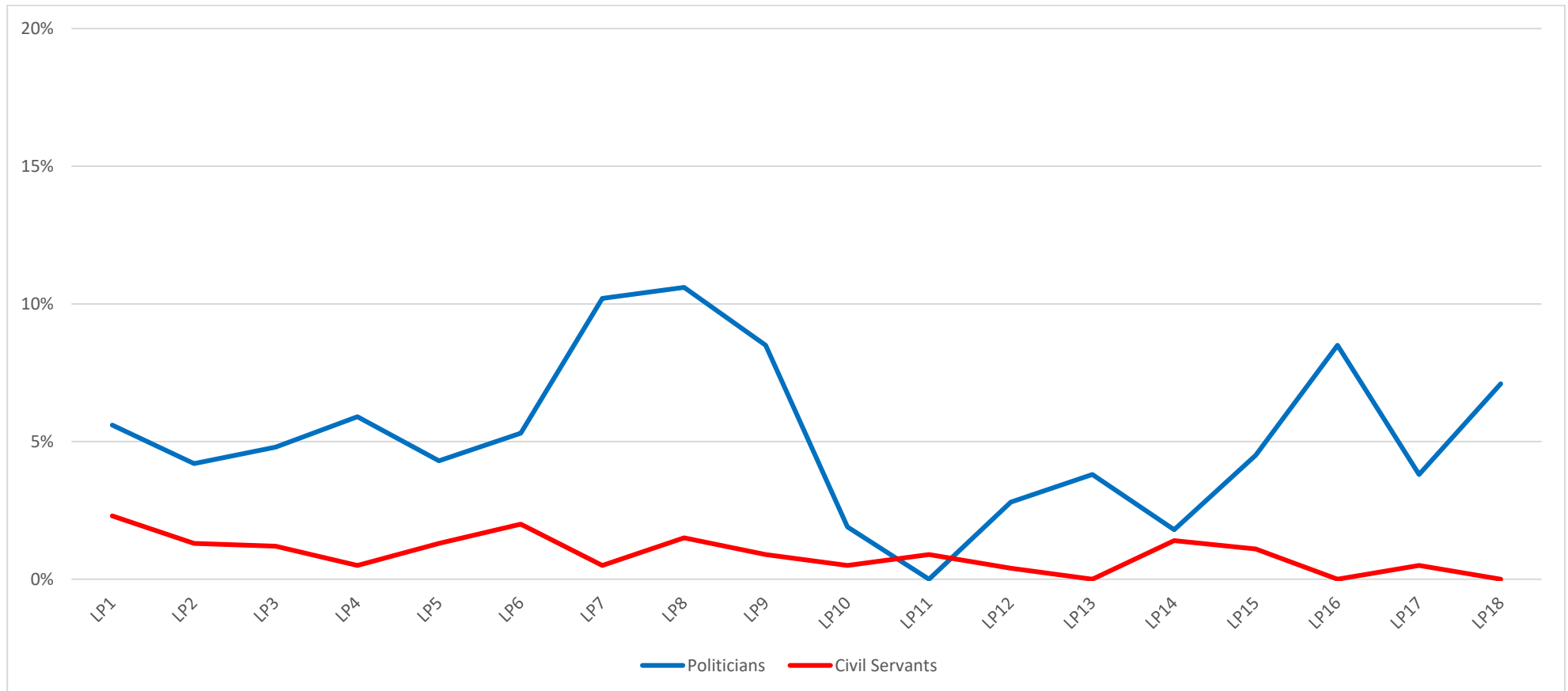
In the systematization used here, elite membership begins when the person first enters an elite position in politics or public administration (see 1.2) and ends when the person leaves their last elite position. Changes of position within this period are not relevant for calculating the total duration of elite membership. If a person has held a position outside the political-administrative elite between assuming various elite positions or has, for example, been in temporary retirement, the corresponding time is not included.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	9,3	9,6	10,3	9,3	8,3	7,7	9,3	9,3	9,1	10,2	9,1	9,6	8,9	5,4	7,3	10,1	8,0	8,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	8,3	9,6	9,9	9,9	8,5	8,4	9,6	9,7	9,2	9,5	9,3	8,2	7,5	6,9	7,4	7,4	6,8	5,8
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	8,4	9,6	9,9	9,8	8,5	8,3	9,5	9,6	9,2	9,6	9,3	8,5	7,8	6,6	7,4	8,0	7,0	6,3

## 5.4 Proportion of Individuals in Political and Administrative Elite Positions

The following figure shows the share of those members of the political elite who additionally were members of the administrative elite in the overall course of their careers. The figure also shows the share of those members of the administrative elite who additionally were members of the political elite in the overall course of their careers (see 1.2).

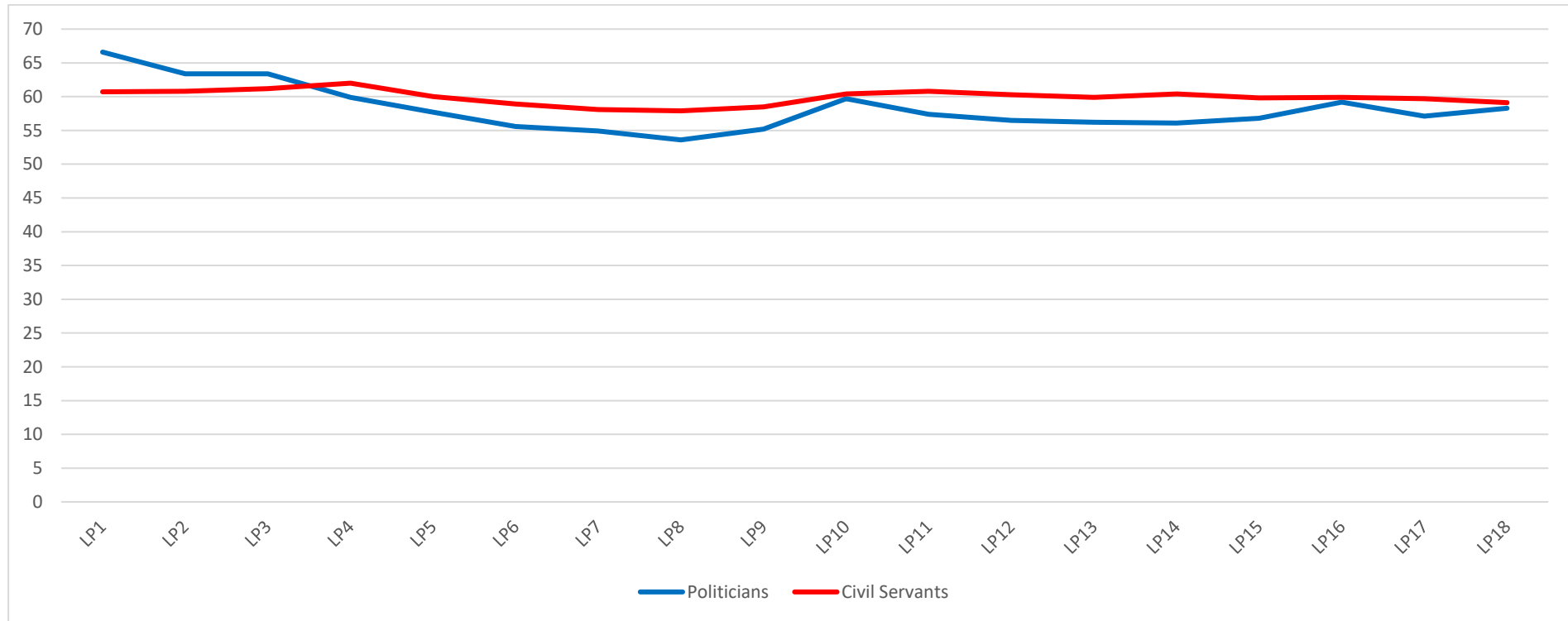




	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	5,6	4,2	4,8	5,9	4,3	5,3	10,2	10,6	8,5	1,9	0,0	2,8	3,8	1,8	4,5	8,5	3,8	7,1
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	2,3	1,3	1,2	0,5	1,3	2,0	0,5	1,5	0,9	0,5	0,9	0,4	0,0	1,4	1,1	0,0	0,5	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (%)</b>	2,7	1,7	1,5	1,4	1,8	2,5	2,3	3,2	3,0	0,8	0,7	1,0	0,7	1,5	1,7	1,8	1,1	1,5

## 5.5 Age at Elite Exit

The graph reports the average age of elite members in the different LPs at the time of leaving their last elite position in politics or public administration.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (x̄)</b>	66,6	63,4	63,4	59,9	57,7	55,6	54,9	53,6	55,2	59,7	57,4	56,5	56,2	56,1	56,8	59,2	57,1	58,3
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (x̄)</b>	60,7	60,8	61,2	62,0	60,0	58,9	58,1	57,9	58,5	60,4	60,8	60,3	59,9	60,4	59,8	59,9	59,7	59,1
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (x̄)</b>	61,4	61,1	61,4	61,7	59,6	58,4	57,5	57,1	57,6	60,3	60,0	59,4	59,2	59,5	59,2	59,8	59,2	58,9

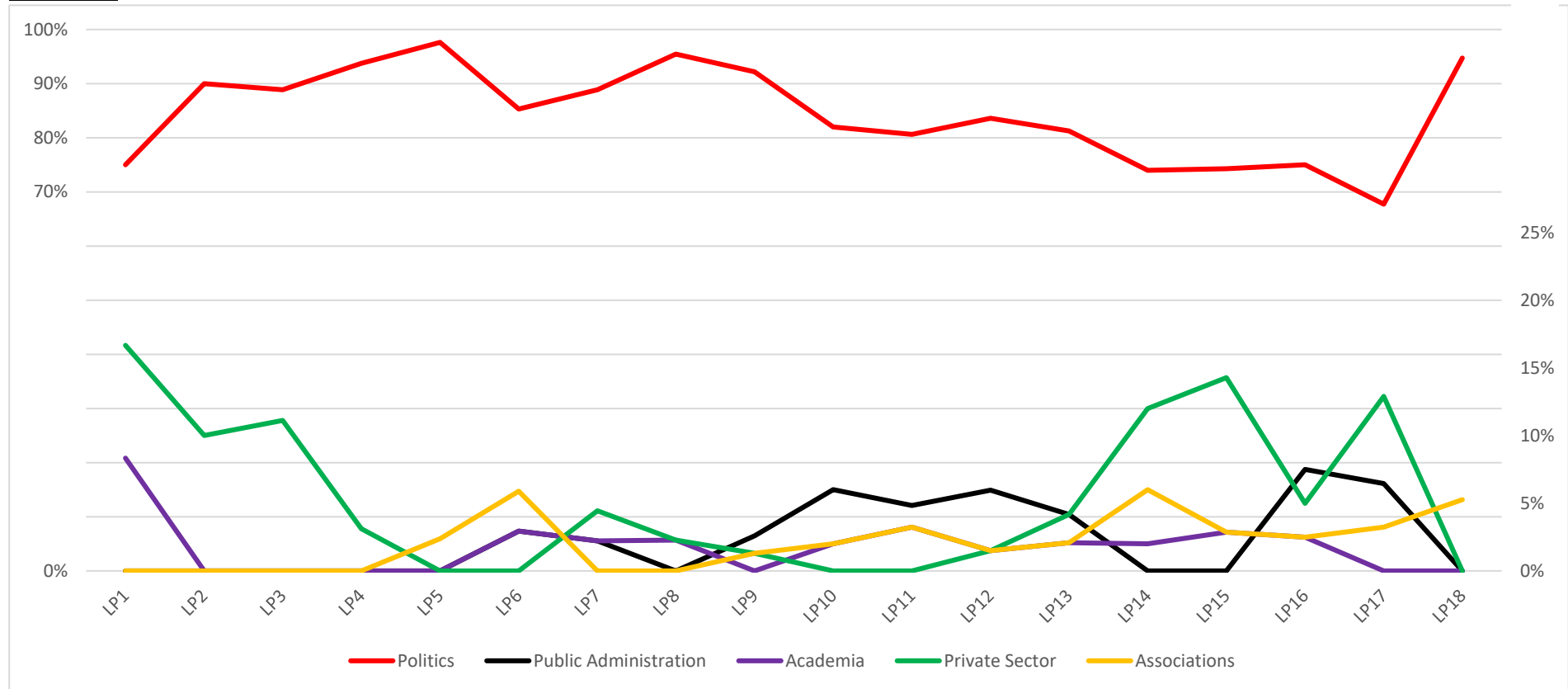
## 6 Post-Elite Position

### 6.1 First Post-Elite Position

Recorded was the first professional position after elite exit. This is shown here according to the corresponding sectors. The five most common sectors are included in the figure. If a person is no longer practicing an occupation after leaving the elite, but, for example, has retired, is unable to work or has passed away, they are not included in the figure. Accordingly, the percentages in the table refer to the number of people who were still engaged in an occupation after leaving the elite.

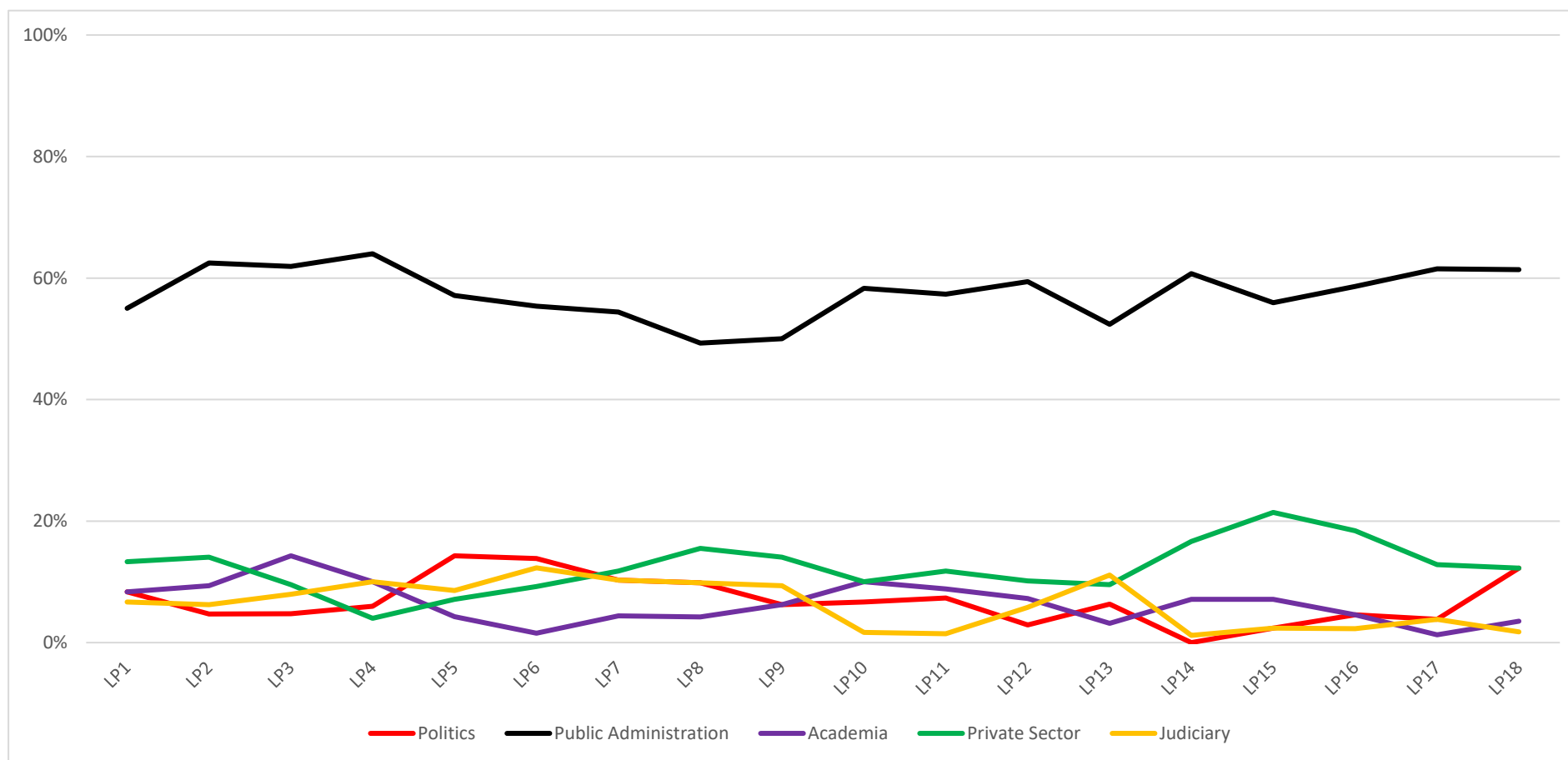
- The sector “politics” was subdivided into "politics with mandate" (this includes members of parliament and government politicians) and "politics without mandate" (professional party employees, parliamentary employees, personal employees of members of parliament).
- The sector “public administration” includes all administrative positions in state or federal ministries and agencies as well as all administrative positions at a municipal and district level and their functional equivalents in the respective political systems. It does not include positions in other civil service branches such as teachers or positions in judicial administration.
- The sector “academia” includes all scientific staff at universities and research institutes or equivalent organizations.
- The private sector includes all positions in private companies and enterprises as well as self-employed persons in private enterprises. Exceptions are self-employed lawyers (sector “judiciary”), self-employed physicians (sector “health”) and self-employed artists (sector “culture”).
- The sector “associations” includes all positions in unions, non-governmental organizations and other interest groups.
- The sector “judiciary” includes positions as judges, attorneys, lawyers and law clerks.

## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	75,0	90,0	88,9	93,8	97,6	85,3	88,9	95,5	92,2	82,0	80,6	83,6	81,3	74,0	74,3	75,0	67,7	94,7
<b>Public Admin.</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,9	2,2	0,0	2,6	6,0	4,8	6,0	4,2	0,0	0,0	7,5	6,5	0,0
<b>Academia</b>	8,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,9	2,2	2,3	0,0	2,0	3,2	1,5	2,1	2,0	2,9	2,5	0,0	0,0
<b>Private Sector</b>	16,7	10,0	11,1	3,1	0,0	0,0	4,4	2,3	1,3	0,0	0,0	1,5	4,2	12,0	14,3	5,0	12,9	0,0
<b>Associations</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,4	5,9	0,0	0,0	1,3	2,0	3,2	1,5	2,1	6,0	2,9	2,5	3,2	5,3
<b>N</b>	12	20	18	32	42	34	45	44	77	50	62	67	48	50	35	40	31	19

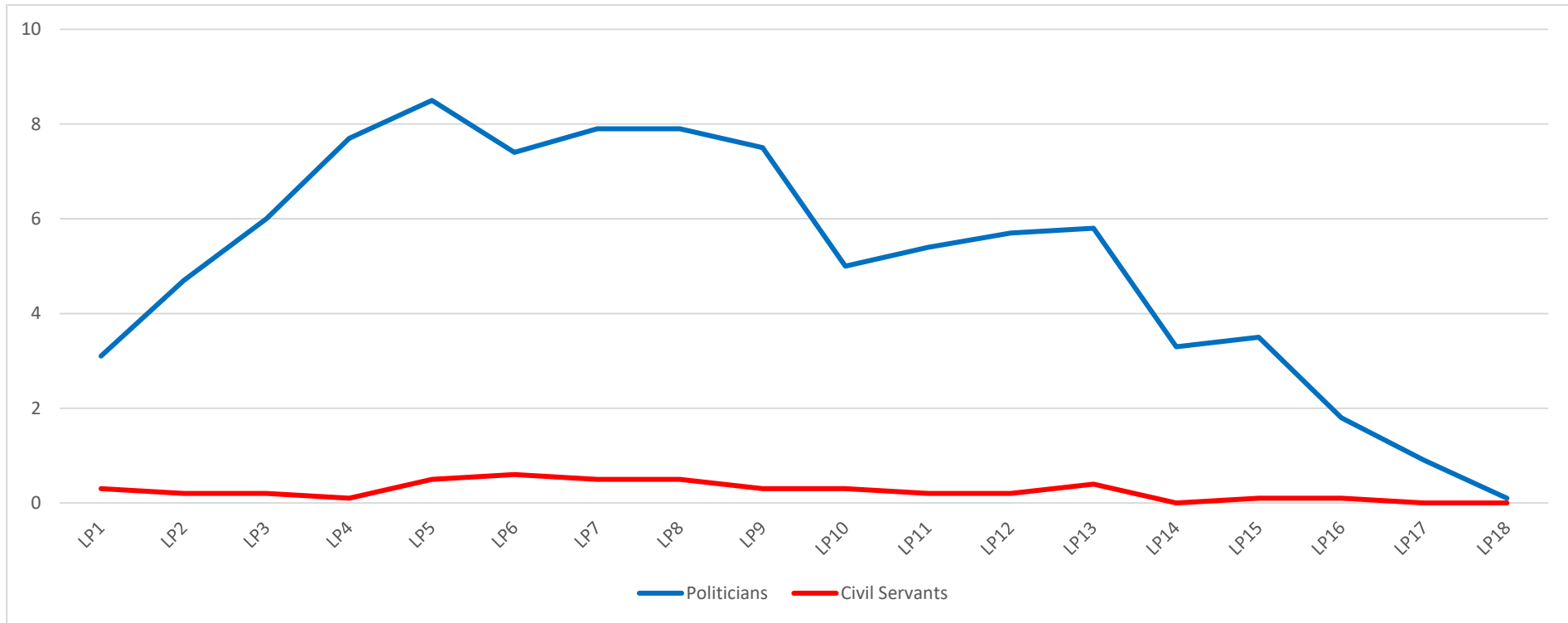
## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Politics	8,3	4,7	4,8	6,0	14,3	13,8	10,3	9,9	6,3	6,7	7,4	2,9	6,3	0,0	2,4	4,6	3,8	12,3
Public Admin.	55,0	62,5	61,9	64,0	57,1	55,4	54,4	49,3	50,0	58,3	57,4	59,4	52,4	60,7	56,0	58,6	61,5	61,4
Academia	8,3	9,4	14,3	10,0	4,3	1,5	4,4	4,2	6,3	10,0	8,8	7,2	3,2	7,1	7,1	4,6	1,3	3,5
Private Sector	13,3	14,1	9,5	4,0	7,1	9,2	11,8	15,5	14,1	10,0	11,8	10,1	9,5	16,7	21,4	18,4	12,8	12,3
Judiciary	6,7	6,3	7,9	10,0	8,6	12,3	10,3	9,9	9,4	1,7	1,5	5,8	11,1	1,2	2,4	2,3	3,8	1,8
N	60	64	63	50	70	65	68	71	64	60	68	69	63	84	84	87	78	57

## 6.2 Duration of Professional Political Experience in Post-Elite Positions in Years

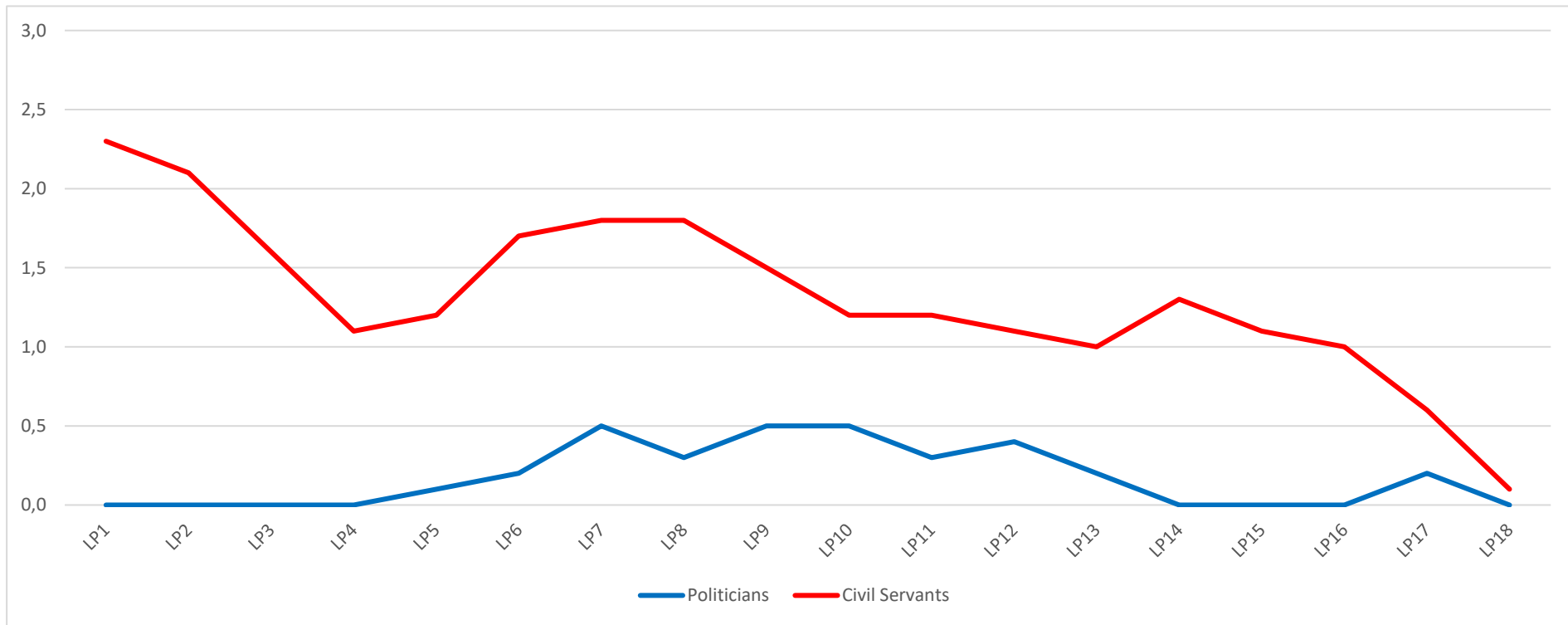
Professional political experience is measured through the total duration of full-time political mandates or full-time activities within a parliamentary group or party. Unsalaries part-time political experience, for example in local government, is not included.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (x̄)</b>	3,1	4,7	6,0	7,7	8,5	7,4	7,9	7,9	7,5	5,0	5,4	5,7	5,8	3,3	3,5	1,8	0,9	0,1
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (x̄)</b>	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,4	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (x̄)</b>	0,6	0,8	0,8	1,3	1,9	1,7	1,9	1,9	2,3	1,2	1,4	1,5	1,5	0,7	0,7	0,5	0,2	0,0

### 6.3 Duration of Professional Administrative Experience in Post-Elite Positions in Years

Professional administrative experience is acquired through positions in public administration. The sector “public administration” includes all administrative positions in state or federal ministries and agencies as well as all administrative positions at a municipal and district level and their functional equivalents in the respective political systems. It does not include positions in other civil service branches such as teachers or positions in judicial administration.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (x̄)</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,5	0,3	0,5	0,5	0,3	0,4	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (x̄)</b>	2,3	2,1	1,6	1,1	1,2	1,7	1,8	1,8	1,5	1,2	1,2	1,1	1,0	1,3	1,1	1,0	0,6	0,1
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (x̄)</b>	2,0	1,8	1,4	0,9	1,0	1,5	1,6	1,5	1,2	1,1	1,0	0,9	0,8	1,0	0,9	0,8	0,5	0,1

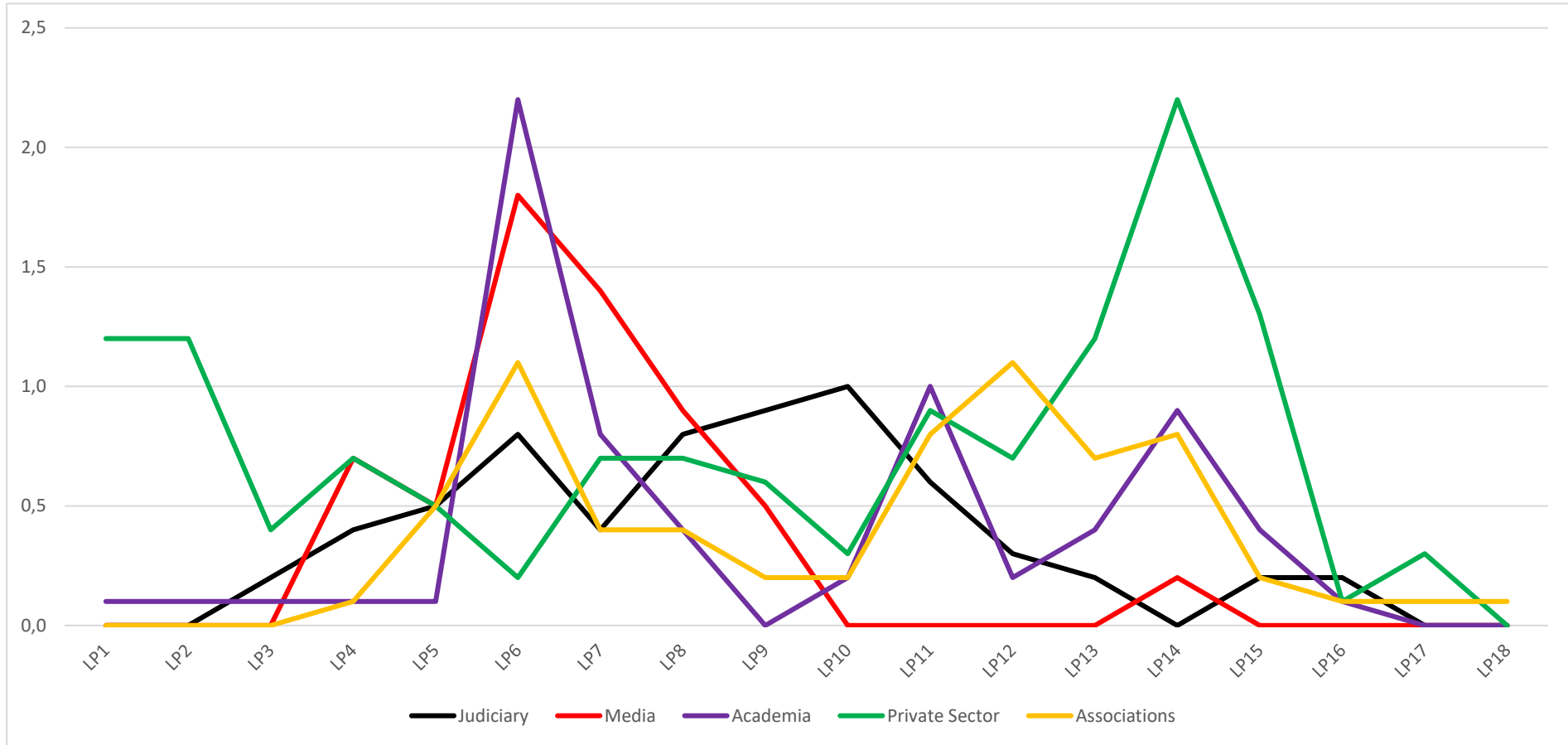
#### 6.4 Duration of Professional Experience in Other Sectors in Post-Elite Positions in Years

Professional experience outside of politics and administration is acquired in all professional positions that cannot be assigned to full-time political positions (see 4.7) or public administration positions (see 4.8). The figure shows the five most common sectors.

- The sector “judiciary” includes positions as judges, attorneys, lawyers and law clerks.
- The sector “media” includes journalists and all other positions at newspapers or TV stations.
- The sector “academia” includes all scientific staff at universities and research institutes or equivalent organizations.
- The private sector includes all positions in private companies and enterprises as well as self-employed persons in private enterprises. Exceptions are self-employed lawyers (sector “judiciary”), self-employed physicians (sector “health”) and self-employed artists (sector “culture”).
- The sector “associations” includes all positions in unions, non-governmental organizations and other interest groups.

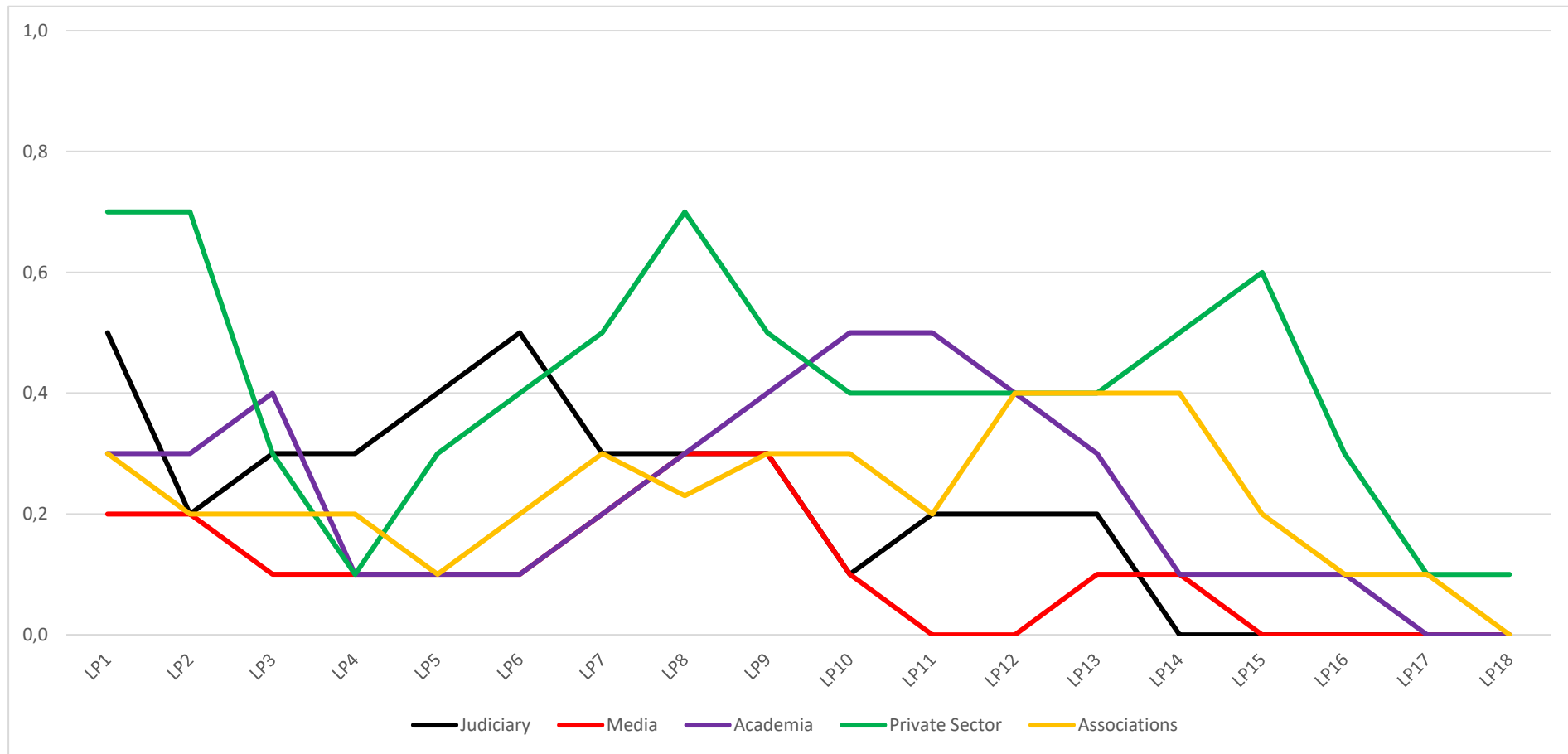


## Politicians



Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$
Judiciary	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,4	0,5	0,8	0,4	0,8	0,9	1,0	0,6	0,3	0,2	0,0	0,2	0,2	0,0	0,0
Media	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,7	0,5	1,8	1,4	0,9	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Academia	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	2,2	0,8	0,4	0,0	0,2	1,0	0,2	0,4	0,9	0,4	0,1	0,0	0,0
Private Sector	1,2	1,2	0,4	0,7	0,5	0,2	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,3	0,9	0,7	1,2	2,2	1,3	0,1	0,3	0,0
Associations	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,5	1,1	0,4	0,4	0,2	0,2	0,8	1,1	0,7	0,8	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1
N	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56

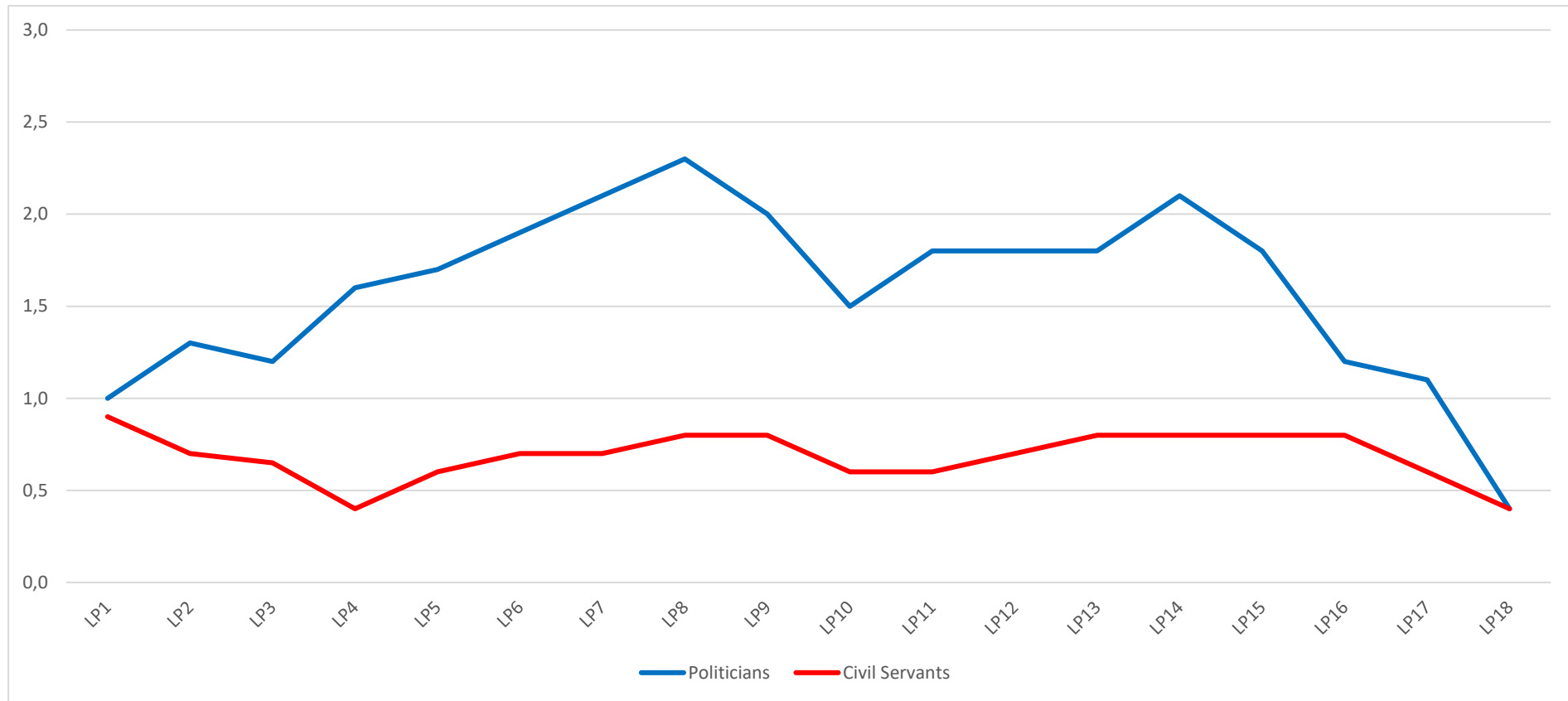
## Civil Servants



Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$	$\bar{x}$
Judiciary	0,5	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Media	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Academia	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,3	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,0
Private Sector	0,7	0,7	0,3	0,1	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,7	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,6	0,3	0,1	0,1
Associations	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,0
N	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

## 6.5 Average Number of Post-Elite Positions

All professional positions held by an individual after elite exit were counted.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	1,0	1,3	1,2	1,6	1,7	1,9	2,1	2,3	2,0	1,5	1,8	1,8	1,8	2,1	1,8	1,2	1,1	0,4
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	0,9	0,7	0,7	0,4	0,6	0,7	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,6	0,4
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	0,9	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,8	0,9	1,0	1,1	1,1	0,8	0,9	1,0	1,0	1,1	1,0	0,9	0,7	0,4

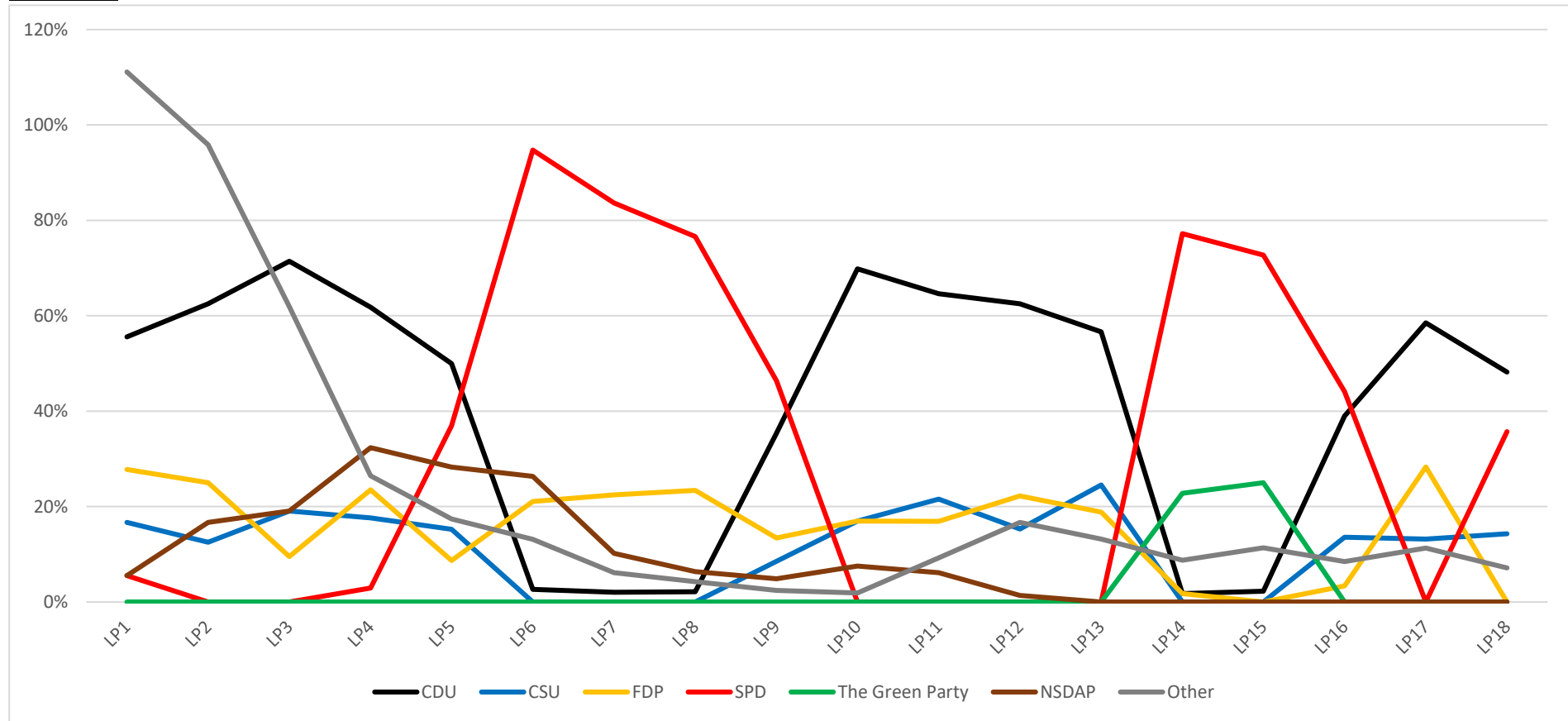
## 7 Political Activity

### 7.1 Party Membership

In the case a person was a member of multiple political parties, up to three party affiliations were noted. The figure presents them in their total. If a person was a member of more than three parties, this information is recorded through the total number of party memberships (see 7.2). The figure shows the five most common parties. Since the year of party entry or change is not always known, the figure shows those parties, which the elite members of the corresponding legislative period were members of in the course of their entire lives. The population for the calculations is all elite members. Since several elite members held several party memberships, the columns add up to more than 100%.

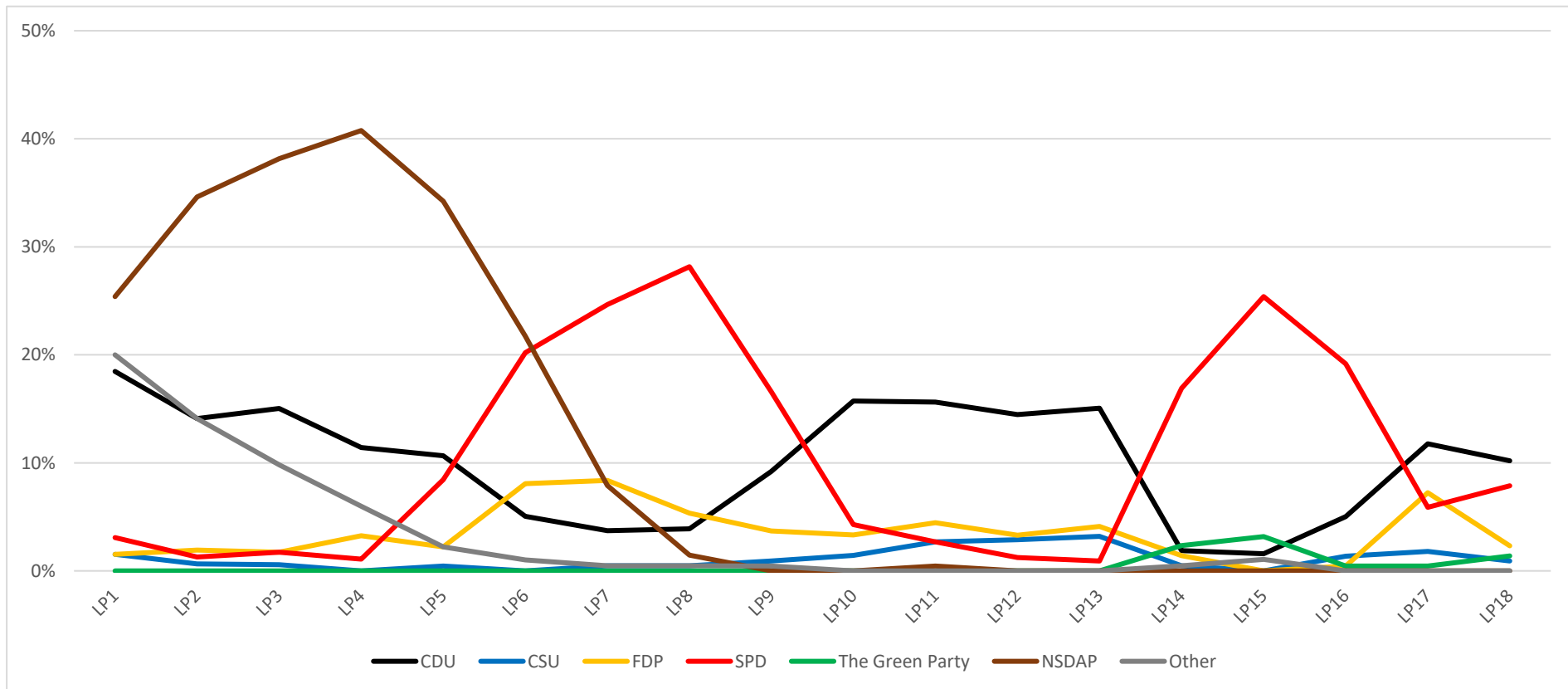
The graphs report on publicly known party memberships only as in Germany, party membership is not recorded in personnel files. The actual share of party members among civil servants is likely to be considerably higher.

## Politicians



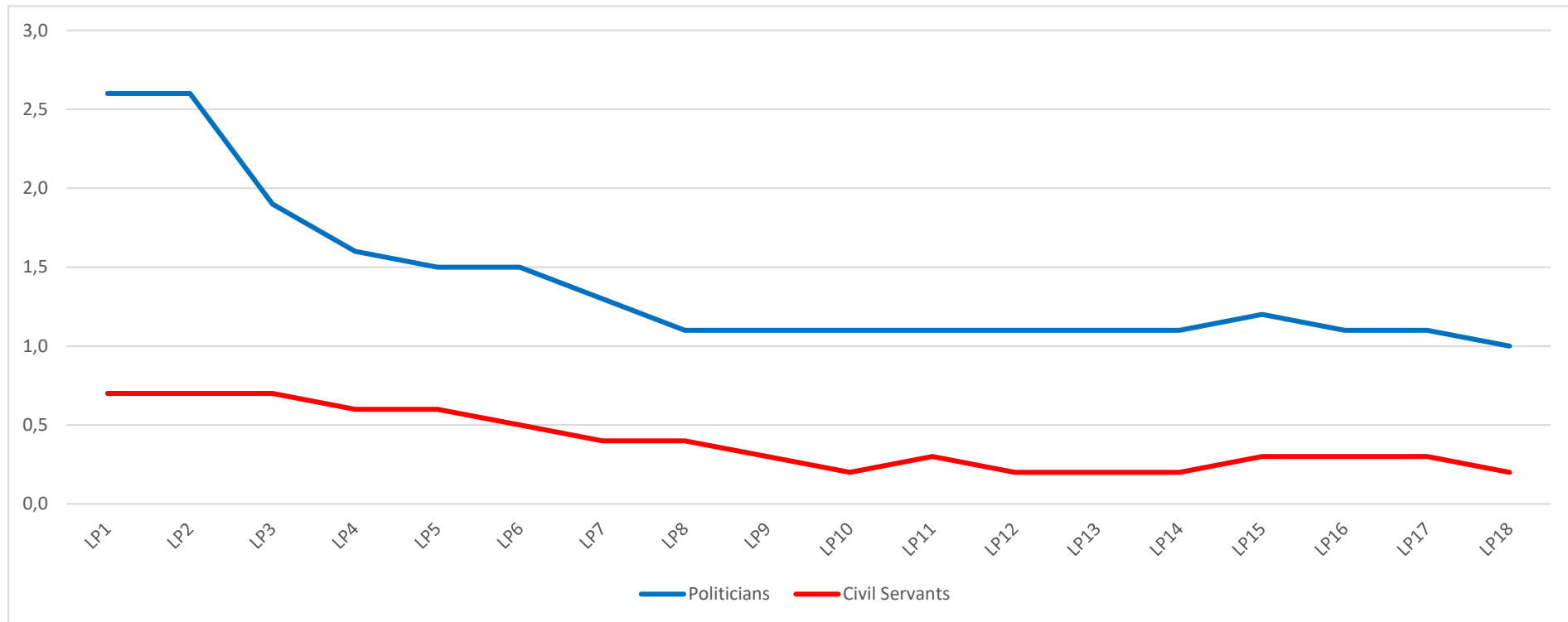
Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>CDU</b>	55,6	62,5	71,4	61,8	50,0	2,6	2,0	2,1	35,4	69,8	64,6	62,5	56,6	1,8	2,3	39,0	58,5	48,2
<b>CSU</b>	16,7	12,5	19,0	17,6	15,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	8,5	17,0	21,5	15,3	24,5	0,0	0,0	13,6	13,2	14,3
<b>FDP</b>	27,8	25,0	9,5	23,5	8,7	21,1	22,4	23,4	13,4	17,0	16,9	22,2	18,9	1,8	0,0	3,4	28,3	0,0
<b>SPD</b>	5,6	0,0	0,0	2,9	37,0	94,7	83,7	76,6	46,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	77,2	72,7	44,1	0,0	35,7
<b>The Green Party</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	22,8	25,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>NSDAP</b>	5,6	16,7	19,0	32,4	28,3	26,3	10,2	6,4	4,9	7,5	6,2	1,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Other</b>	111,1	95,8	61,9	26,5	17,4	13,2	6,1	4,3	2,4	1,9	9,2	16,7	13,2	8,8	11,4	8,5	11,3	7,1
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56

## Civil Servants



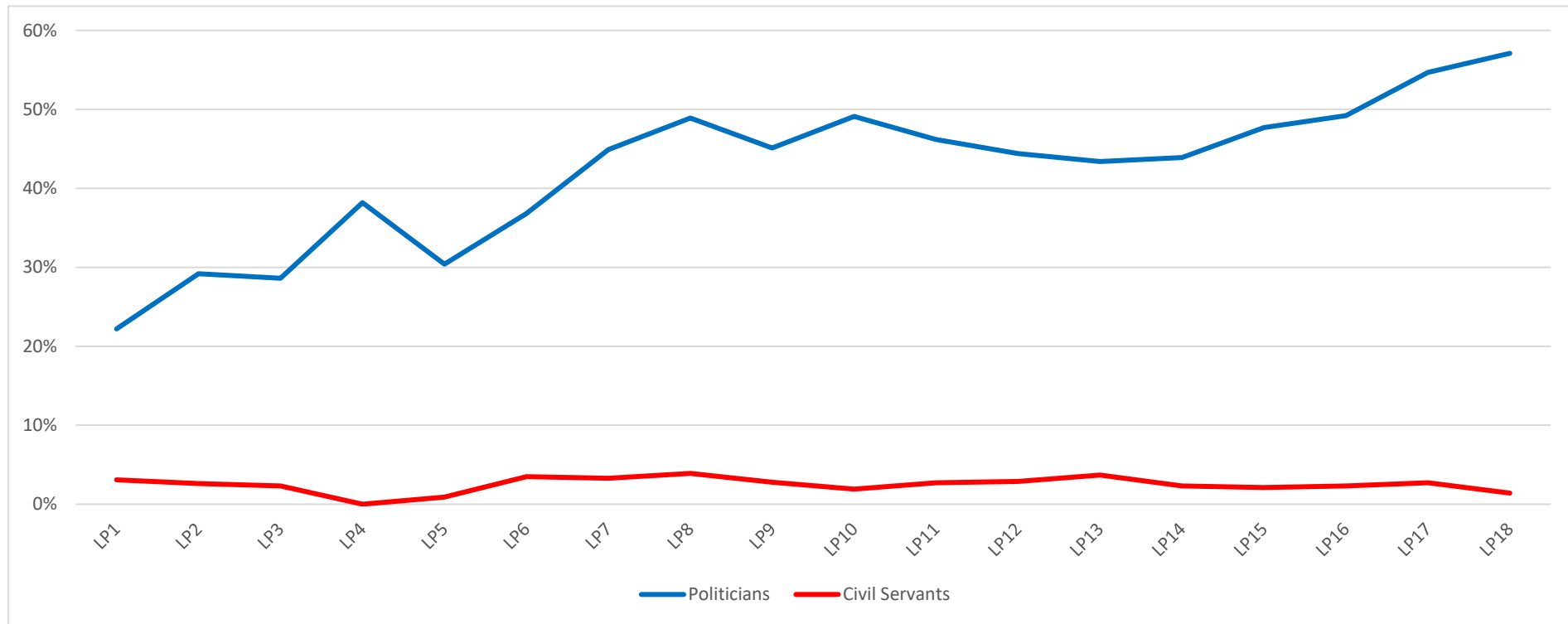
Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>CDU</b>	18,5	14,1	15,0	11,4	10,7	5,1	3,7	3,9	9,2	15,7	15,6	14,5	15,1	1,9	1,6	5,0	11,8	10,2
<b>CSU</b>	1,5	0,6	0,6	0,0	0,4	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,9	1,4	2,7	2,9	3,2	0,5	0,0	1,4	1,8	0,9
<b>FDP</b>	1,5	1,9	1,7	3,3	2,2	8,1	8,4	5,3	3,7	3,3	4,5	3,3	4,1	1,4	0,0	0,5	7,2	2,3
<b>SPD</b>	3,1	1,3	1,7	1,1	8,4	20,2	24,7	28,2	16,6	4,3	2,7	1,2	0,9	16,9	25,4	19,2	5,9	7,9
<b>The Green Party</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,3	3,2	0,5	0,5	1,4
<b>NSDAP</b>	25,4	34,6	38,2	40,8	34,2	21,7	7,9	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Other</b>	20,0	14,1	9,8	6,0	2,2	1,0	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,5	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216

## 7.2 Number of Party Memberships



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	2,6	2,6	1,9	1,6	1,5	1,5	1,3	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,1	1,1	1,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	0,7	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,6	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (<math>\bar{x}</math>)</b>	0,9	1,0	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,7	0,6	0,5	0,5	0,4	0,5	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,4

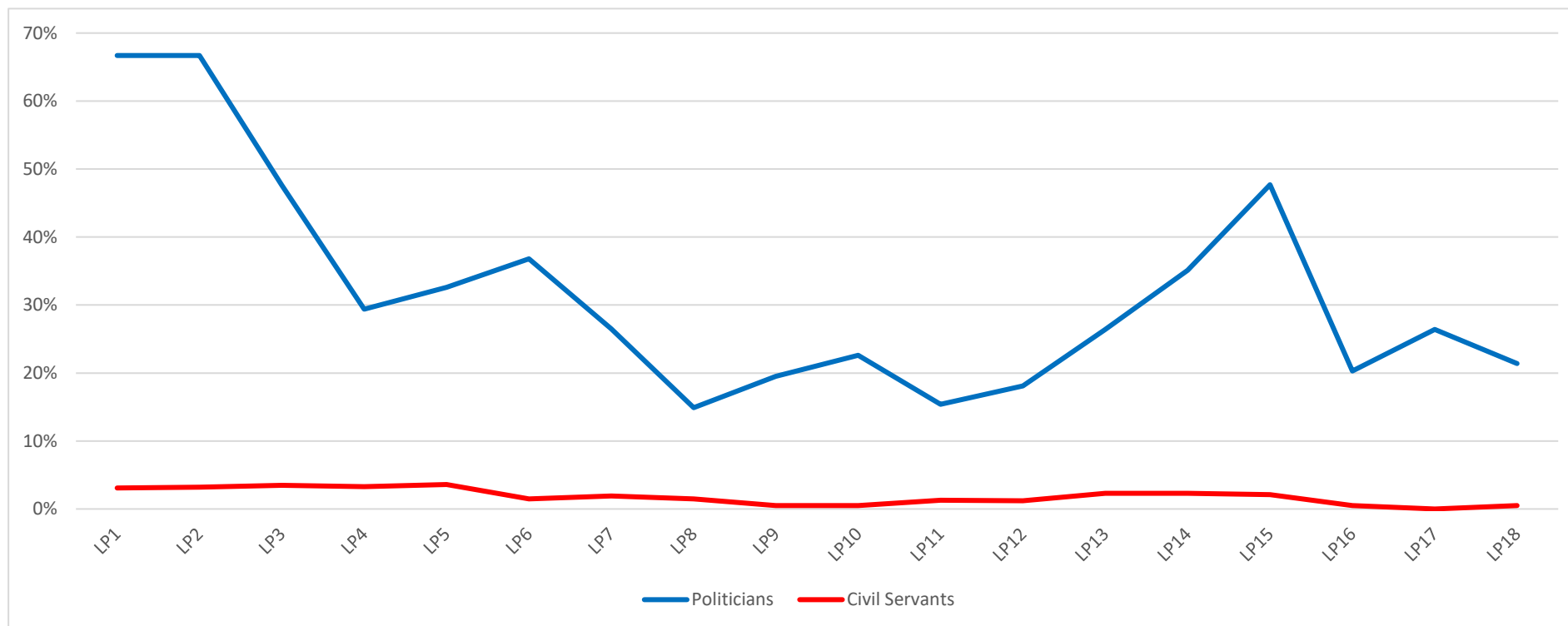
### 7.3 Local Mandate Prior to Elite Entry



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	22,2	29,2	28,6	38,2	30,4	36,8	44,9	48,9	45,1	49,1	46,2	44,4	43,4	43,9	47,7	49,2	54,7	57,1
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	3,1	2,6	2,3	0,0	0,9	3,5	3,3	3,9	2,8	1,9	2,7	2,9	3,7	2,3	2,1	2,3	2,7	1,4
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (%)</b>	5,4	6,1	5,1	6,0	5,9	8,9	11,0	12,3	14,4	11,4	12,5	12,4	11,4	11,1	10,7	12,3	12,8	12,9



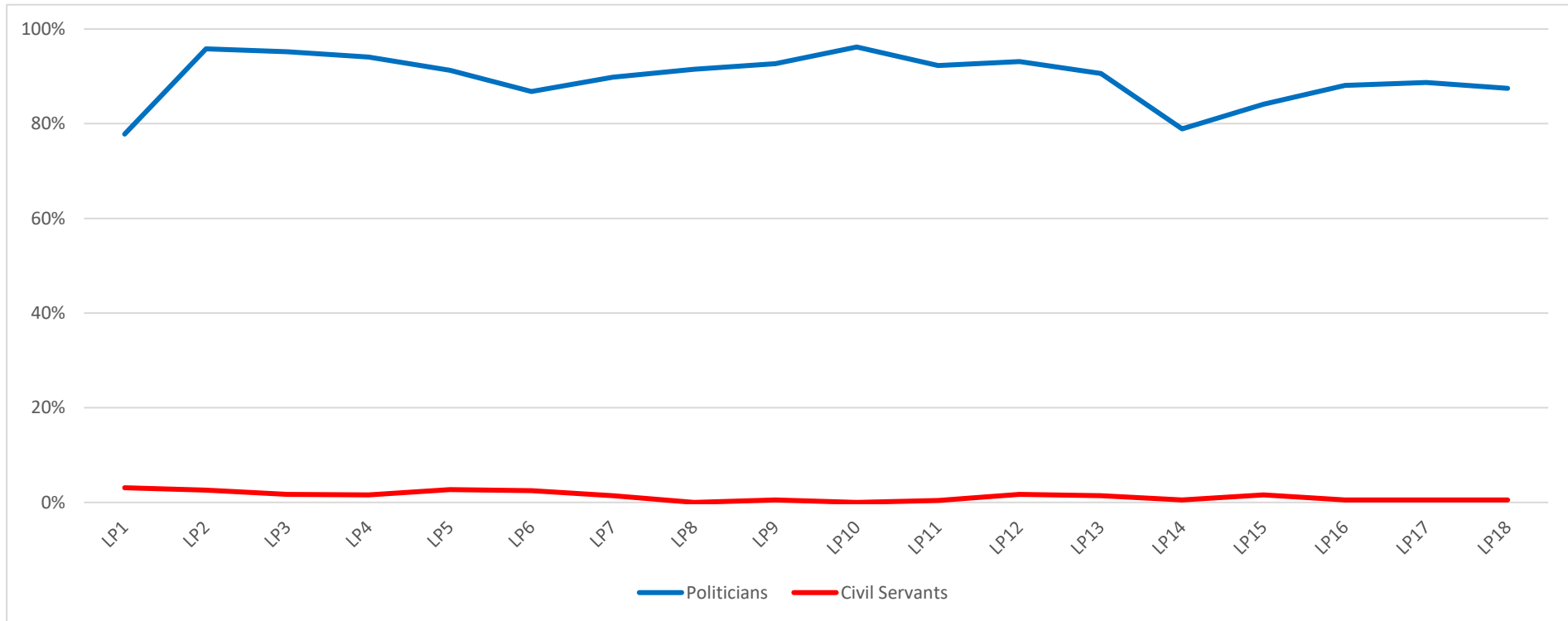
## 7.4 Mandate at the State/District Level Prior to Elite Entry



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	66,7	66,7	47,6	29,4	32,6	36,8	26,5	14,9	19,5	22,6	15,4	18,1	26,4	35,1	47,7	20,3	26,4	21,4
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,3	3,6	1,5	1,9	1,5	0,5	0,5	1,3	1,2	2,3	2,3	2,1	0,5	0,0	0,5
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (%)</b>	10,8	11,7	8,3	7,4	8,5	7,2	6,5	4,0	5,7	5,0	4,5	5,1	7,0	9,2	10,7	4,7	5,1	4,8

## 7.5 Mandate at Federal Level

Recorded are political mandates at the federal level that an elite member held before entering the elite position or assumed upon entering the elite position.



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	77,8	95,8	95,2	94,1	91,3	86,8	89,8	91,5	92,7	96,2	92,3	93,1	90,6	78,9	84,1	88,1	88,7	87,5
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	49	47	82	53	65	72	53	57	44	59	53	56
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	3,1	2,6	1,7	1,6	2,7	2,5	1,4	0,0	0,5	0,0	0,4	1,7	1,4	0,5	1,6	0,5	0,5	0,5
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	198	215	206	217	210	224	242	219	213	189	219	221	216
<b>Total (%)</b>	12,2	15,0	11,8	16,0	17,7	16,1	17,8	17,0	25,8	19,4	21,1	22,7	18,8	17,1	17,2	19,1	17,6	18,4

## 8 System References to the German Empire

Positive or negative "system references" are all personal characteristics or actions that allow statements about support for or opposition to a political system. Formal positive references to the German Empire include positions in the political and administrative sectors of the empire and affiliation with the nobility and the military.

The analyses of system references to the Empire include all elite members born before November 9, 1908.

### 8.1 Previous Positions in the Political or Administrative Sectors of the German Empire

In contrast to the other analyses of the German Empire, the population for this analysis includes only those individuals who were of an age that made them eligible to work (15 years and older) at the time of the Empire.

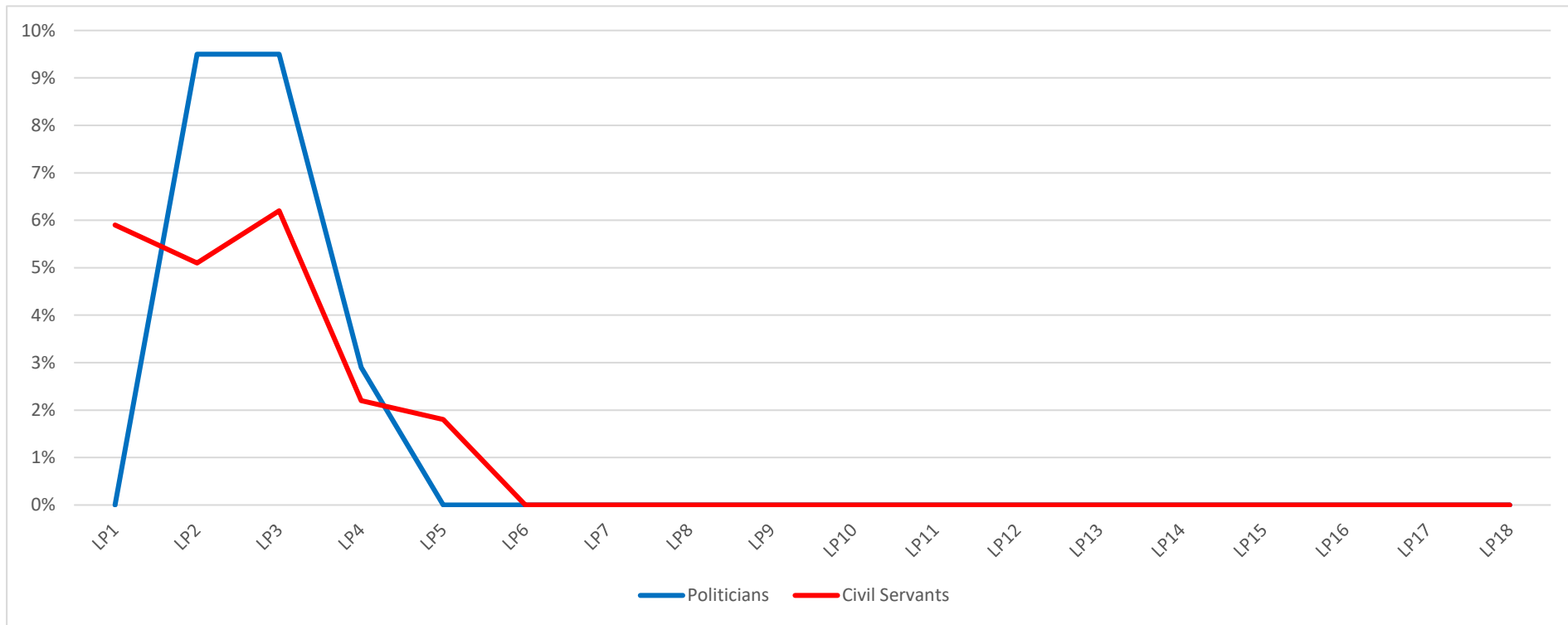
#### Politicians

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	11,8	6,3	7,7	7,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Public Administration</b>	29,4	12,5	15,4	7,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	17	16	13	13	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Civil Servants

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Public Administration</b>	9,2	3,9	1,2	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	98	103	86	61	28	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## 8.2 Affiliation with the Nobility



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	0,0	9,5	11,8	5,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	21	17	17	13	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	5,9	5,1	6,2	2,2	1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	118	138	146	138	113	44	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	5,1	5,7	6,5	2,3	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

### 8.3 Highest Military Rank

The population to which the following data refers are those individuals for whom it is known that they were members of the military in the German Empire.

#### Politicians

Politicians	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
No Soldier/Unknown	50,0	52,4	58,8	52,9	53,8	75,0	50,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Squad	5,6	4,8	11,8	11,8	7,7	25,0	50,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Non-Commissioned Officer	11,1	4,8	11,8	5,9	15,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Commissioned Officer	16,7	23,8	11,8	11,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
General	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Rank Unknown	16,7	14,3	5,9	17,6	23,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
N	18	21	17	17	13	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Civil Servants

Civil Servants	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
No Soldier/Unknown	54,2	59,4	69,9	84,1	98,2	100	100	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Squad	4,2	2,2	1,4	0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Non-Commissioned Officer	3,4	3,6	4,1	3,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Commissioned Officer	18,6	16,7	9,6	3,6	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
General	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Rank Unknown	19,5	18,1	15,1	8,0	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
N	118	138	146	138	113	44	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## 9 System References to the Weimar Republic

The following tables show system references to the Weimar Republic. Here, all elite members born before 30.01.1923 were included.

### 9.1 Previous Positions in the Political or Administrative Sectors of the Weimar Republic

In contrast to the other analyses of the Weimar Republic, only those individuals who were of an age that made them eligible to work (15 years and older) at the time of the Weimar Republic are included in the population for this analysis.

#### Politicians

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	17,6	6,3	7,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Public Administration</b>	29,4	18,8	23,1	7,7	0,0	50,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	17	16	13	13	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Civil Servants

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	1,0	1,0	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Publ. Administration</b>	73,5	70,9	73,3	80,3	85,7	100	100	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	98	103	86	61	28	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## 9.2 Member of a Democratic Paramilitary Association

Counted as a democratic paramilitary association are, for example, the *Reichsbanner Schwarz-Rot-Gold* (Black, Red, Gold Banner of the Reich), the *Jungbanner Schwarz-Rot-Gold* (Young Black, Red, Gold Banner of the Reich) and the *Bayernwacht* (Bavaria Guard).

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	16,7	8,3	4,8	6,1	5,3	11,1	17,6	10,0	11,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	33	38	18	17	10	9	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	1,5	0,6	0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	209	144	109	61	44	29	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	3,3	1,6	1,1	0,9	0,8	1,4	4,0	1,4	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

## 9.3 Member of a Right-wing Paramilitary Association

Right-wing paramilitary associations include, for example, the *Bund Reichskriegsflagge* (Imperial War Flag Society), the *Organisation Consul* (Consul Organisation), the *Bund Wiking* (Viking League) and the *Stahlhelm* (The Steel Helmet).

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	0,0	4,2	14,3	3,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	33	38	18	17	10	9	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	1,5	2,6	2,9	2,7	2,4	0,7	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	209	144	109	61	44	29	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	1,3	2,8	4,1	2,7	2,0	0,6	0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

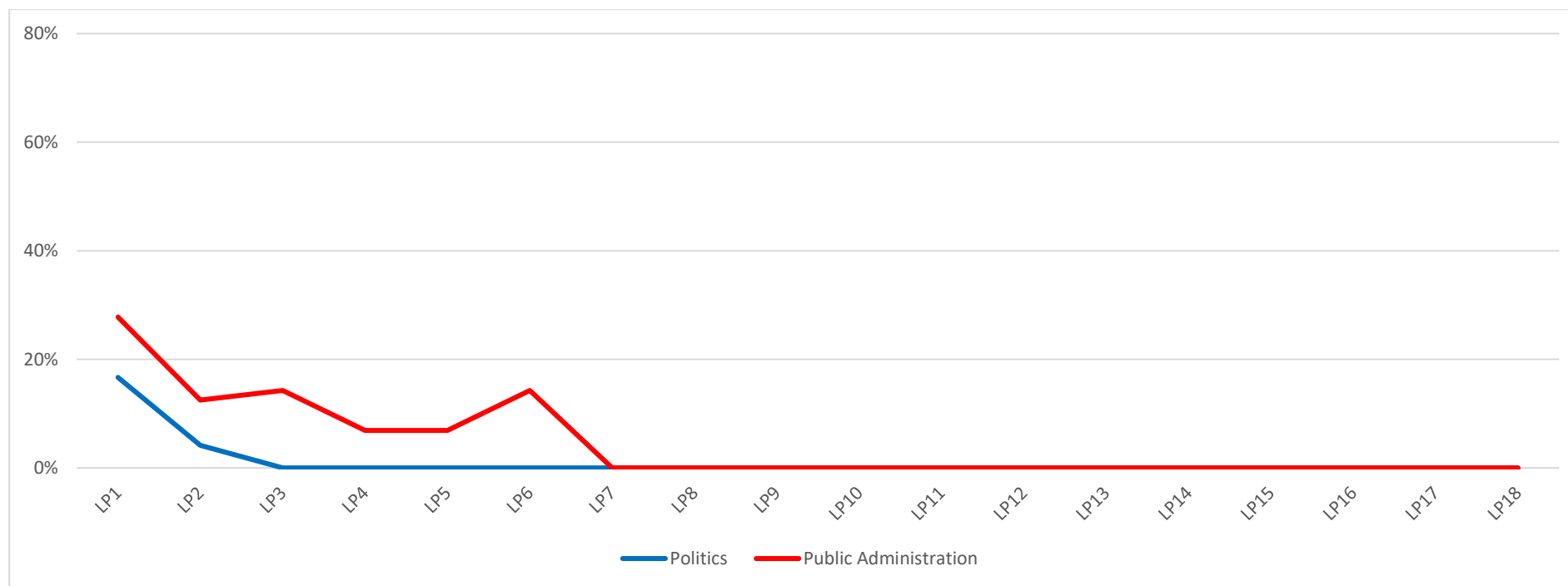
## 10 System References to the National Socialist Regime

The following tables show system references to the National Socialist Regime. The analyses include all elite members born before May 8, 1935.

### 10.1 Previous Positions in the Political or Administrative Sectors within the National Socialist Regime

In contrast to the other analyses of the National Socialist Regime, only those individuals who were of an age that made them eligible to work (15 years and older) at the time of the National Socialist Regime are included in the population for this analysis.

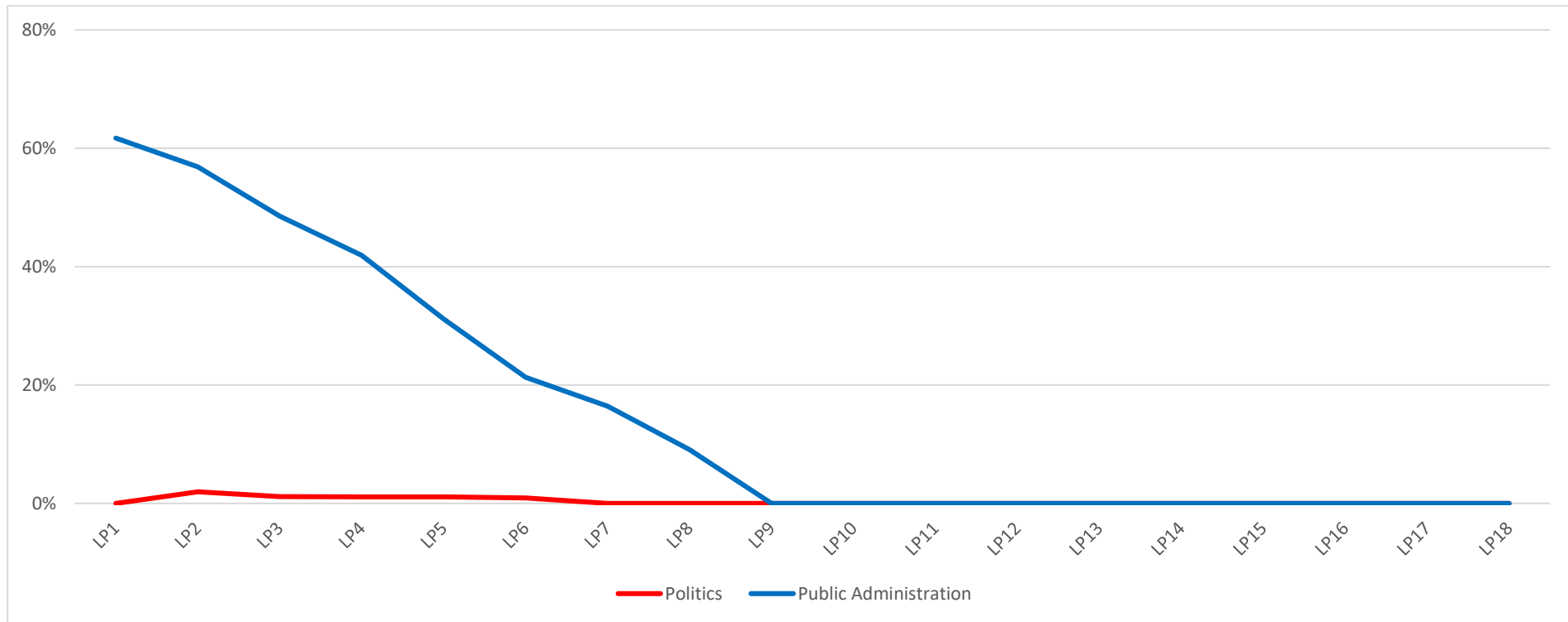
#### Politicians



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	16,7	4,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Public Administration</b>	27,8	12,5	14,3	6,9	6,9	14,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	29	29	14	10	4	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



## Civil Servants



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Politics</b>	0,0	2,0	1,2	1,1	1,1	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Public Administration</b>	61,7	56,9	48,5	41,9	31,1	21,3	16,4	9,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	128	153	171	179	183	108	67	22	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## 10.2 Highest Rank in the *Wehrmacht* (Armed Forces of Nazi Germany)

The population, to which the following data refers, are those individuals for whom it was clearly evident from the examined sources that they were members of the *Wehrmacht*. If membership in the *Wehrmacht* could not be clearly proven, these individuals were not included here. The small number of individuals included, especially in the early legislative periods can, therefore, be attributed to insufficient sources.

### Politicians

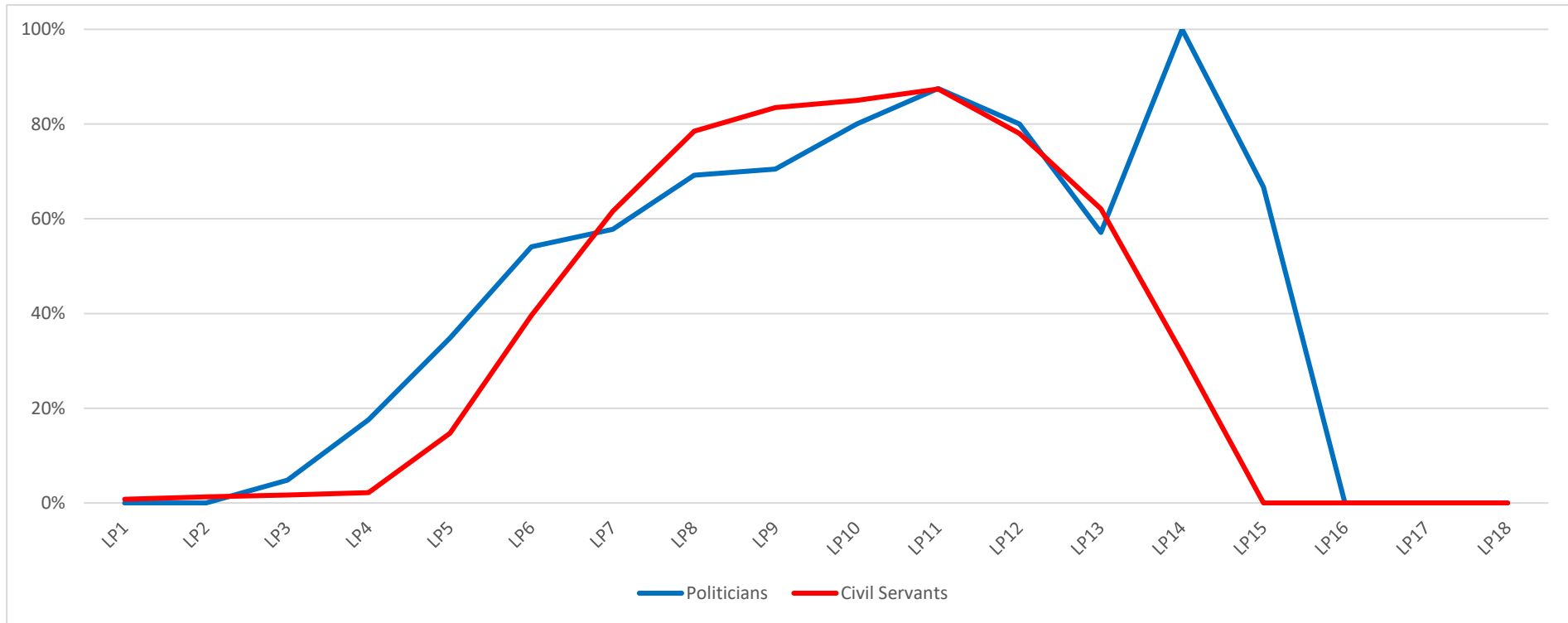
	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Soldier/ Unknown</b>	83,3	70,8	57,1	32,4	28,3	37,8	37,8	46,2	63,9	62,5	78,1	80,0	100	100	100	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Enlisted Man</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,9	13,0	13,5	11,1	10,3	8,2	15,0	6,3	10,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Non-Commis- sioned Officer</b>	5,6	4,2	4,8	5,9	10,9	5,4	6,7	7,7	4,9	7,5	3,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Officer</b>	0,0	20,8	33,3	47,1	32,6	13,5	11,1	10,3	8,2	7,5	6,3	5,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>General</b>	5,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Rank Unknown</b>	5,6	4,2	4,8	11,8	15,2	29,7	31,1	25,6	14,8	7,5	6,3	5,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	37	45	39	61	40	32	20	7	3	3	0	0	0

### Civil Servants

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>No Soldier/ Unkown</b>	73,8	60,3	54,3	51,1	47,1	38,1	41,7	46,2	53,0	54,0	69,5	86,4	98,5	100	100	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Enlisted Man</b>	2,3	3,2	2,3	2,7	3,6	5,6	6,6	7,2	8,0	9,6	8,0	3,8	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Non-Commis- sioned Officer</b>	1,5	4,5	4,0	4,3	2,7	4,1	3,3	3,6	3,0	2,7	1,1	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Officer</b>	13,8	16,7	20,2	21,7	23,1	20,8	16,6	10,3	6,5	3,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>General</b>	0,0	3,2	3,5	2,2	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Rank Unknown</b>	8,5	12,2	15,6	17,9	22,7	31,5	31,8	32,8	29,5	30,5	21,3	8,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	197	211	195	200	187	174	132	66	19	3	0	0	0

### 10.3 Member of a Youth Organisation

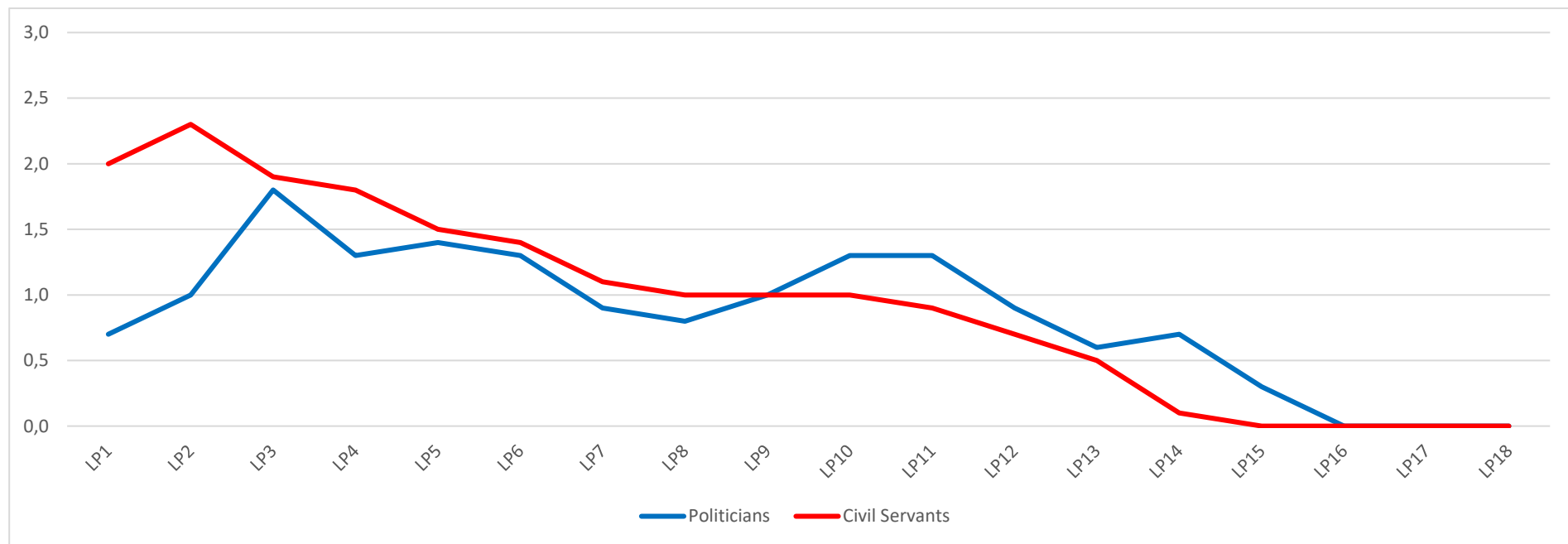
Youth organisations under the National Socialist Regime include, for example, the *Bund Deutscher Mädel* (League of German Girls), the *Deutsche Jungvolk* (German Youngsters) or the *Hitlerjugend* (Hitler Youth).



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	0,0	0,0	4,8	17,6	34,8	54,1	57,8	69,2	70,5	80,0	87,5	80,0	57,1	100	66,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	37	45	39	61	40	32	20	7	3	3	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	0,8	1,3	1,7	2,2	14,7	39,6	61,6	78,5	83,5	85,0	87,4	78,0	62,1	31,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	197	211	195	200	187	174	132	66	19	3	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	0,7	1,1	2,0	4,6	18,1	41,9	60,9	77,0	80,5	84,1	87,4	78,3	61,6	40,9	33,4	0,0	0,0	0,0

## 10.4 Average Number of Organization Memberships under the National Socialist Regime

The organizations included here are comprised of business organizations such as the *Werberat der Deutschen Wirtschaft* (Advertising Council of German Business), technical organizations such as the *Reichsarbeitsdienst* (Reich Labor Service), welfare organizations such as the *NS-Kriegsopferversorgung* (National Socialist War Victims' Service), professional and estate associations such as the *Bund Nationalsozialistischer Juristen* (Association of National Socialist Lawyers), research institutes such as the *Antikomintern* (Anti-Comintern), women's organizations such as the *Deutsche Frauenwerk* (German Women Association), emergency services such as the *Reichsluftschutzbund* (National Air Raid Protection League), religious organizations such as the *Deutsche Christen* (German Christians), remembrance communities such as the *NS-Altherrenbund* (National Socialist League of Alumni) and propaganda organizations such as the *Deutsche Fichte-Bund* (German Fichte Federation).



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (x̄)</b>	0,7	1	1,8	1,3	1,4	1,3	0,9	0,8	1,0	1,3	1,3	0,9	0,6	0,7	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	37	45	39	61	40	32	20	7	3	3	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (x̄)</b>	2,0	2,3	1,9	1,8	1,5	1,4	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,0	0,9	0,7	0,5	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	173	184	225	197	211	195	200	187	174	132	66	19	3	0	0	0
<b>Total (x̄)</b>	1,8	2,1	1,9	1,7	1,5	1,4	1,1	1,0	1,0	1,1	1,0	0,7	0,5	0,2	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

## 10.5 Positive Material References to the National Socialist Regime

Positive material references to the system are attributed to an individual if it could be deduced from the sources consulted that the individual in question had taken a positive position on the National Socialist Regime, for example in a public speech or in private correspondence, or had carried out system-supporting actions. System-supporting acts are divided into non-violent acts, such as initiating a corresponding association, passing on relevant information or participating in demonstrations of power, such as book burnings, and violent acts, such as violently preventing acts of resistance and participating in pogroms.

### Politicians

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Statements</b>	5,6	4,2	4,8	2,9	2,2	5,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Non-violent Acts</b>	5,6	4,2	0,0	8,8	13,0	10,5	4,1	2,1	1,2	5,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Violent Acts</b>	5,6	8,3	4,8	2,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	37	45	39	61	40	32	20	7	3	3	0	0	0

### Civil Servants

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Statements</b>	6,9	9,6	11,6	7,1	8,9	5,6	2,3	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Non-violent Acts</b>	5,4	6,4	4,0	7,1	6,7	6,1	3,7	2,4	1,8	1,4	0,9	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Violent Acts</b>	1,5	1,9	1,7	2,7	3,6	2,5	1,9	1,0	1,8	1,9	0,9	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	197	211	195	200	187	174	132	66	19	3	0	0	0

## 10.6 Negative Material References to the National Socialist Regime

Negative material references to the system are attributed to an individual if it could be deduced from the sources consulted that the individual in question took a negative position on the National Socialist Regime or explicitly criticized it, for example in a public speech or in private correspondence, or took part in acts of resistance. Analogous to the positive system references, acts of resistance are divided into non-violent acts, such as initiating associations critical of the system, an act of protest or support for persecuted persons, and violent acts of resistance, such as participation in an assassination.

### Politicians

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Statements</b>	16,7	16,7	14,3	5,9	10,9	5,3	4,1	2,1	2,4	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Non-violent Acts</b>	33,3	12,5	14,3	8,8	6,5	7,9	6,1	2,1	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Violent Acts</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	18	24	21	34	46	37	45	39	61	40	32	20	7	3	3	0	0	0

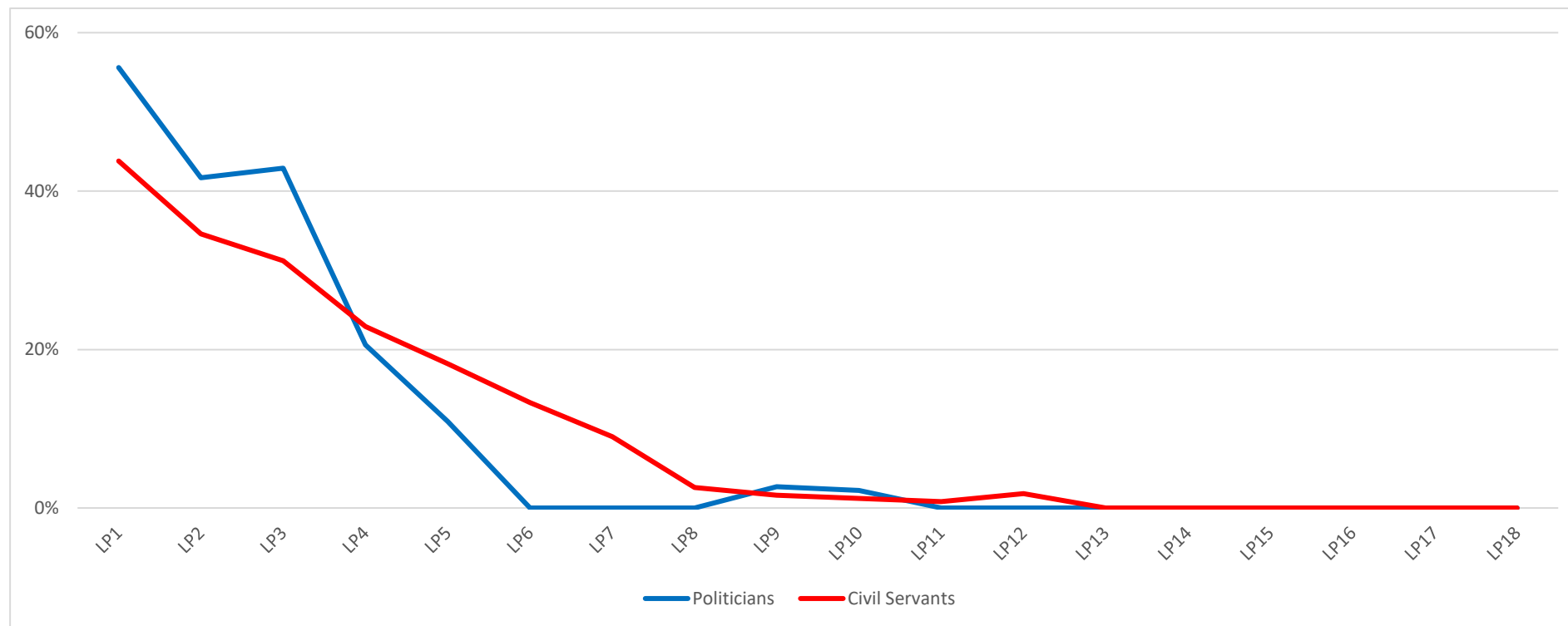
### Civil Servants

	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
<b>Statements</b>	6,2	5,1	4,6	2,7	1,8	2,5	5,0	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Non-violent Acts</b>	6,9	5,1	6,9	4,9	4,0	2,0	0,9	1,0	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Violent Acts</b>	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>N</b>	130	156	173	184	225	197	211	195	200	187	174	132	66	19	3	0	0	0

## 11 Period of Occupation 1945–1990

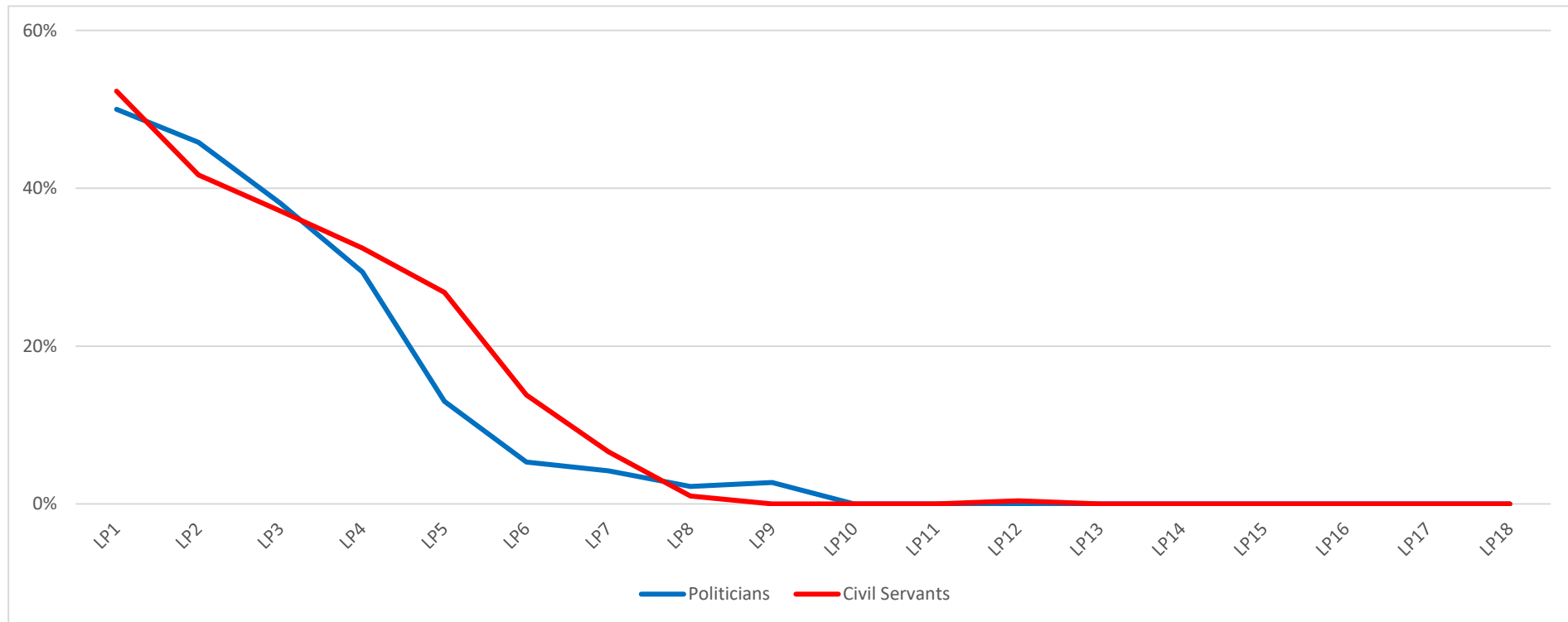
In these variables, cooperation with the occupying forces was recorded. For this purpose, only persons who were of an age that made them eligible to work (15 years and older) between 1945 and 1949 were recorded.

### 11.1 Cooperation with the Occupying Force USA



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	55,6	41,7	42,9	20,6	10,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	2,7	2,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	48	45	75	46	44	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	43,8	34,6	31,2	22,9	18,2	13,3	9,0	2,6	1,6	1,2	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	170	179	220	195	211	193	189	165	124	57	12	3	2	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	45,2	35,5	32,5	22,5	16,9	11,1	7,3	2,1	1,9	1,4	0,6	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

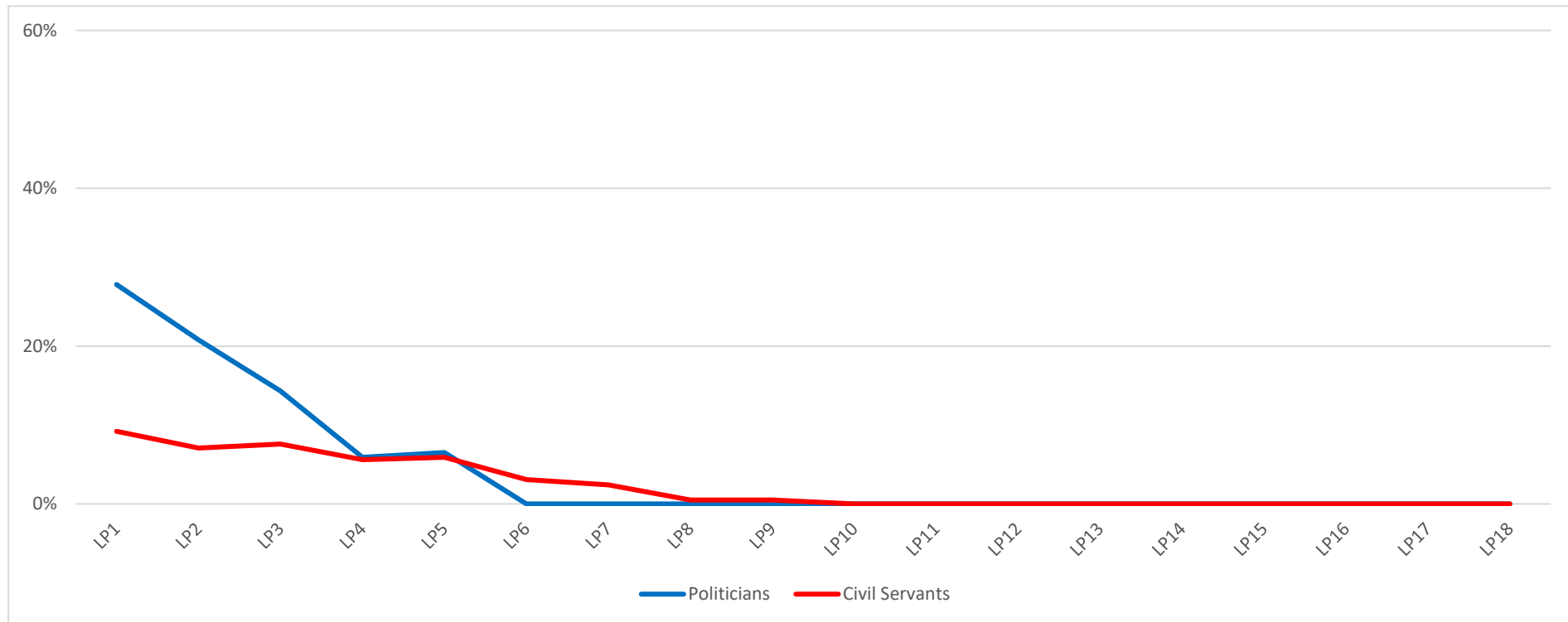
## 11.2 Cooperation with the Occupying Force Great Britain



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	50,0	45,8	38,1	29,4	13,0	5,3	4,2	2,2	2,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	48	45	75	46	44	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	52,3	41,7	37,1	32,4	26,8	13,8	6,6	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	170	179	220	195	211	193	189	165	124	57	12	3	2	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	52,0	42,2	37,2	31,9	24,4	12,4	6,2	1,2	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

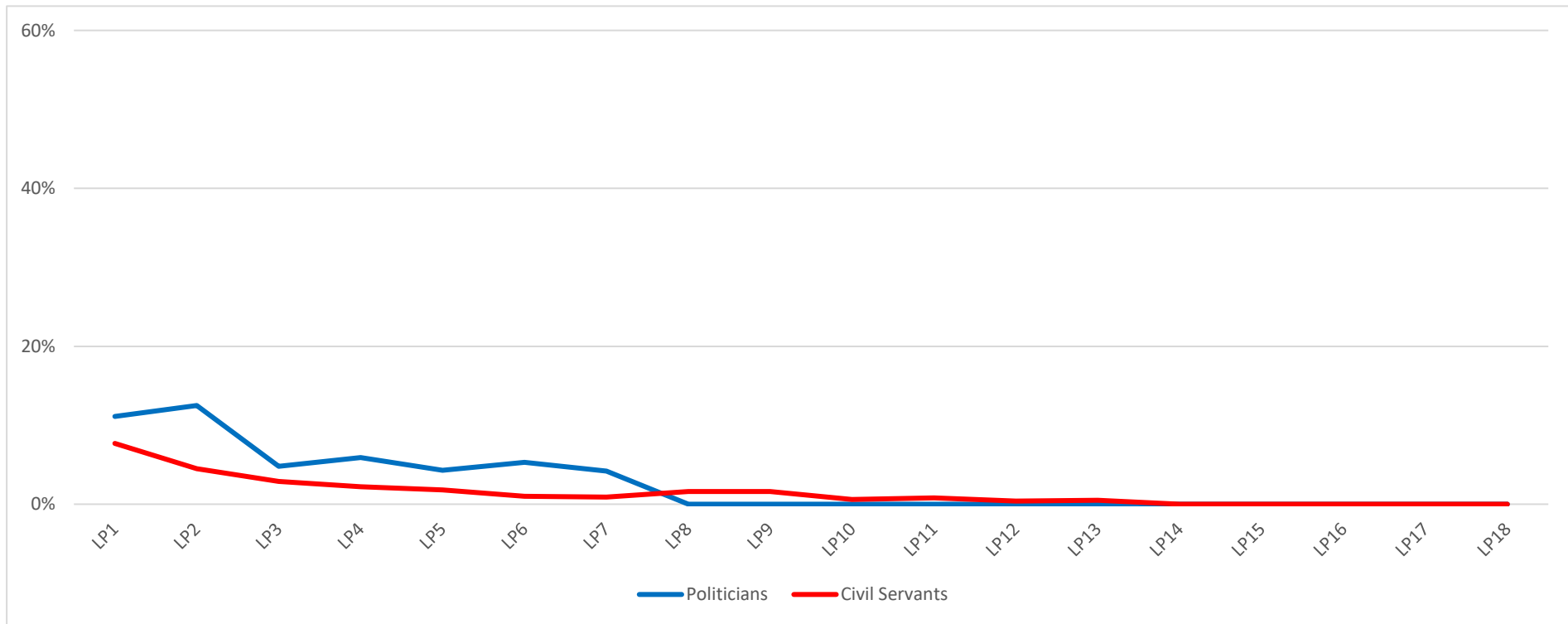


### 11.3 Cooperation with the Occupying Force France



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	27,8	20,8	14,3	5,9	6,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	48	45	75	46	44	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	9,2	7,1	7,6	5,6	5,9	3,1	2,4	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	170	179	220	195	211	193	189	165	124	57	12	3	2	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	11,5	8,9	8,3	5,6	6,0	2,6	2,0	0,4	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

## 11.4 Cooperation with the Occupying Force Soviet Union



	LP1	LP2	LP3	LP4	LP5	LP6	LP7	LP8	LP9	LP10	LP11	LP12	LP13	LP14	LP15	LP16	LP17	LP18
<b>Politicians (%)</b>	11,1	12,5	4,8	5,9	4,3	5,3	4,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Politicians (N)</b>	18	24	21	34	46	38	48	45	75	46	44	10	1	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Civil Servants (%)</b>	7,7	4,5	2,9	2,2	1,8	1,0	0,9	1,6	1,6	0,6	0,8	0,4	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Civil Servants (N)</b>	130	156	170	179	220	195	211	193	189	165	124	57	12	3	2	0	0	0
<b>Total (%)</b>	8,1	5,6	3,1	2,8	2,2	1,7	1,5	1,3	1,1	0,5	0,6	0,3	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

## 12 Series Overview

Following the same systematic approach, there are further *Data Reports on Elite Studies by the Chair of Public Management at the University of Kassel* (in German language) on the key dates September 1, 1913, 1920, 1927, 1934, 1939 and 1944, as well as on the terms of office of the eight chancellors of the FRG until 2018 and the six terms of office of the prime minister or the chairmen of the Council of Ministers of the GDR. These data reports are supplemented by the present time series data report on the FRG and a similar time series data report on the GDR. An overview of all data reports can be found here:

**Band 1** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite des Deutschen Kaiserreichs am 1. September 1913

**Band 2** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der Weimarer Republik am 1. September 1920

**Band 3** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der Weimarer Republik am 1. September 1927

**Band 4** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite im Nationalsozialismus am 1. September 1934

**Band 5** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite im Nationalsozialismus am 1. September 1939

**Band 6** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite im Nationalsozialismus am 1. September 1944

**Band 7** Die Politische Elite der DDR von 1949 bis 1990

**Band 8** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der DDR unter Otto Grotewohl (1949-1964)

**Band 9** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der DDR unter Willi Stoph I (1964-1973)

**Band 10** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der DDR unter Horst Sindermann (1973-1976)

**Band 11** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der DDR unter Willi Stoph II (1976-1989)

**Band 12** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der DDR unter Hans Modrow (1989-1990)

**Band 13** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der DDR unter Lothar de Maizière (1990)

**Band 14** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD von 1949 bis 1990

**Band 15** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD von 1949 bis 2017

**Band 16** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Konrad Adenauer (1949-1963)

**Band 17** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Ludwig Erhard (1963-1966)

**Band 18** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Kurt Georg Kiesinger (1966-1969)

**Band 19** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Willi Brandt (1969-1974)

**Band 20** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Helmut Schmidt (1974-1982)

**Band 21** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Helmut Kohl (1982-1998)

**Band 22** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Gerhard Schröder (1998-2005)

**Band 23** Die Politisch-Administrative Elite der BRD unter Angela Merkel (2005-2018)

**Band 24** The Political Elite in the GDR from 1949 to 1990

**Band 25** The Political-Administrative Elite of the FRG from 1949 to 2017

Volumes 1 to 7 and 14 to 25 are available free of charge via the document server of the University of Kassel (KOBRA, see <https://www.uni-kassel.de/fb07/ibwl/pm/forschung/forschungsprojekte/dis-continuities-of-german-ministries-in-system-transformations>). Volumes 8 to 13 will be published via KOBRA at a later date, as further research on individuals and archival work is necessary to complete the data on the administrative elite.

## 13 Contact

If any questions about the research project and the publications should arise, please do not hesitate to contact Prof. Dr. Sylvia Veit using the following contact details:

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